

Towards CP violation results from DØ



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This talk:

- Progress on CP violation measurements
- Expectations



Why do B-physics at the Tevatron?

- Producing large numbers of $b\bar{b}$ pairs:
 - $\sigma(p\bar{p} \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = 1.5 \cdot 10^5 \text{ nb @ } 2\text{TeV}$
 - $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = 7 \text{ nb}$
 - $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow Y(4S) \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = 1 \text{ nb}$



- Expect 10^{10} $b\bar{b}$ pairs/year at $4 \cdot 10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
 - fragmenting into all B-species: $B_d, B_u, B_s, \Lambda_b, \dots$
- But: much higher backgrounds, need more sophisticated triggering/event selection



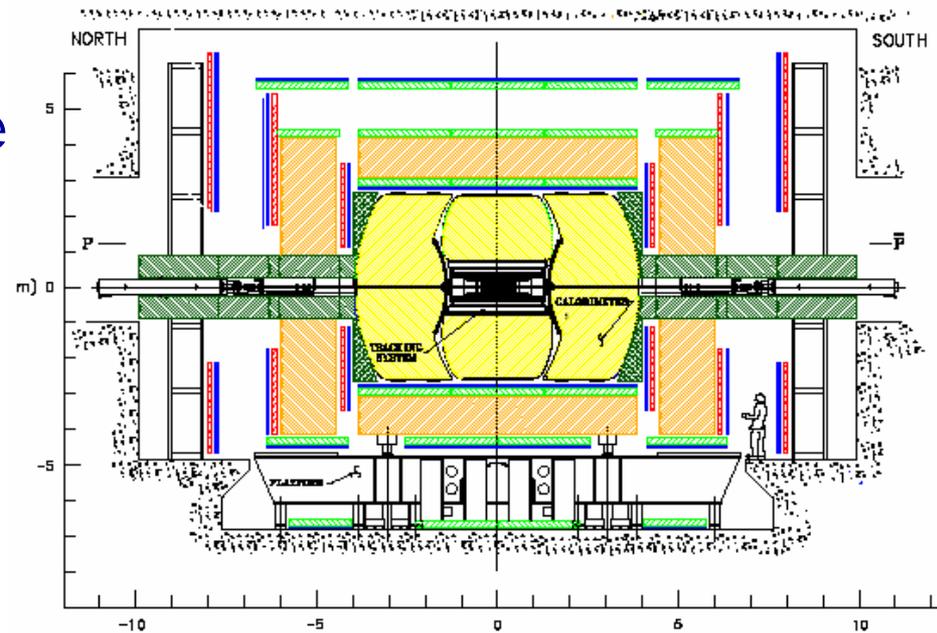
Rich B-physics menu

- cross-sections: improve precision and extend p_T -range over Run I
- B hadron spectroscopy: study and discovery of new particles: B_c , Ξ_b , Ω_b , ...
- Many CP violation measurements possible
 - CKM angles from decays like
 - $B_d \rightarrow J/\psi K_S$
 - $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$
 - Mixing measurements: B_s , B_d



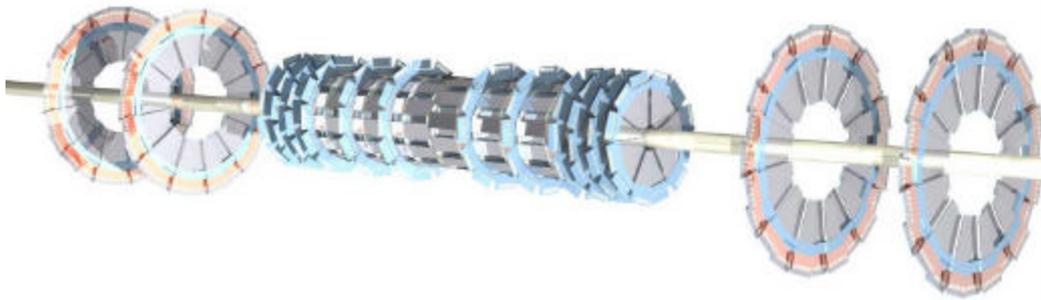
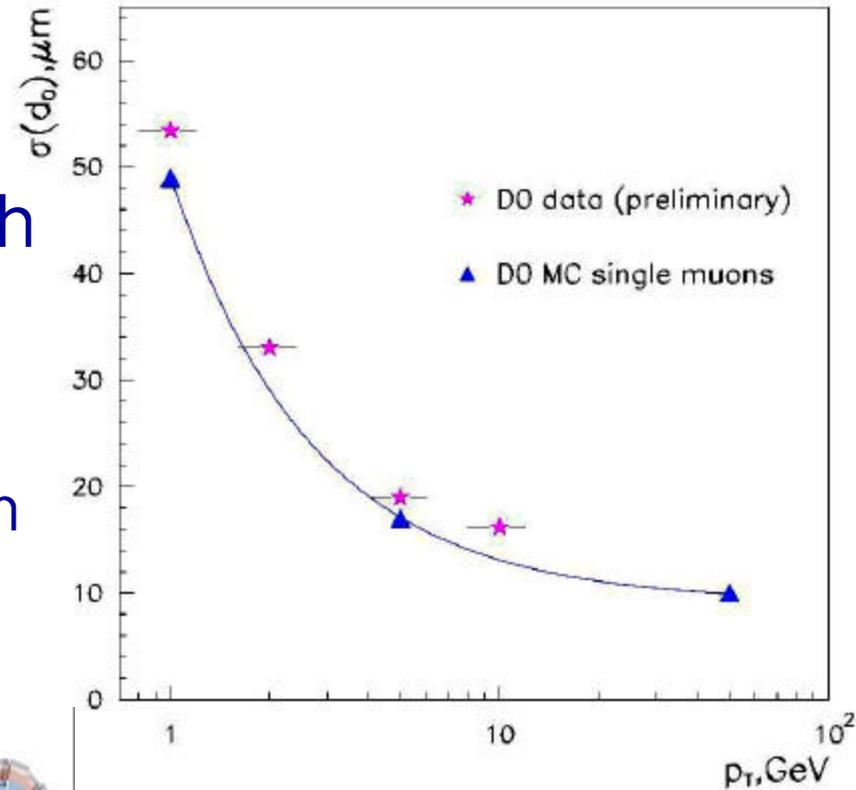
Performance of DØ

- Silicon Microstrip Tracker (SMT): 91% operational
- Central Fiber Tracker (CFT): 99% operational
- Calorimeter: 99.9% operational
- Muon system 99.5% operational
 - over entire rapidity range
- Over past year, running efficiency greatly improved
 - taking data at 50 Hz
 - June '03 average 88%



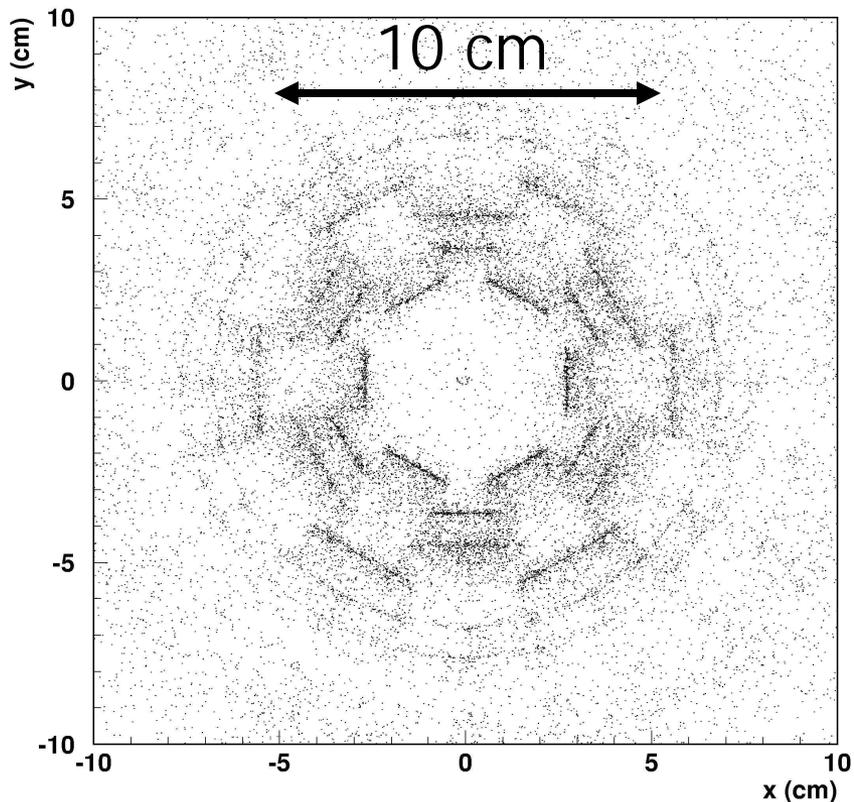
Tracker performance

- Distance of closest approach (DCA): resolution closing in on MC
 - At $p_T=1$ GeV, $\sigma(\text{DCA})=53 \mu\text{m}$
 - Better for higher p_T

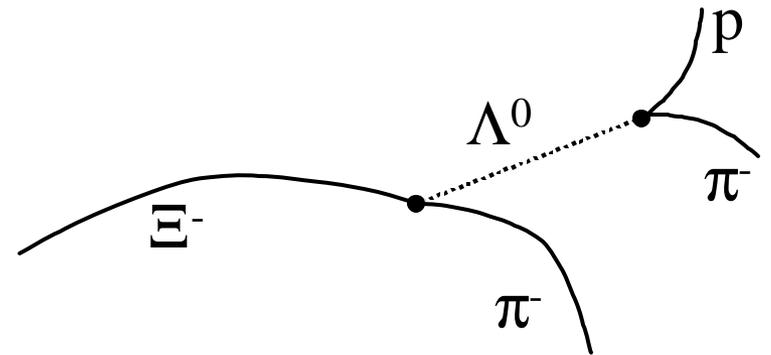


Tracker feats

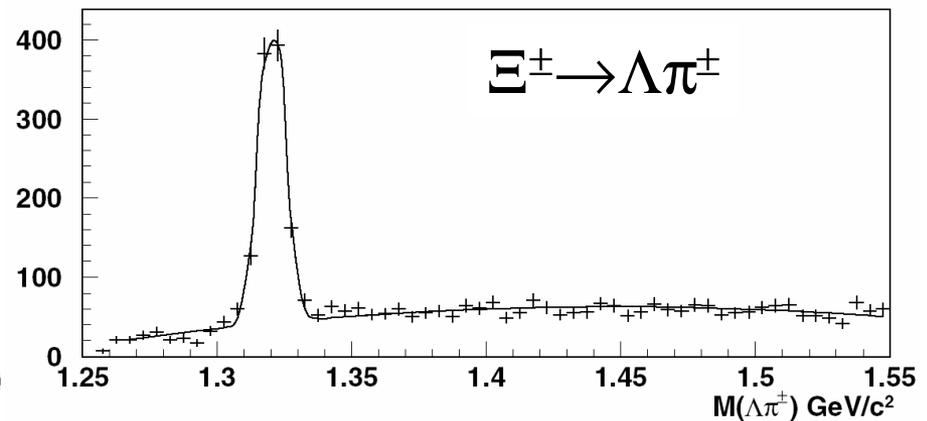
- photon conversions:



- Ξ^- decay:

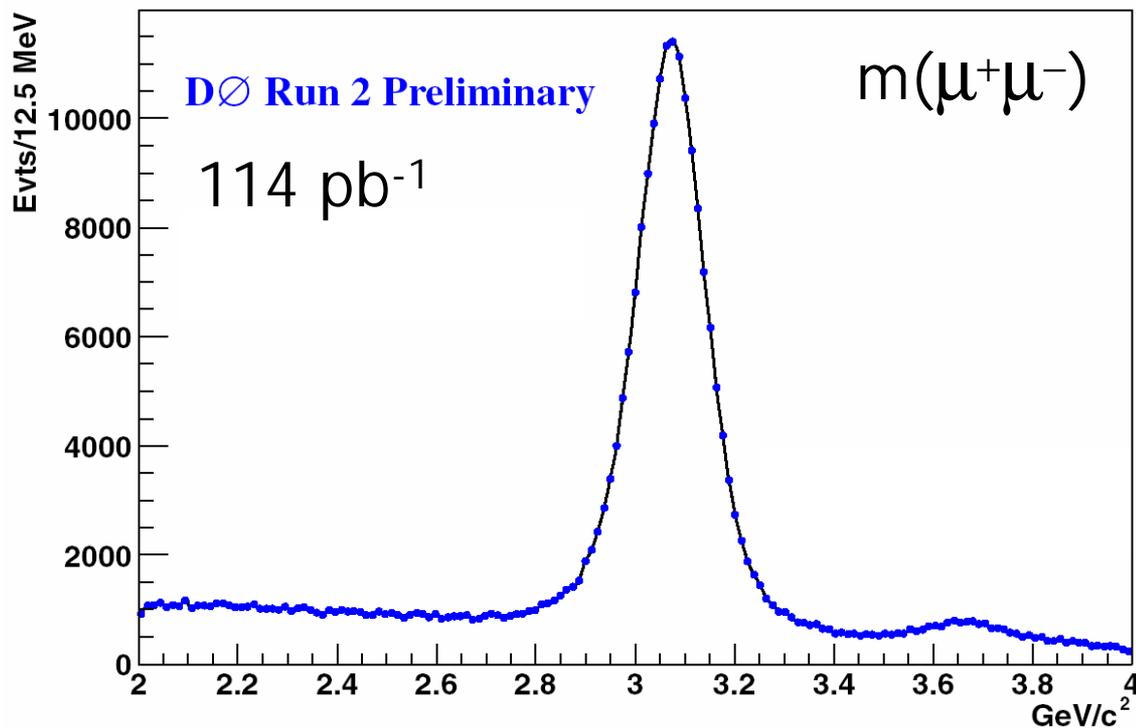


D0 RunII Preliminary



Today's B sample

- 114 pb⁻¹ taken with dimuon trigger
 - requires muon scintillator coincidence at L1
- At the Tevatron, a J/ψ trigger yields a lot of B's: 15-20%



All J/ψ modes suffer from (implicit) $|p|$ cut in L1 muon trigger

Awaiting trigger completion (see later slides)

- Current baseline Tevatron plan: 2 fb⁻¹ at the end of 2005

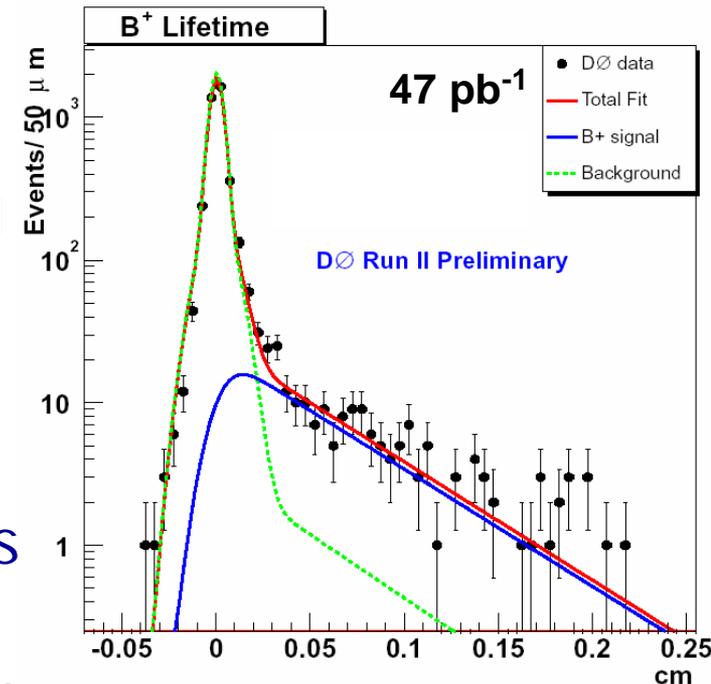
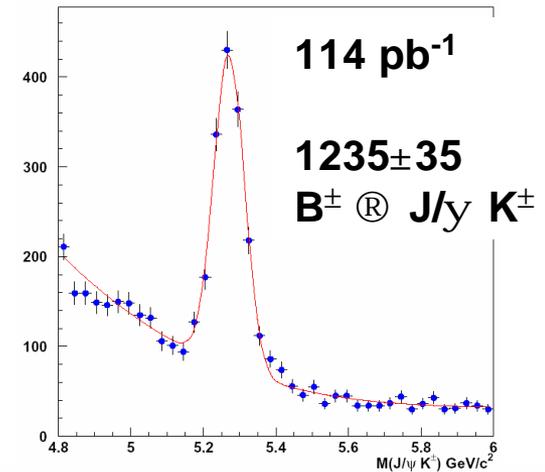


Baseline lifetime measurement:

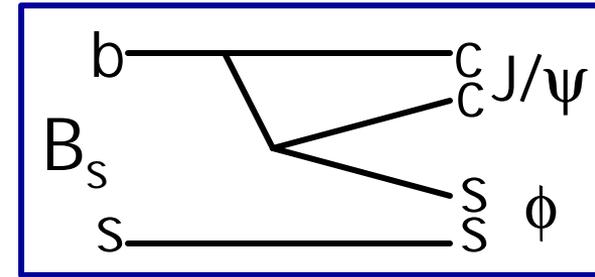
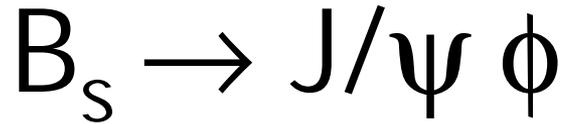
$$B^{\pm} \rightarrow J/\psi K^{\pm}$$

- Combining J/ψ and one track
 - we have only limited K/π separation using dE/dx from the SMT
- Lifetime fit to $c\tau$ distribution, use
 - Gaussian for combinatorics
 - exp. convoluted with Gaussian for B bkg
 - exp. convoluted with Gaussian for B^+ signal
- Result: $\langle\tau\rangle = 1.761 \pm 0.24$ (stat) ps
- Compare PDG: $\langle\tau\rangle = 1.671 \pm 0.018$ ps

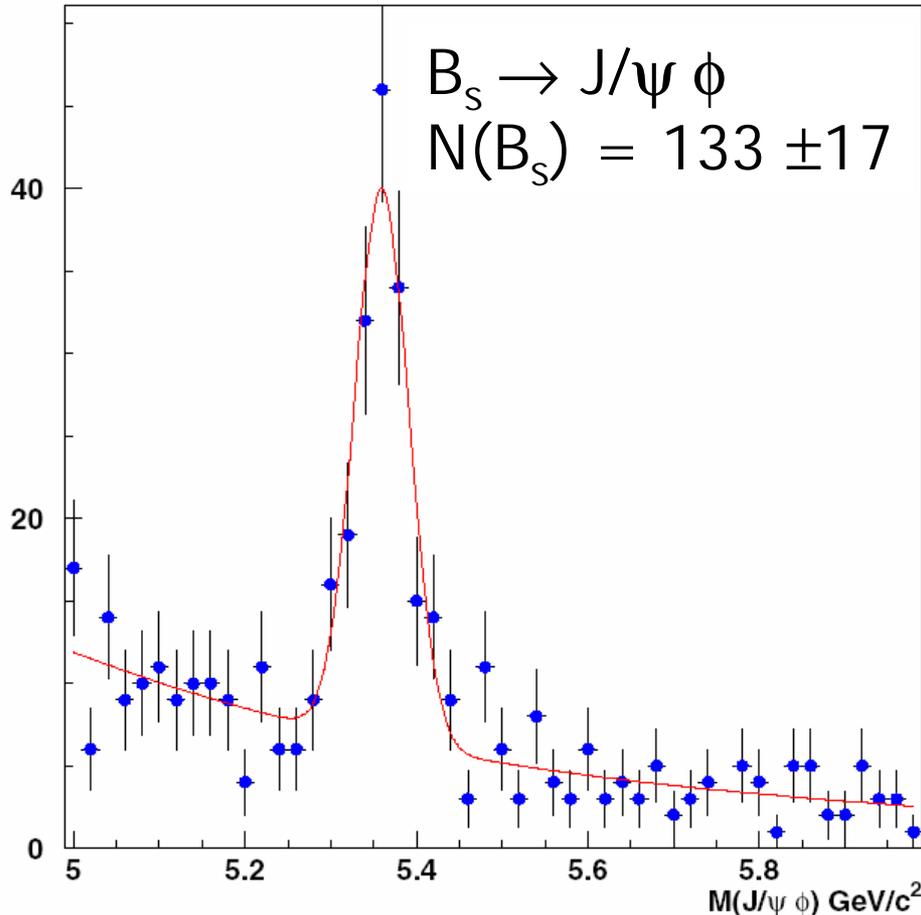
D0 RunII Preliminary, Luminosity=114 pb⁻¹



Decays for CKM angles:



D0 RunII Preliminary, Luminosity=114 pb⁻¹



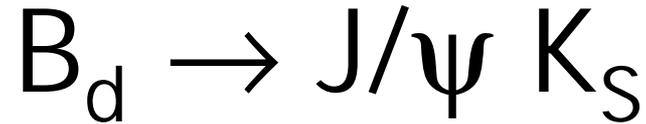
- CP violation in this channel allows measurement of CKM angle β_s

$$\beta_s \equiv \arg \left(-\frac{V_{ts} V_{tb}^*}{V_{cs} V_{cb}^*} \right)$$

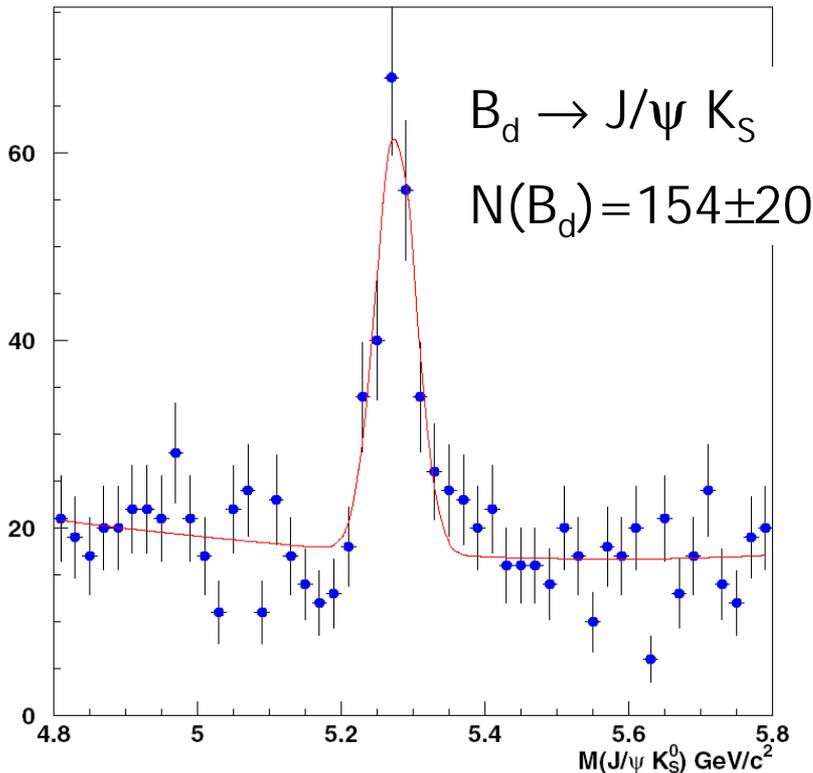
- Effect expected to be small (few %), but directly proportional to η (Wolfenstein param.)
- Lifetime fits are in progress
 - see LeptonPhoton03 !



Decays for CKM angles:



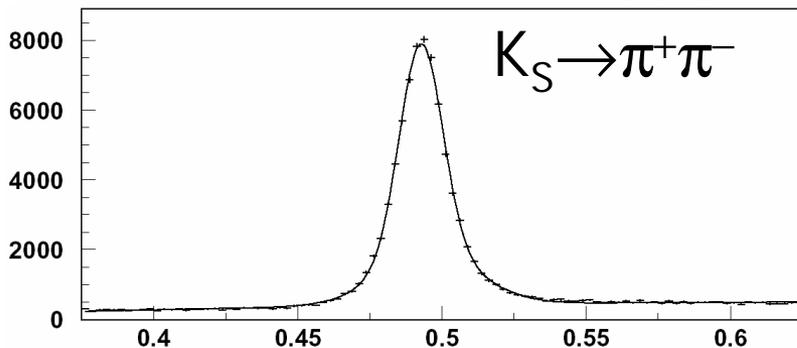
D0 RunII Preliminary, Luminosity = 114 pb⁻¹



- B_d mass formed from mass-constrained K_S and J/ψ

$$\sin(2\beta) = \frac{A(B_d) - A(\overline{B}_d)}{A(B_d) + A(\overline{B}_d)}$$

- Accurate measurement requires:
 - initial-flavour tagging
 - trigger completion



Initial Flavour Tagging

- Jet charge tag: sum of charge of tracks in opposite-side jet
- Soft muon tag: use opposite-side muon charge
- Using exclusively reconstructed $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$ sample

		jet charge	soft muon	Same-side tag being worked on
signal + bkg	<u>Results using 47 pb⁻¹</u>			
	# events	181	218	
	# correct tags	66	13	
for B signal	# wrong tags	48	5	
	efficiency ε [%]	55.1 ± 4.1	8.2 ± 2.2	
	dilution D [%]	21.0 ± 10.6	63.9 ± 30.1	
	tagging power εD^2 [%]	2.4 ± 1.7	3.3 ± 1.8	

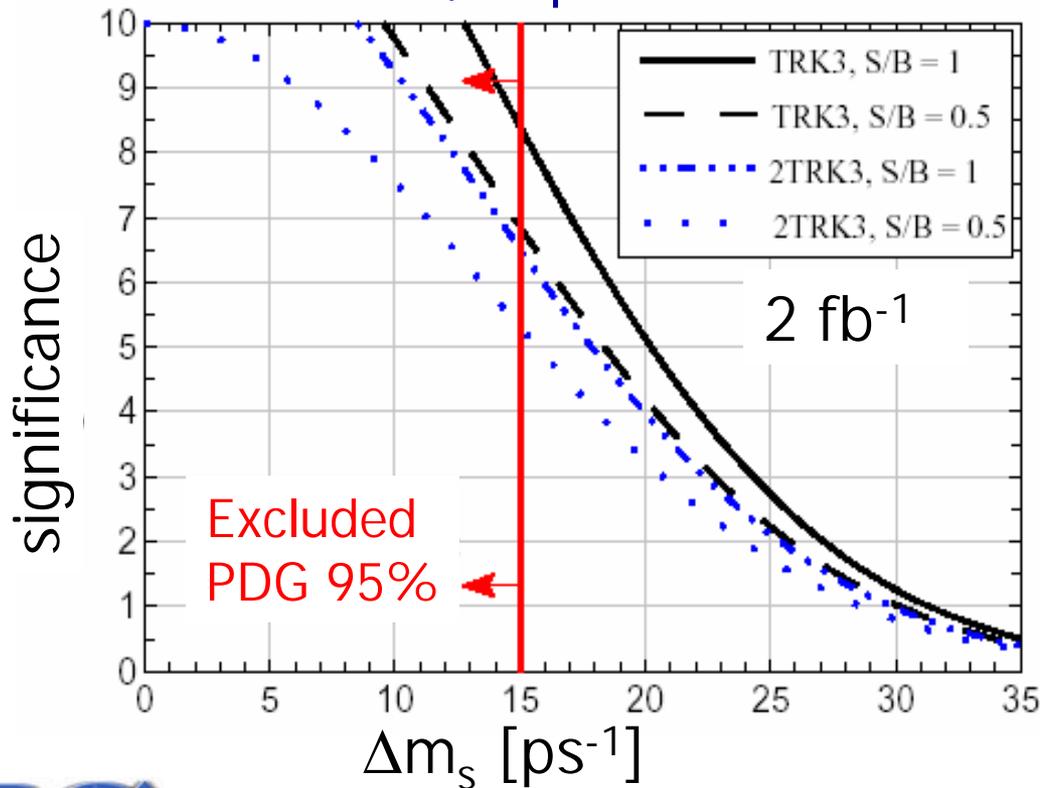
Efficiency: $\varepsilon = (N_{\text{right}} + N_{\text{wrong}}) / N_{\text{all}}$ (errors are statistical)

Dilution: $D = (N_{\text{right}} - N_{\text{wrong}}) / (N_{\text{right}} + N_{\text{wrong}})$



B_s mixing: Δm_s

- Δm_s reach in hadronic channel: $B_s \rightarrow D_s^{(*)} \pi$
 - used soft muon tag
 - proper time res. used: 75 fs, reco. efficiency 15%
 - in 2 fb^{-1} , expect 1300-1900 events (single- μ trigger)



With 2 fb^{-1} , can make 3σ measurement to Δm_s of $\sim 23 \text{ ps}^{-1}$

- also looking into semileptonic channel

Reach determined by vertexing resolution and trigger efficiencies



Trigger completion

- CTT: L1 Central Track Trigger
 - Track finding at L1, allows match with muon system
 - Effectively allows lowering p_T threshold on muon triggers
 - Coming online **now!** (installed, running tests)
- STT: L2 Silicon Track Trigger
 - Displaced track trigger allowing b-tagging at L2
 - Expected after the summer
- Expect large increase in J/ψ yield



Conclusions

- B's in 114 pb^{-1} sample have been studied
- Results promising: compatible with expectations
- With more data and completed trigger, DØ will make accurate CP violation measurements

Stay tuned!

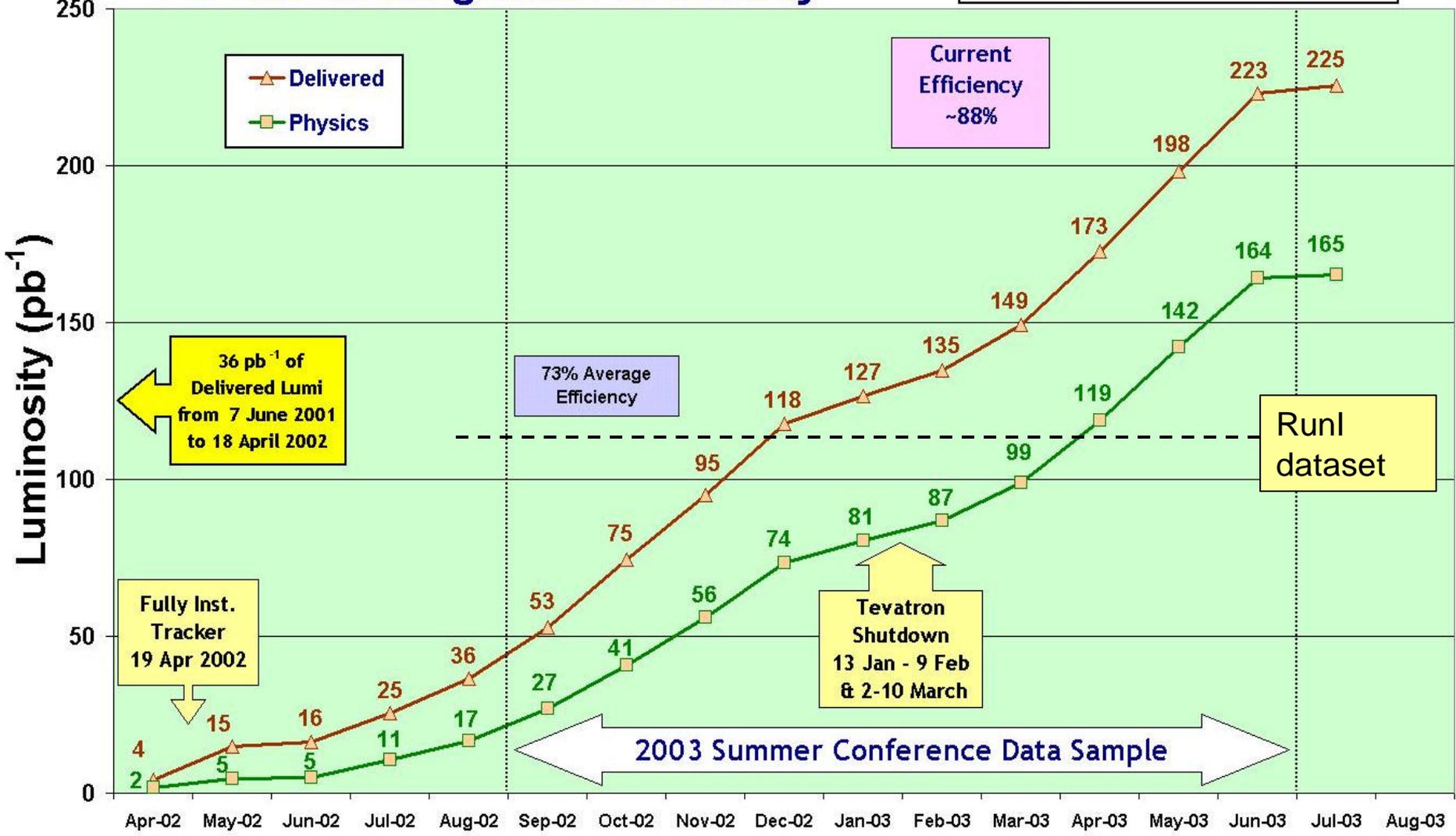


Back-up slides



D0 Run IIa Integrated Luminosity

19 April 2002 - 7 July 2003



Flavour tagging: Jet charge

Algorithm:

- Remove daughter tracks from the reconstructed B
- Remove tracks w. 2D impact parameter greater than 0.2 cm
- Remove tracks with $|z(\text{DCA}) - z(\text{PV})| > 2.0$ cm
- Use remaining tracks in ϕ window opp. B to calculate the jet charge Q (weighing tracks with p_T)
- Events with $|Q| > 0.2$ are "tagged"

- Efficiency = $(N_{\text{right}} + N_{\text{wrong}}) / N_{\text{all}}$

- Dilution = $(N_{\text{right}} - N_{\text{wrong}}) / N_{\text{all}}$

(using 47 pb⁻¹)

# of events	181
# of events with correct tag	66
# of events with wrong tag	48
Raw efficiency (%)	63.0±3.6
Raw dilution (%)	15.8±8.3
Estimated # of signal events	114
Purity	63.0
Estimated efficiency of signal events (%)	55.1±4.1
Estimated dilution of signal events (%)	21.0±10.6
Estimated $e \times D^2$ of signal events (%)	2.4±1.7

- Errors only statistical
- Errors in fractions of signal, bkg events in mass window (from fit) are ignored



Flavour tagging: Soft muon tag

(using 47 pb^{-1})

Algorithm:

- must have $R > 2.0$ separation from reconstructed B
- must have $p_T > 1.9 \text{ GeV}$
- charge of highest- p_T muon in event gives (opposite-side) B-tag

# of events	218
# of events with correct tag	13
# of events with wrong tag	5
Raw efficiency (%)	8.3 ± 1.9
Raw dilution (%)	44.4 ± 21.1
Estimated # of signal events	12.8
Estimated # of bgd events	5.2
Estimated efficiency of signal events (%)	8.2 ± 2.2
Estimated dilution of signal events (%)	63.9 ± 30.1
Estimated $e \times D^2$ of signal events (%)	3.3 ± 1.8

- Errors only statistical
- Errors in fractions of signal, bgd events in mass window (from fit) are ignored



$B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$ mass plots

- Mass spectrum used for lifetime fit:
 - mass $5.254 \text{ GeV} \pm 8 \text{ MeV}$
 - 179 signal events

- Mass spectrum with add'l lifetime cut:
 - 96 signal events

