

Searches for New Phenomena at the Tevatron

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(for the CDF and DØ Collaborations)

A·S·P·E·N
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Searching for New Phenomena

New Phenomena at the Tevatron can take many forms:

- ◆ Observation of unseen particles predicted by SM (Higgs)
- ◆ Discovery of particles not in the SM (SUSY, leptoquarks)
- ◆ Identification of new gauge interactions (W' / Z' , technicolor)
- ◆ Unexpected complexities beyond the SM (compositeness)
- ◆ Fundamental changes to modern physics (extra dimensions)

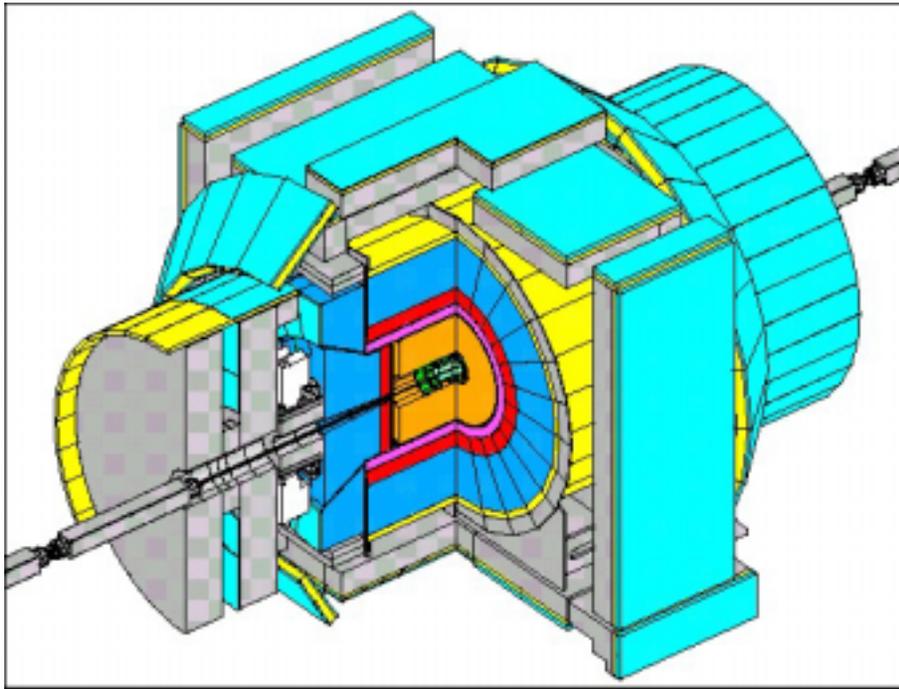
A thorough discussion of the possibilities for discovering new phenomena at the Tevatron is a logical impossibility

A thorough discussion of the CDF and DØ searches for new phenomena in 25' is merely a human impossibility

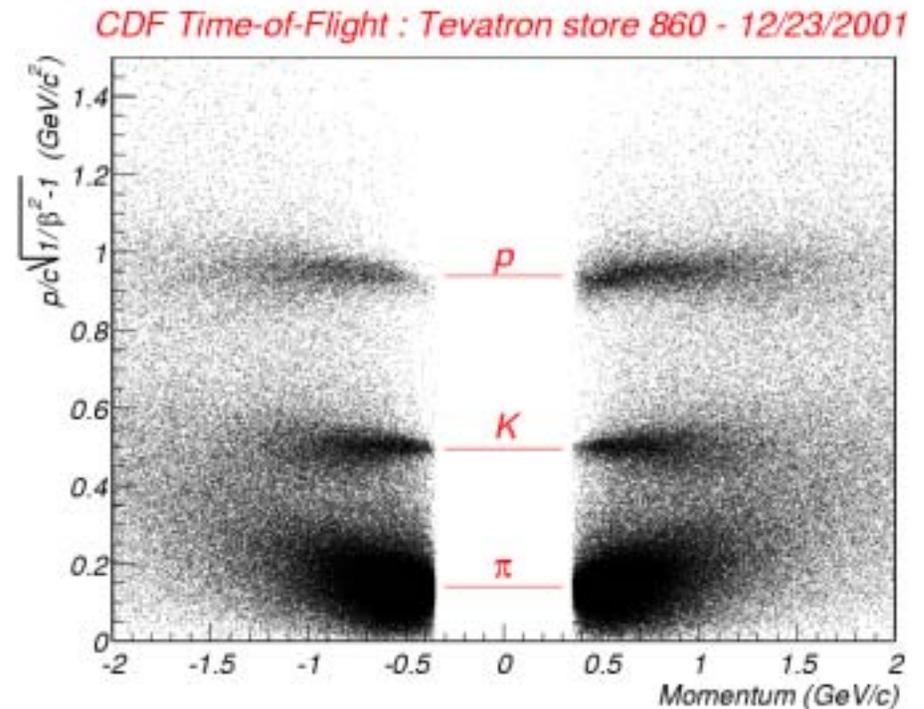
This talk will utilize CDF and DØ Run II results to illustrate the progress and prospects in searches for new phenomena

The Upgraded CDF Detector

- ◆ New central drift chamber and silicon tracker
- ◆ New forward calorimeters ("plug") ($1 < |\eta| < 3$)
- ◆ New TOF, extended muon coverage, improved triggers, ...

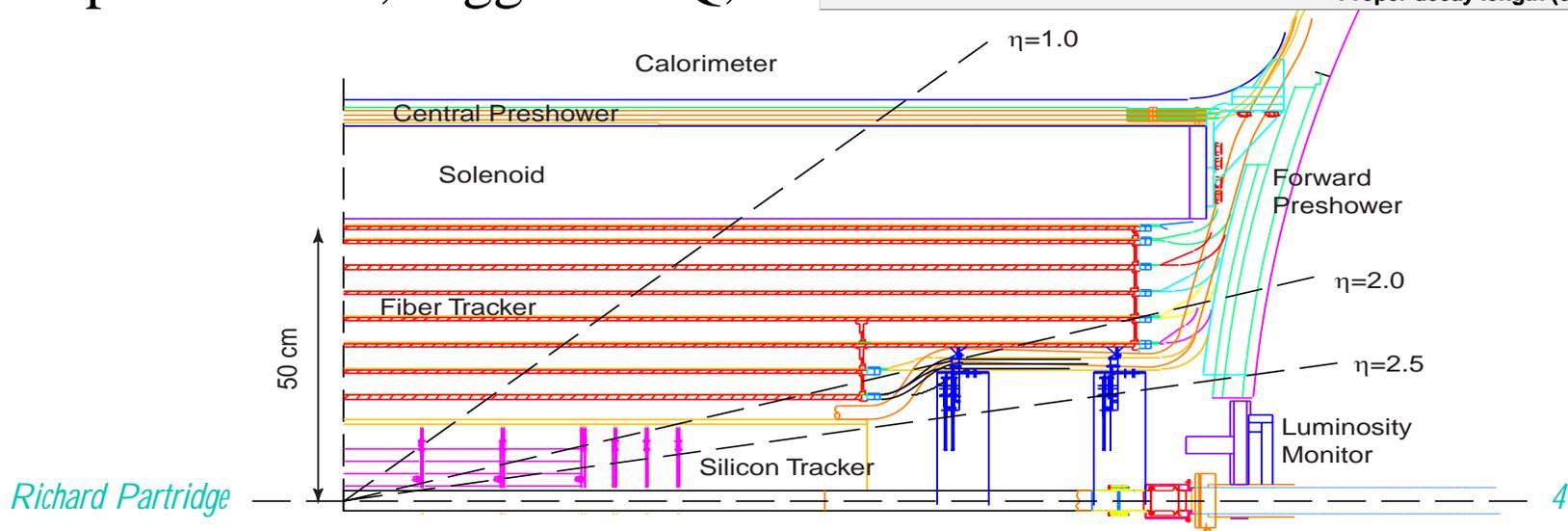
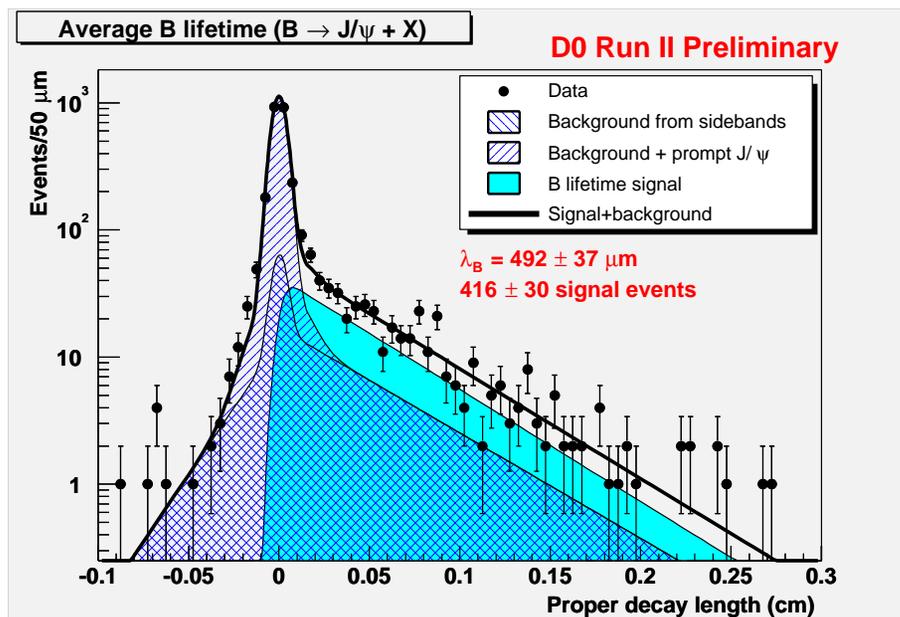


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The Upgraded DØ Detector

- ◆ First time charged particle tracking added to a major “non-magnetic” detector!
 - » 2T solenoid
 - » >100K scintillating fibers
 - » >700K silicon strips
- ◆ Major improvements to muon spectrometer, trigger/DAQ, ...



Searching for SUSY at the Tevatron

- ◆ One of the major features of SUSY it “protects” the SM against large radiative corrections from a high mass scale
 - » Fermion/Boson symmetry cancels loop divergences
- ◆ “The Case for a 500 GeV e^+e^- Linear Collider* ” argues that the lightest chargino is likely to have a mass below 250 GeV
- ◆ Basic idea: if SUSY particles are heavy, radiative corrections again become large and require fine-tuning of parameters
- ◆ Chargino limits at right from ALCWG report*

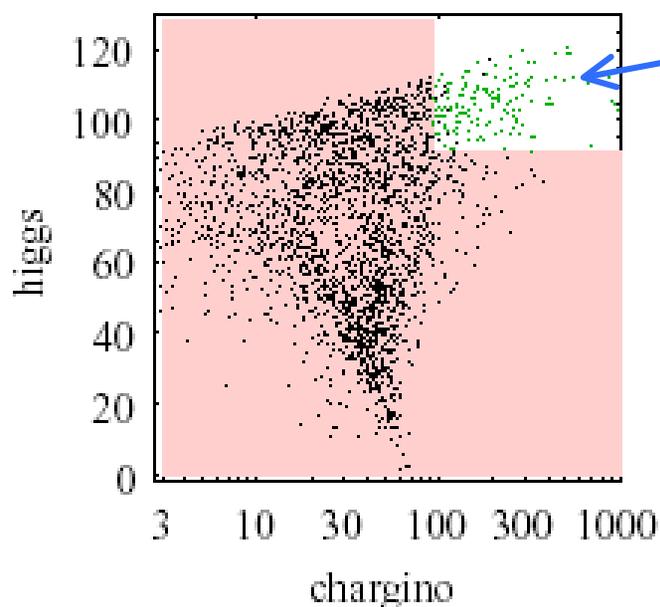
| Authors | $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^+)$ |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Barbieri-Giudice | <110 |
| Ross-Roberts | <110 |
| de Carlos-Casas | <250 |
| Anderson-Castano | <270 |
| Chan-Chattohadhyay-Nath | <250 |
| Giusti-Romanino-Strumia | <500 |
| Feng-Matchev-Moroi | <240/340 |

*American Linear Collider Working Group, prepared for Snowmass 2001.

Searching for SUSY at the Tevatron

Some Caveats:

- ◆ “Naturalness” approach to estimating SUSY mass scales is neither rigorous nor unique in its predictions
- ◆ Even if the lightest chargino mass is below 250 GeV, there is no guarantee that it will be visible at the Tevatron



Allowed Region

- ◆ LEP constraints already exclude SUGRA at the “95% CL”
 - » *e.g. Strumia, Hep/PH9904247.*
- ◆ Tevatron can also search for squark, gluino, and slepton production

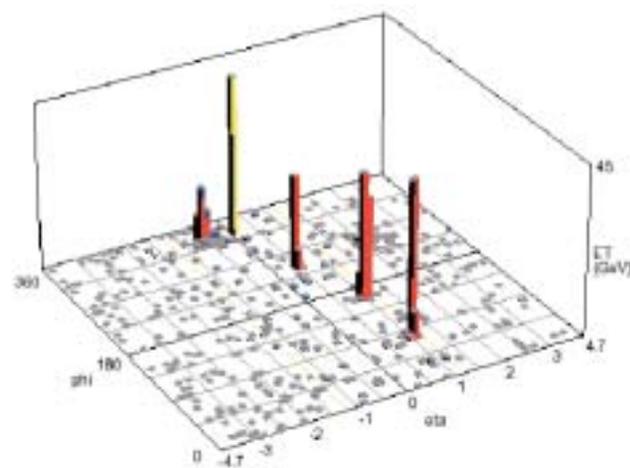
DØ Tri-lepton Search in eee , $ee\mu$

- ◆ Sensitive to chargino+neutralino production
- ◆ SM backgrounds are small, one of the cleanest SUSY signatures

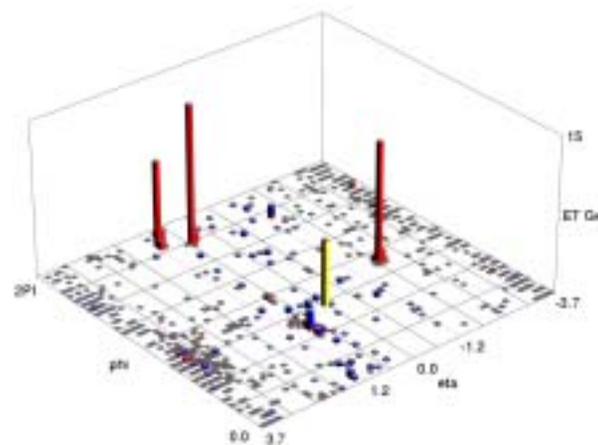
DØ Run II Preliminary (5.2 pb⁻¹)

| | eee | $ee\mu$ |
|----------------------|------------|----------------|
| <i>SM Background</i> | 0.9 +- 0.2 | 0.13 +- 0.08 |
| <i>EM Fakes</i> | 1.0 +- 0.3 | 0.6 +- 0.2 |
| <i>Cosmics</i> | --- | 0.145 +- 0.014 |
| Total | 1.9 +- 0.4 | 0.9 +- 0.2 |
| Data | 2 | 1 |

eee Events

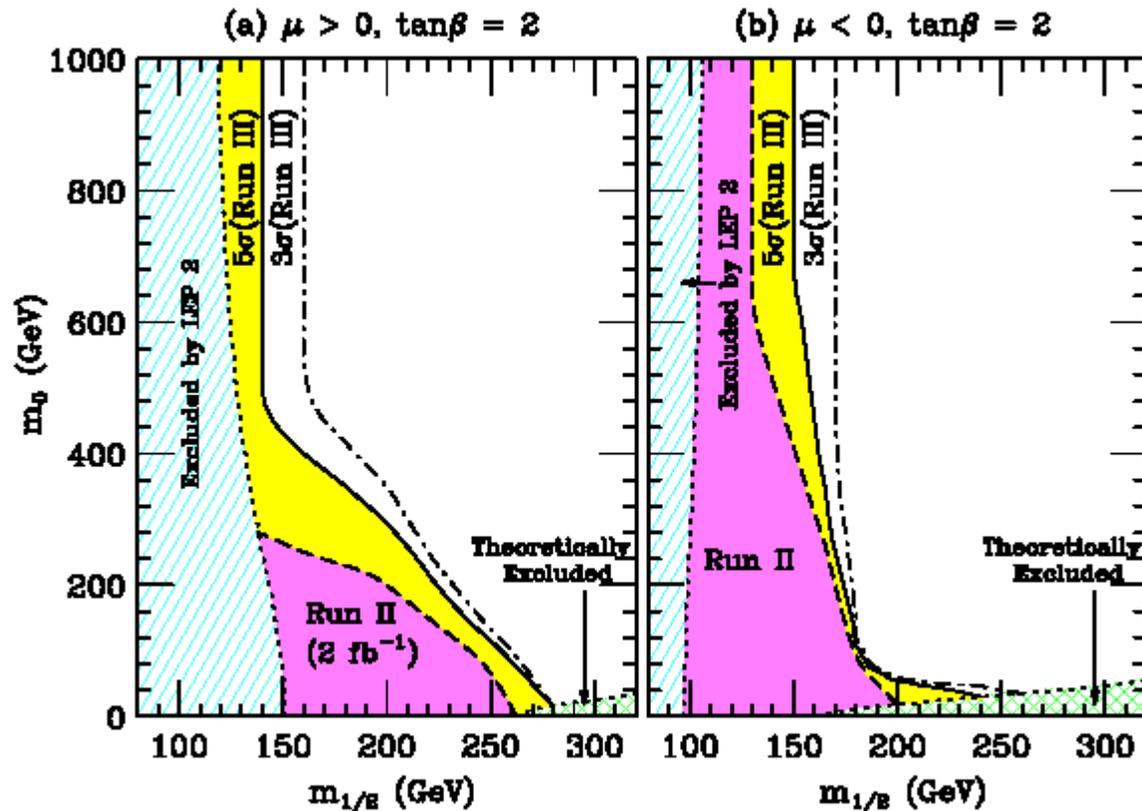


Run 143440 Event 11104009 Tue Feb 12 10:18:16 2002



Prospects for SUSY Tri-lepton Search

- ◆ Run II will allow exploration of new regions in SUSY parameter space



purple: 5σ significance w/ 2 fb^{-1} (Run2a)

yellow: 5σ significance w/ 25 fb^{-1} (Run2b)

dashed: 3σ significance w/ 25 fb^{-1}

SUGRA Report, SUSY/Higgs Working Group, hep/ph0003154

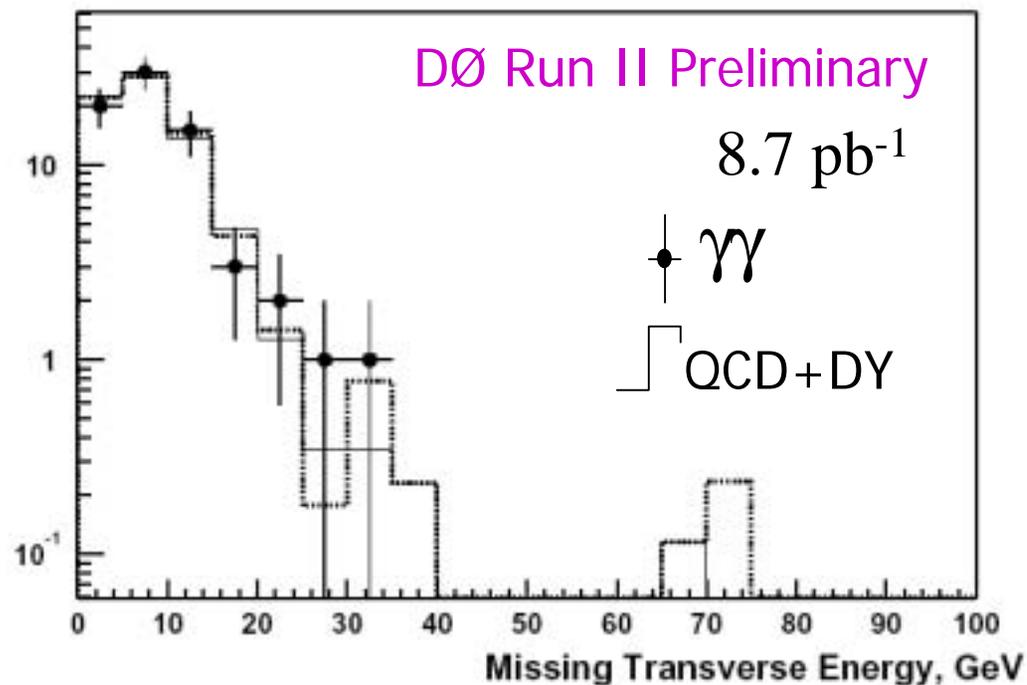
DØ Search for GM SUSY in $\gamma\gamma + \text{MET}$

GM SUSY

- ◆ Light Gravitino ($\ll eV$) is LSP, NLSP can be neutralino or slepton
- ◆ If neutralino NLSP:

$$\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma \tilde{G}$$

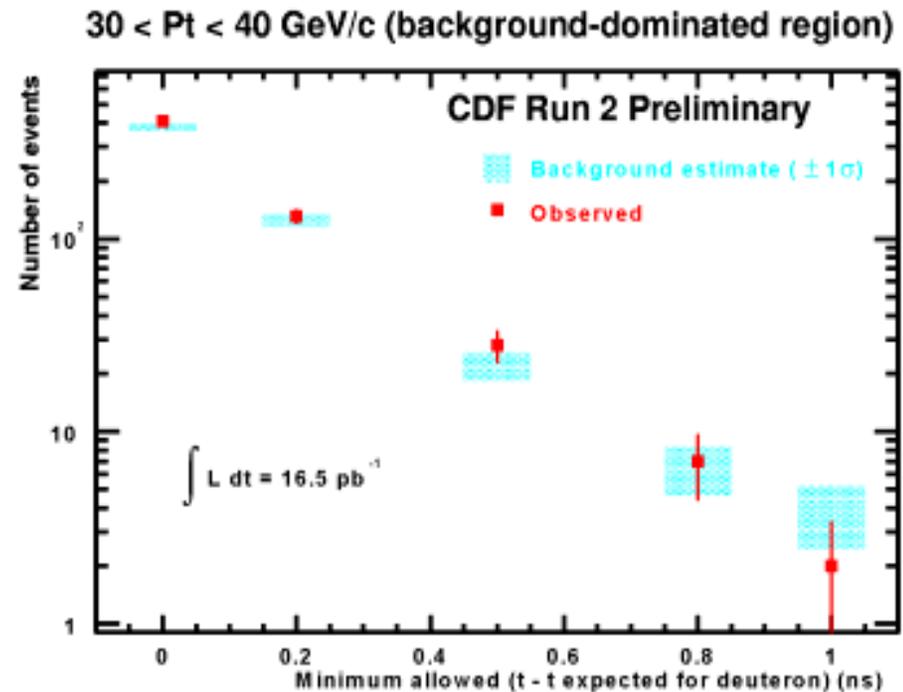
\Rightarrow Search for $\gamma\gamma E_T + X$



| | $MET > 25 \text{ GeV}$ | $MET > 30 \text{ GeV}$ | $MET > 35 \text{ GeV}$ |
|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Data | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Expected background | 1.0 ± 0.3 | 0.7 ± 0.2 | 0.34 ± 0.20 |
| 95 % CL limit, pb | 1.6 | 1.3 | 0.9 |

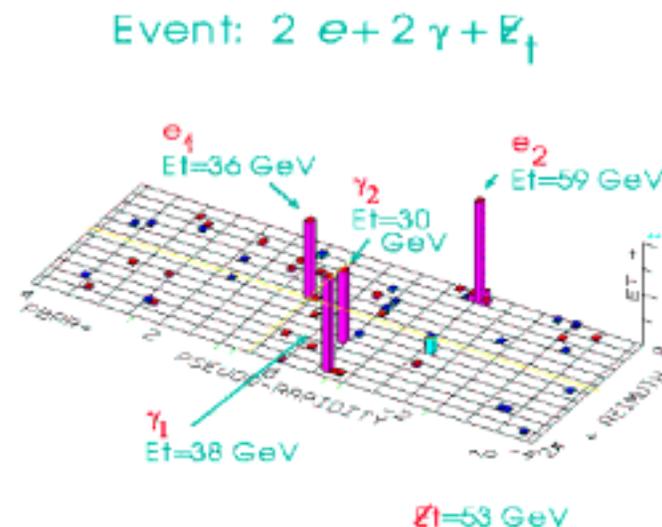
CDF Search for “CHAMPS”

- ◆ CHARGed Massive Particles that are sufficiently long-lived to leave the detector (*e.g.* sleptons)
- ◆ Makes use of new CDF TOF detectors to identify slow particles at high p_T
- ◆ Low p_T samples used to estimate BG for high p_T signal region
- ◆ Test method: $20 < p_T < 30$ sample used to predict BG for $30 < p_T < 40$ sample



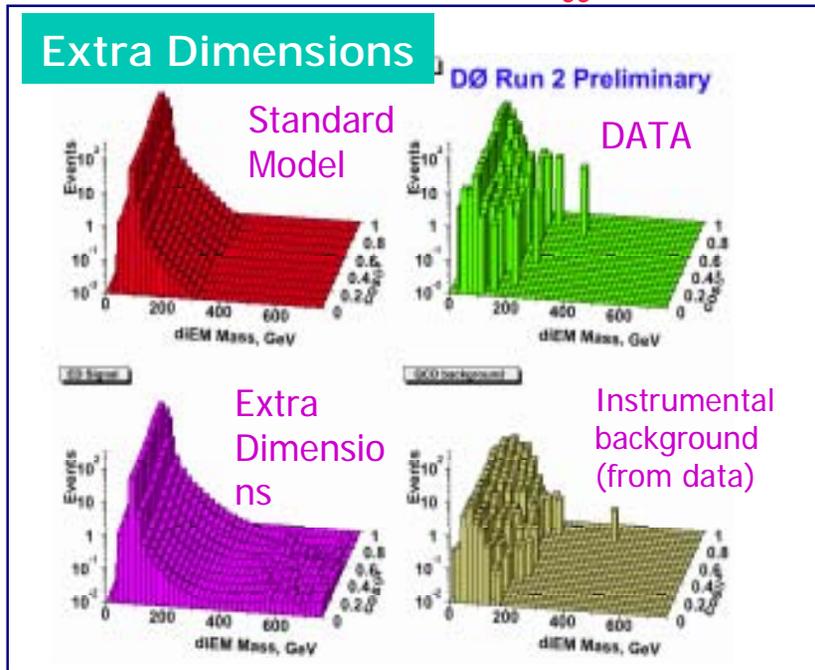
Did CDF Catch a Slepton Decay?

- ◆ CDF recorded one event in Run I in the “e”e+ $\gamma\gamma$ +MET channel
- ◆ All we can say with certainty is that searches for related signatures have all been negative
 - » CDF and DØ $\gamma\gamma$ + missing E_T
 - » DØ γ + jets + missing E_T
 - » LEP
- ◆ Feynman: “On the way over here, I saw a car with license plate 7203234! What’s the probability of that?”
 - » Random coincidence, unlikely to happen again?
 - » Someone was following Feynman, likely to be seen repeatedly?
 - » Feynman wrote down the wrong number, license plate doesn’t exist ?

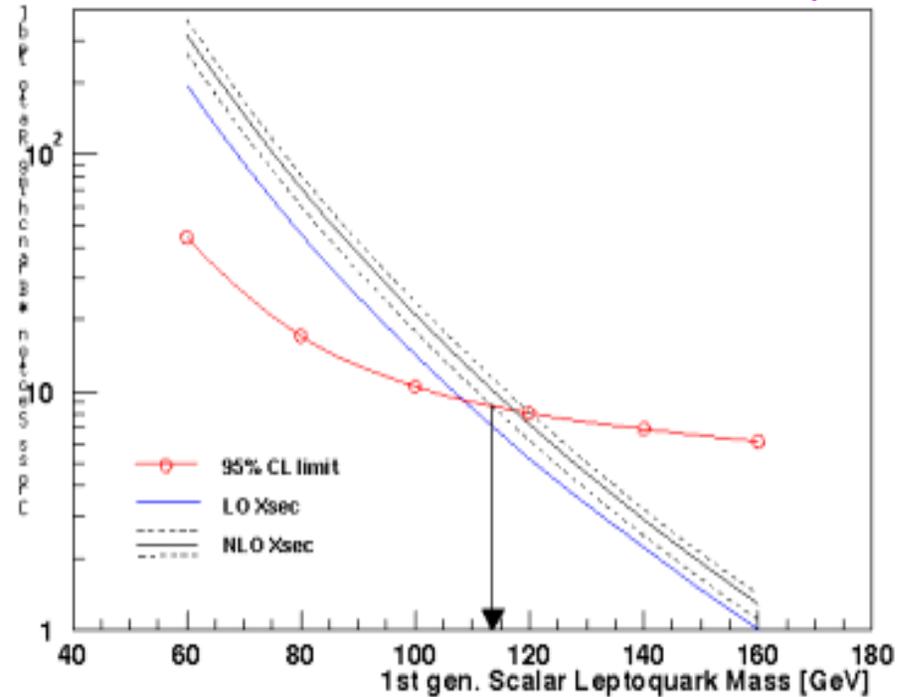


DØ Extra Dimensions, Leptoquark Hunts

Plot M_{ee} vs $\cos(\theta^*)$



DØ Run II Preliminary

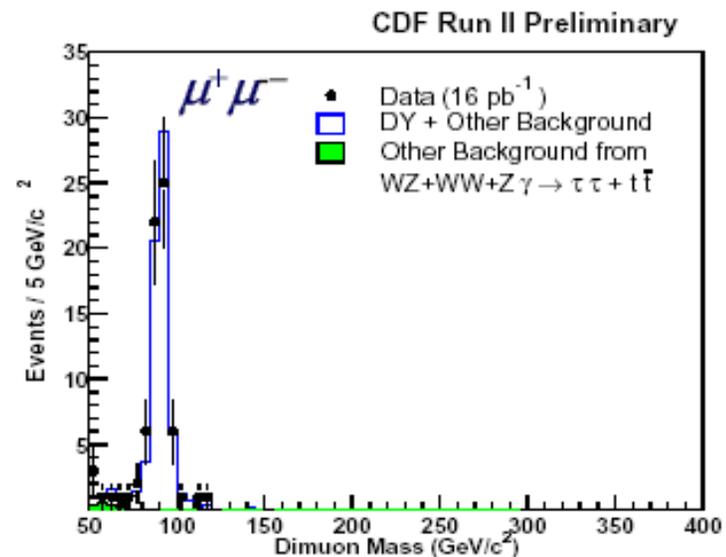
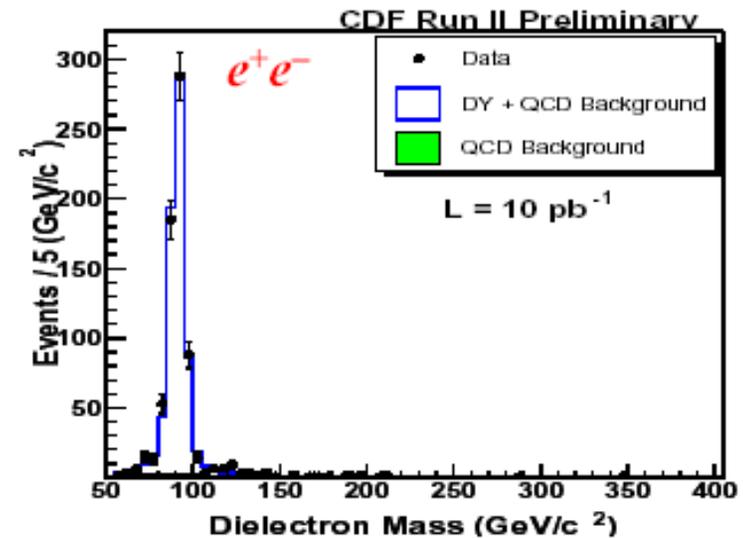


- ◆ Limits on ED in $p\bar{p} \rightarrow ee, \gamma\gamma, \mu\mu$
 - » $M_s(\text{GRW}) > 0.92 \text{ TeV}(ee, \gamma\gamma, 10 \text{ pb}^{-1})$
 - Run 1: 1.2 TeV ($ee, \gamma\gamma$)
 - » $M_s(\text{GRW}) > 0.50 \text{ TeV}(\mu\mu, 4.5 \text{ pb}^{-1})$

- ◆ Limits on 1st generation LQ from $p\bar{p} \rightarrow eejj$ (8.0 pb^{-1})
 - » $M_{\text{LQ}} > 113 \text{ GeV}$ for $B(\text{LQ} \rightarrow ej) = 1$
 - Run 1: 225 GeV

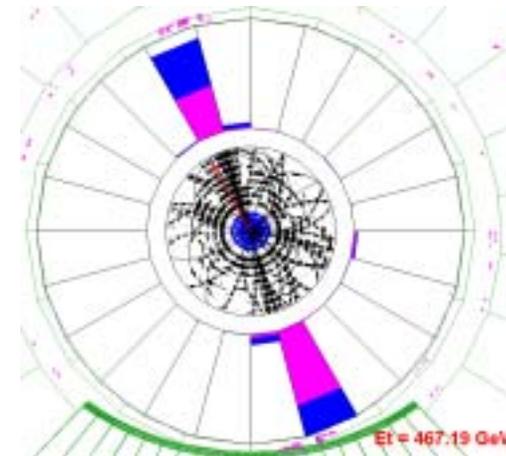
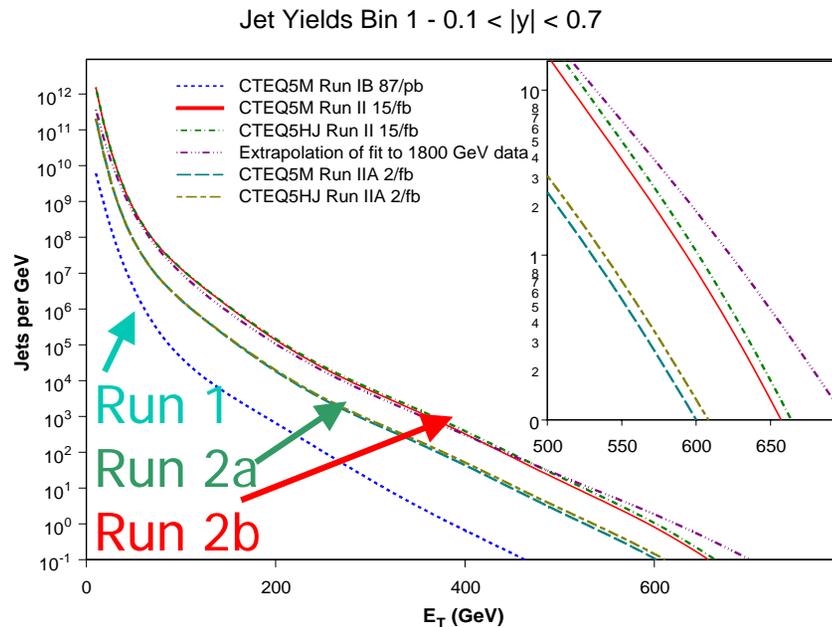
CDF Z' Search

- ◆ CDF has studied Drell-Yan events to look for new gauge bosons or evidence of extra dimensions
- ◆ Limits on Z'
 - » $M_{Z'} > 450 \text{ GeV}$ (ee)
 - » $M_{Z'} > 270 \text{ GeV}$ ($\mu\mu$)
 - » Run 1: $M_{Z'} > 690 \text{ GeV}$ (ee + $\mu\mu$)
 - » Run 2 Expectation: $M_{Z'} > 1 \text{ TeV}$
- ◆ Limits on mass scale for extra dimensions (Randall-Sundrum, $k/M_{\text{Pl}} > 0.1$)
 - » $M_G > 340 \text{ GeV}$ (ee)
 - » $M_G > 255 \text{ GeV}$ ($\mu\mu$)



High E_T Jet Production

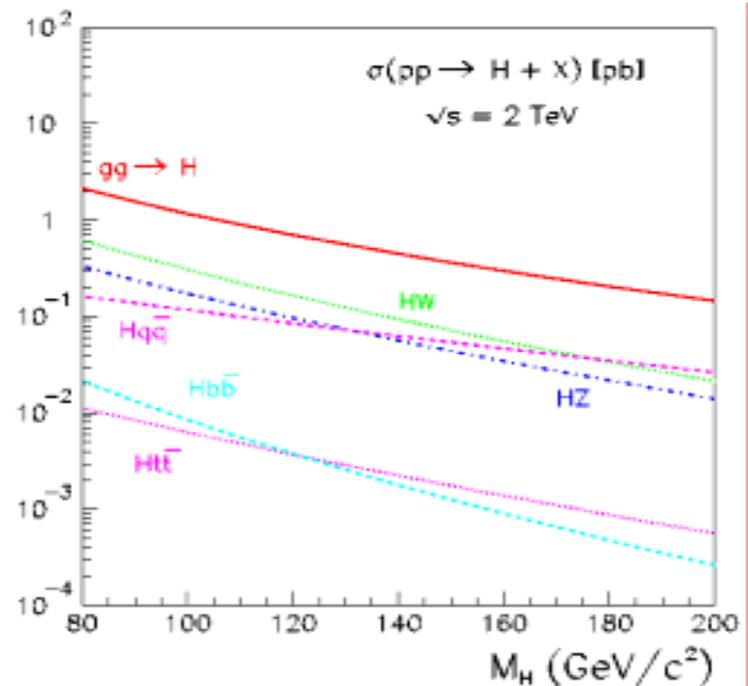
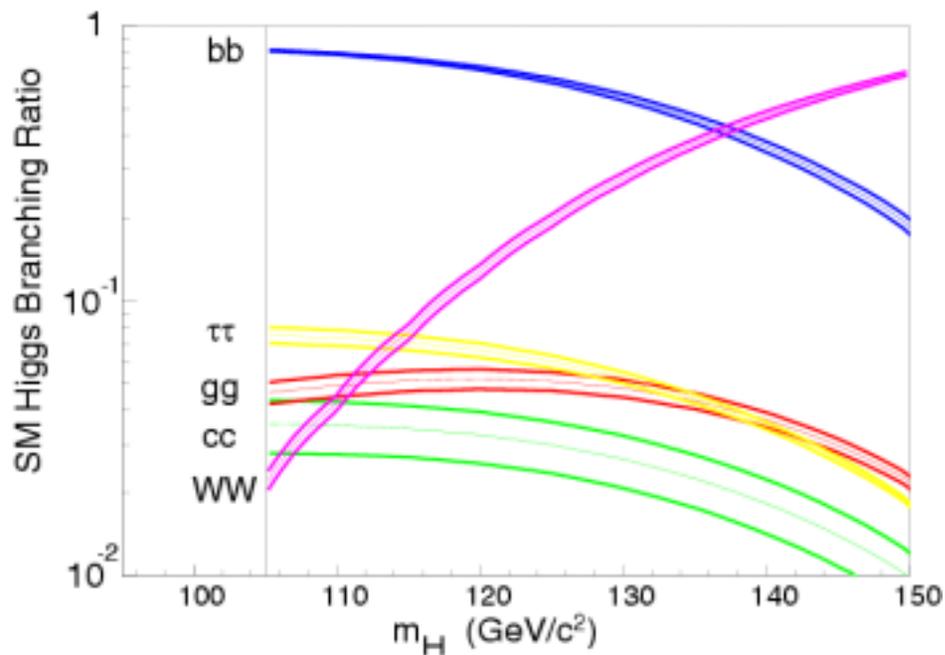
- ◆ Deviations from QCD predictions are potential signal for new physics (*e.g.* quark compositeness)
- ◆ Run II's increased energy, luminosity will increase sensitivity to new physics
- ◆ CDF Run II event has the largest jet E_T recorded!



Dijet Mass = 1146 GeV (corr)

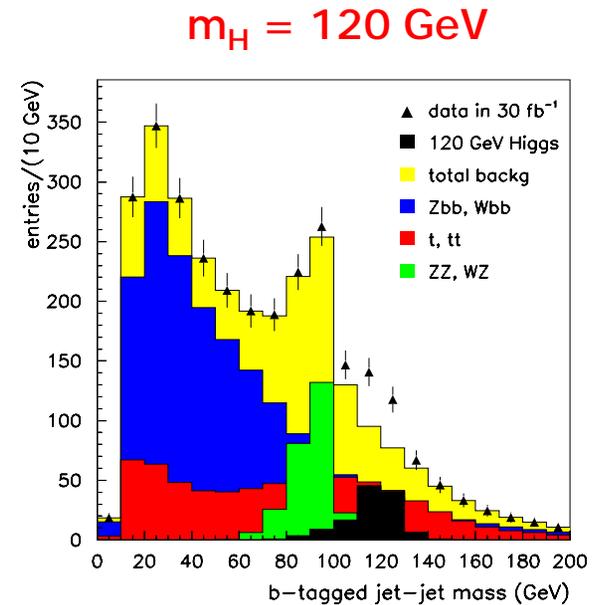
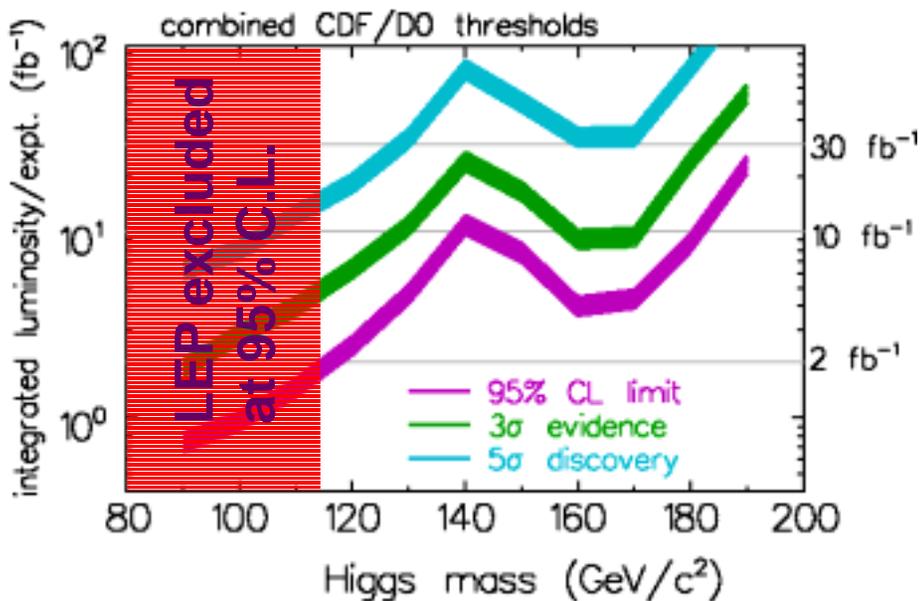
Standard Model Higgs

- ◆ Higgs mass constrained by direct and indirect measurements
 - » $M_H > 114.4 \text{ GeV}$ @ 95% CL (LEP direct search)
 - » $M_H < 193 \text{ GeV}$ @ 95% CL (Electroweak fits)
- ◆ Primary Tevatron channels: $WH \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $ZH \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $H \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$



SM Higgs Prospects

- ◆ SUSY/Higgs WG demonstrated Tevatron Higgs sensitivity
- ◆ Current focus is on putting together the essential ingredients
 - » Good jet energy resolution
 - » Efficient b tagging, lepton identification, and triggering
 - » Optimization of S/B

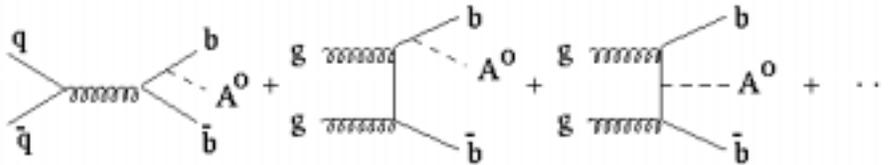


$2 \times 15\text{fb}^{-1}$ (2 experiments)

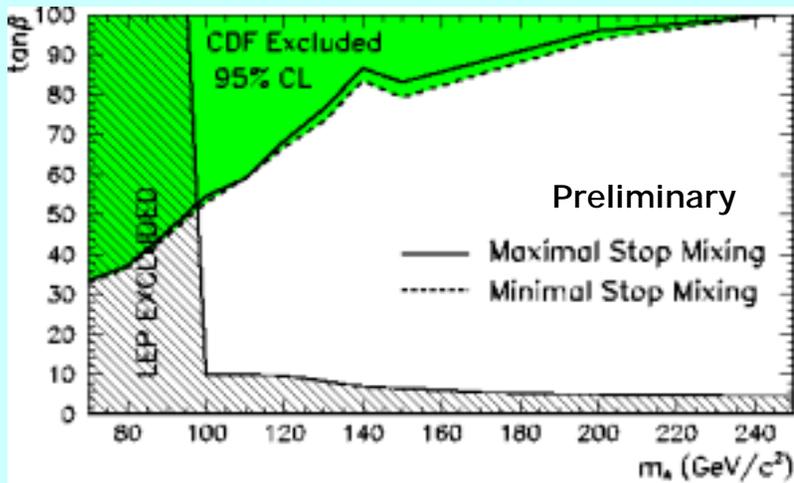
SUSY Higgs Production at the Tevatron

- ◆ $bb(h/H/A)$ couplings are enhanced at large $\tan \beta$

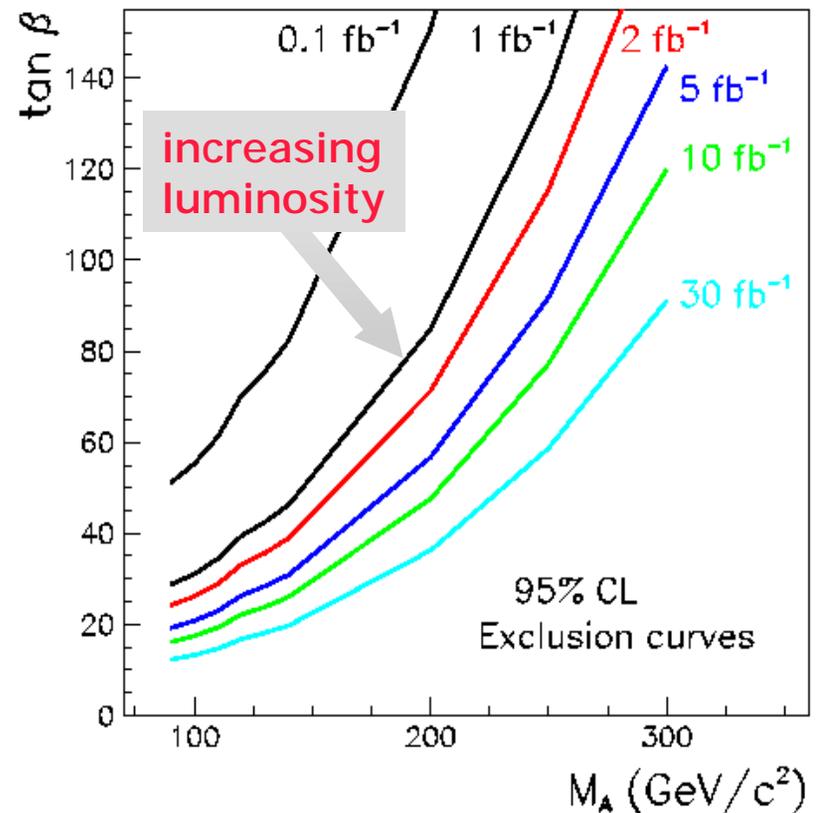
» $\sigma \sim 1 \text{ pb}$ for $\tan \beta = 30$ and $m_h = 130 \text{ GeV}$



CDF Run 1 analysis (4 jets, 3 b tags)
sensitive to $\tan \beta > 60$



$bb(h/A) \rightarrow 4b$



The “Luminosity Lift”

New physics panoramas open up each time we take the “Luminosity Lift”



Run II Physics Program

15 fb⁻¹

- 5 σ Higgs signal @ $m_H = 115$ GeV
- 3 σ Higgs signal @ $m_H = 115-135, 150-175$ GeV
- Reach ultimate precision for top, W, B physics

10 fb⁻¹

- 3 σ Higgs signal @ $m_H = 115-125, 155-170$ GeV
- Exclude Higgs over whole range of 115-180 GeV
- Possible discovery of supersymmetry in a larger fraction of parameter space

5 fb⁻¹

- 3 σ Higgs signal @ $m_H = 115$ GeV
- Exclude SM Higgs 115-130, 155-170 GeV
- Exclude much of SUSY Higgs parameter space
- Possible discovery of supersymmetry in a significant fraction of minimal SUSY parameter space (the source of cosmic dark matter?)

2 fb⁻¹

- Measure top mass ± 3 GeV and W mass ± 25 MeV
- Directly exclude $m_H = 115$ GeV
- Significant SUSY and SUSY Higgs searches
- Probe extra dimensions at the 2 TeV (10^{-19} m) scale
- B physics: constrain the CKM matrix

300 pb⁻¹

- Improved top mass measurement
- High p_T jets constrain proton structure
- Start to explore B_S mixing and B physics
- SUSY Higgs search @ large $\tan \beta$
- Searches beyond Run I sensitivity

Each gain in luminosity yields a significant increase in reach and lays the foundation for the next steps

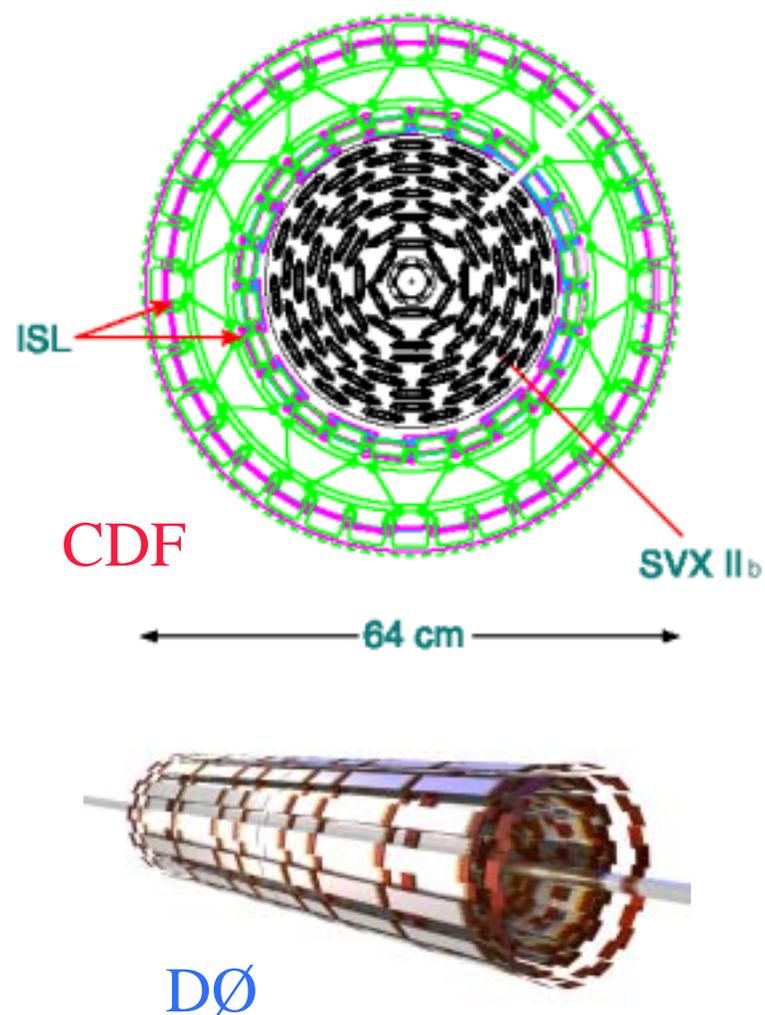
CDF and DØ Run IIb Projects

- ◆ CDF and DØ detectors were designed to withstand $\sim 2-4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ with an average of $\sim 2-3$ interactions per crossing
 - » Integrated luminosity limited by radiation damage to silicon tracker
 - » Instantaneous luminosity limited by trigger rejection
- ◆ Tevatron goals for Run II are to accumulate $10-15 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ with an average of ~ 5 interactions per crossing
- ◆ CDF and DØ have developed further detector upgrades needed to meet these goals
 - » Both experiments will replace silicon trackers, upgrade parts of the trigger
 - » CDF will replace central preshower detector, add EM calorimeter timing
- ◆ Projects have received DOE CD-3(a) approval, major procurements will begin in early 2003
- ◆ Run IIb to begin in 2006 following ~ 7 month shutdown

Run IIb Silicon Tracker Upgrade

- ◆ Overall geometry/capabilities similar for CDF and DØ designs
- ◆ 6 layers, good coverage for $|\eta| < 2$
- ◆ Rad-hard sensors and readout will survive $> 15 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- ◆ All critical elements have been prototyped, sensor procurement will begin in early 2003

DØ simulation studies show ~67% increase in double b-tag efficiency for Run IIb silicon tracker



Conclusions

- ◆ Run II at the Tevatron has outstanding opportunities to discover new phenomena
- ◆ CDF and DØ detectors have undergone significant upgrades that enhance their ability to make sensitive searches for new phenomena
- ◆ The detectors are working well and are beginning to produce physics results
- ◆ For many analyses, Run I results are currently the “competition” we are trying to beat – that will change soon!
- ◆ Recorded data samples are much larger than the 5-10 pb⁻¹ presented here, expect many new results in the near future
- ◆ Run IIb upgrades needed to achieve full potential of the Tevatron collider are well underway