

***B* mixing prospects at DØ – Run-IIa**

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- The DØ: Detector & Trigger
- Experimental Issues
- Mixing Studies

Mixing Working Group (V_{td} & V_{ts})
CKM Workshop – February 13-16, 2002 CERN, Geneva

Fermilab & Run-IIa: The Upgraded Tevatron

$$p (1 \text{ TeV}) \quad \bar{p} (1 \text{ TeV})$$

Challenging Running Conditions Compared with RunI (1992-96)

- Luminosity: $2 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- Bunch crossing time: 396 ns

($\times 10$ increase)

($\times 10$ decrease)

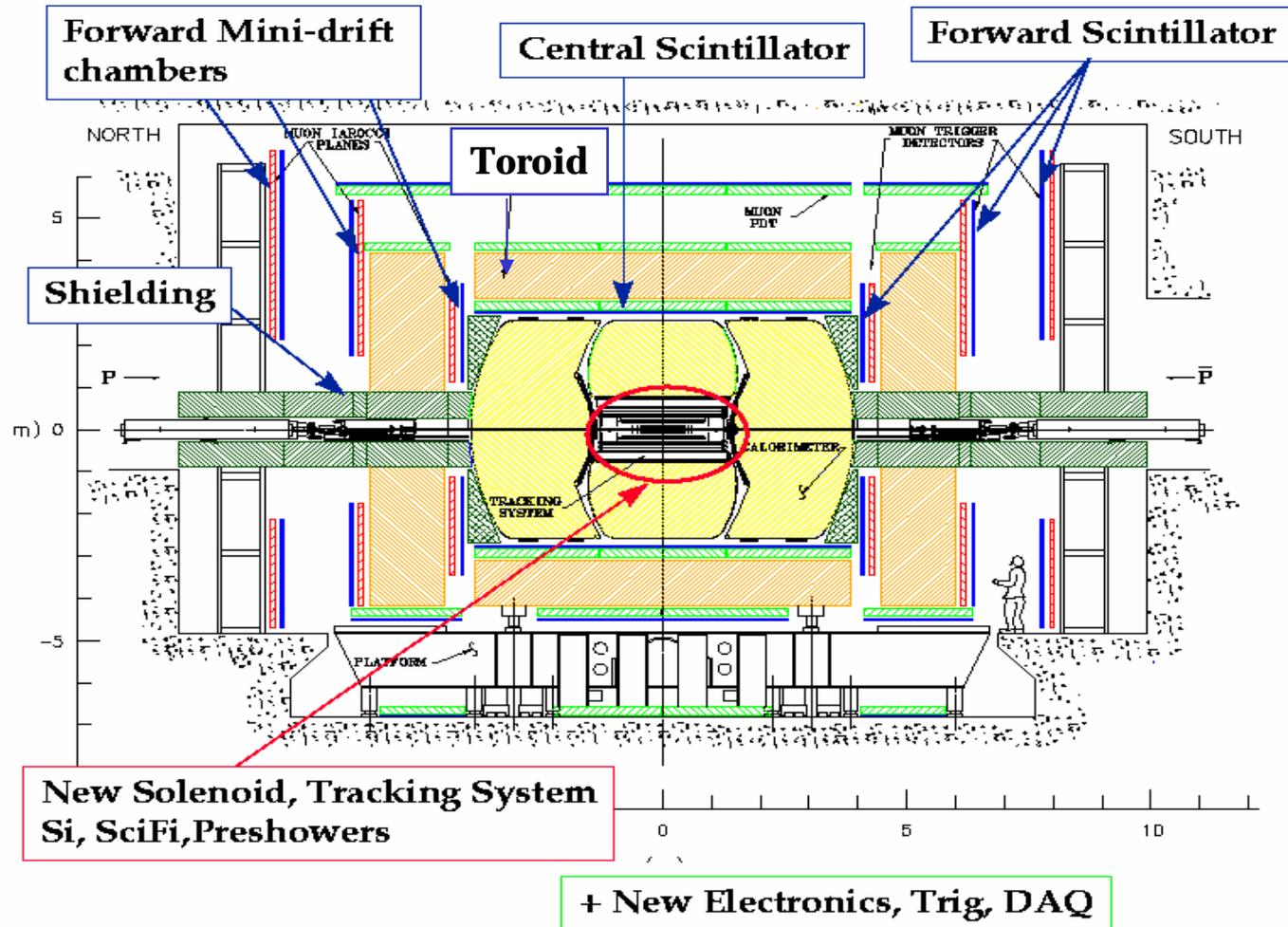
132 ns or 7 MHz in RunII-b

$1.1 \times 10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ this month,
8 pb⁻¹ / 22 pb⁻¹ in total

What's new at DØ:

- New subdetectors (silicon tracker, fiber tracker, solenoid, preshowerers)
- Improved muon system
- Enhanced trigger system
- Extra shielding around beamlines

DØ: The Upgraded Detector



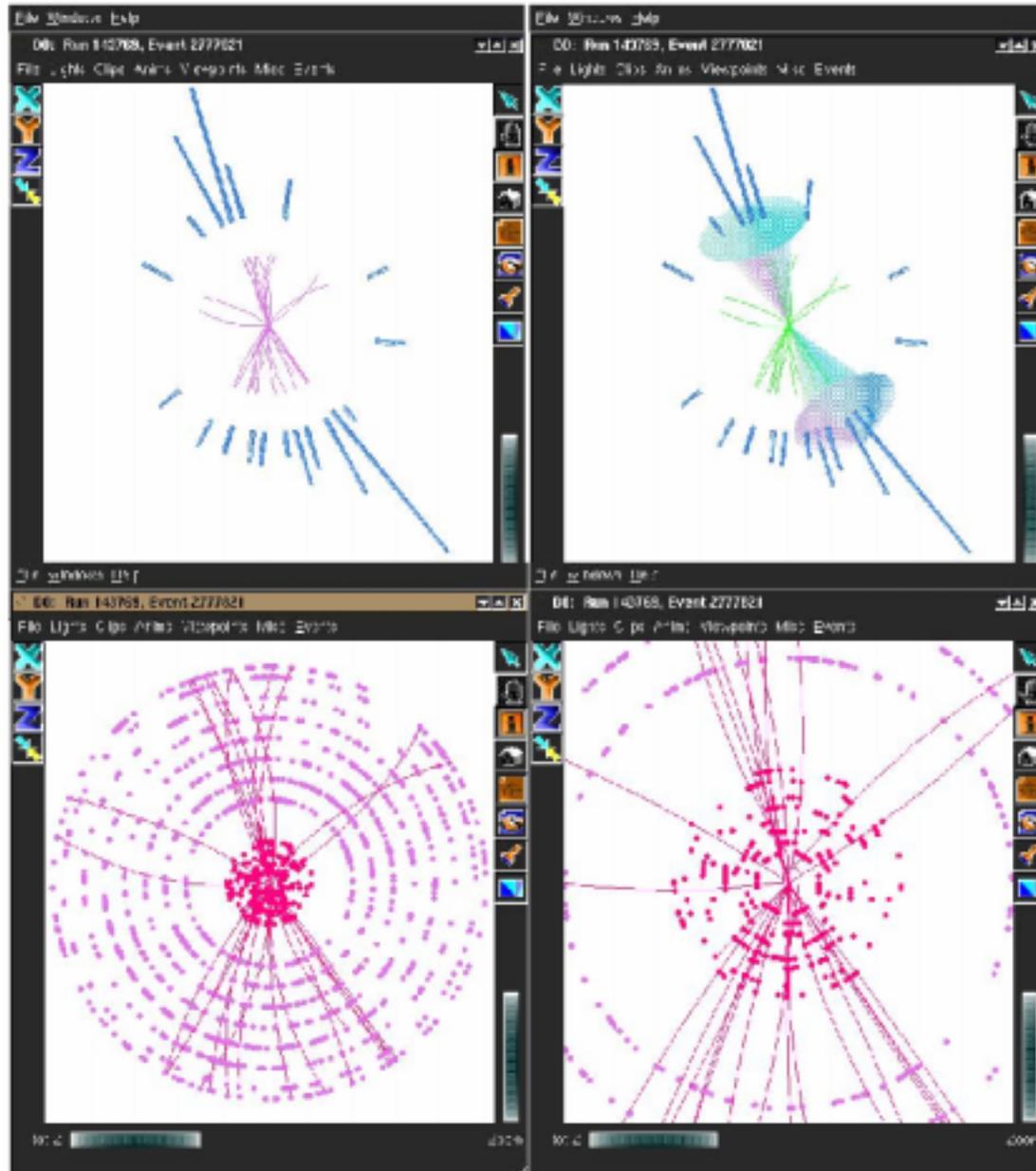
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Exercising the detector...

Tracks in SMT, CFT matching with CAL cells



no, this is not a typical event...

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b Physics at Tevatron

- **Lots of *B*'s!**

$(B_d, B_s, B_c, \Lambda_b, \dots)$

A $b\bar{b}$ pair can give any combination of mesons & baryons!

$$\sigma(p\bar{p} \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = 150 \mu\text{b} @ 2 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = 7 \text{ nb}$$

$$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = 1 \text{ nb}$$

- **Lots of background!**

Need good triggers

- high/medium P_T : l or ll
- secondary vertices/impact parameters (L2/L3)

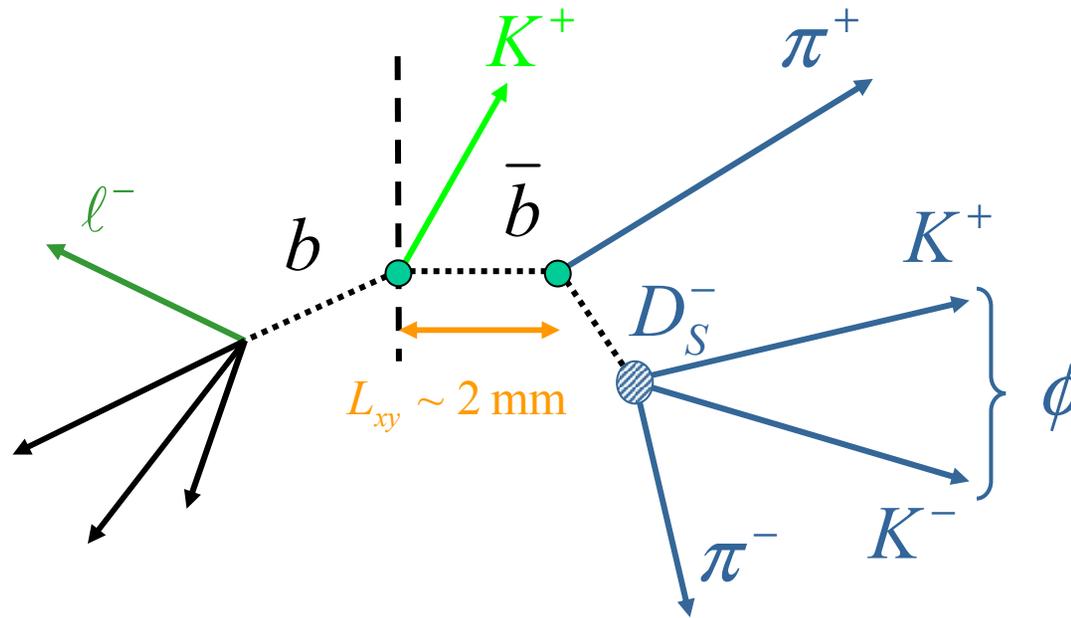
since Run-I

of interactions/crossing

bunch Xing	$b\bar{b}$	Total
396 ns	0.008	6.0
132 ns	0.003	2.0

Run-II "feature": use to lower P_T threshold

B mixing: The Measurement



“flavor at final state”:
Full/Partial reconstruction

“flavor at $t=0$ ”: Opposite Side Tag
or Same Side Tag: hadronization

Vertexing: Need

- primary & secondary vertices
- P_T measurement

Not needed in
a e^+e^- B factory!

“Tag quality”:
 $\mathcal{E}_{\text{eff}} \equiv \mathcal{E} (1 - 2w)^2$

Dilution: D

Experimental sensitivity

Statistical significance:

$$S(\Delta m, \sigma_t) = \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon N}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{S}{S+B}} (1-2w) \times e^{-\frac{(\Delta m \sigma_t)^2}{2}}$$

↑
difficult measurement
for larger Δm

Proper time resolution:

$$\sigma_t \sim \frac{m_B}{\langle p \rangle} \sigma_L \oplus \frac{t}{p} \sigma_p$$

← relevant for partial
reconstructed B 's

↑
main
contribution to
proper time error

For $B_S^0 \rightarrow D_S^- \pi^+$:

$$\sigma_L \sim 44 \mu\text{m}$$

$$\sigma_t \sim 32 \mu\text{m}/c \text{ (100 fs)}$$

$$p_T > 3 \text{ GeV}/c \ \& \ |\eta| < 2$$

$$L / \sigma_L > 1.5$$

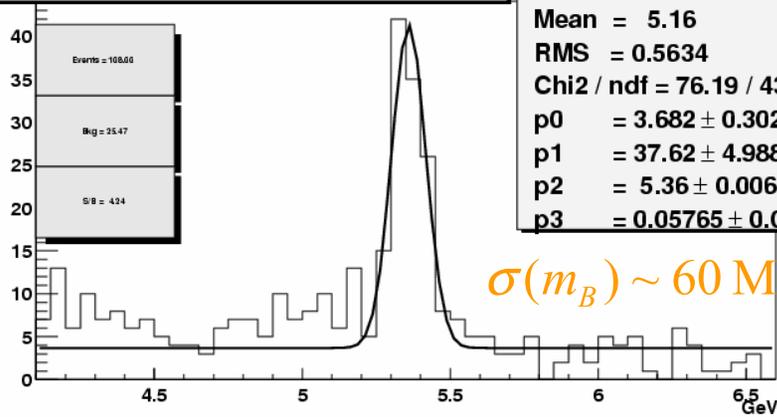
Remember:

$$\eta \equiv -\log(\tan \vartheta / 2)$$

$$\eta \in [-2, 2] \Leftrightarrow \vartheta \in [15^\circ, 165^\circ]$$

GEANT: $B_s \rightarrow D_s \pi$

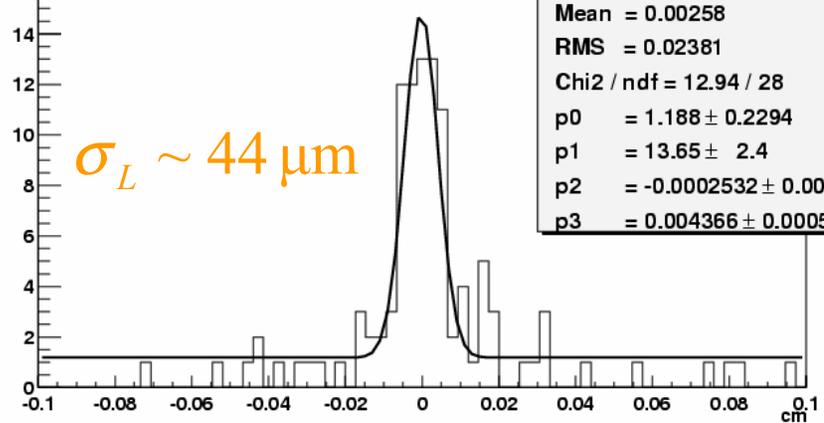
Invariant mass of B_s in D_s & ϕ mass regions



Nent = 376
 Mean = 5.16
 RMS = 0.5634
 Chi2 / ndf = 76.19 / 43
 p0 = 3.682 ± 0.3022
 p1 = 37.62 ± 4.988
 p2 = 5.36 ± 0.006806
 p3 = 0.05765 ± 0.005884

$\sigma(m_B) \sim 60 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

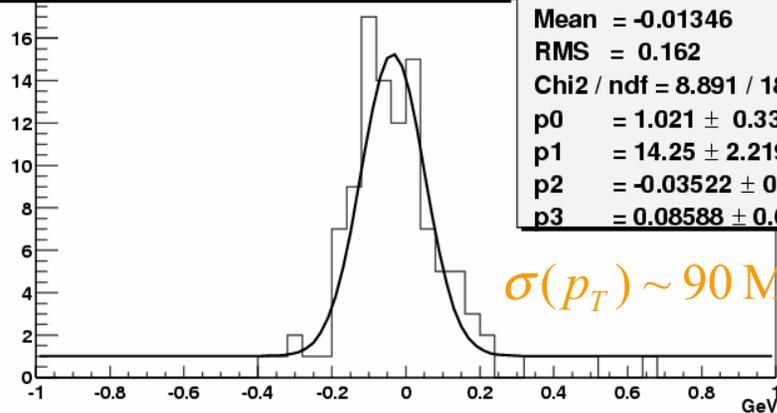
$L_{xy}(B_s)$ res. in B_s mass region



Nent = 120
 Mean = 0.00258
 RMS = 0.02381
 Chi2 / ndf = 12.94 / 28
 p0 = 1.188 ± 0.2294
 p1 = 13.65 ± 2.4
 p2 = -0.0002532 ± 0.0007026
 p3 = 0.004366 ± 0.0005553

$\sigma_L \sim 44 \mu\text{m}$

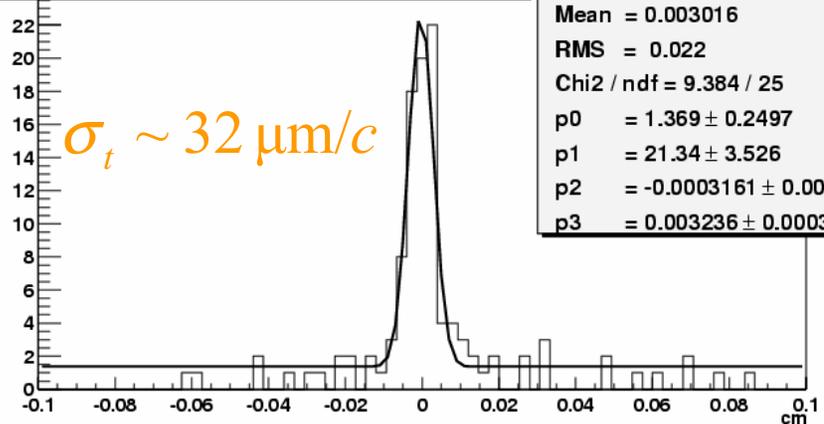
$B_s p_T$ resolution in B_s mass region



Nent = 120
 Mean = -0.01346
 RMS = 0.162
 Chi2 / ndf = 8.891 / 18
 p0 = 1.021 ± 0.33
 p1 = 14.25 ± 2.219
 p2 = -0.03522 ± 0.01331
 p3 = 0.08588 ± 0.01083

$\sigma(p_T) \sim 90 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

$c\tau(B_s)$ res. in B_s mass region



Nent = 120
 Mean = 0.003016
 RMS = 0.022
 Chi2 / ndf = 9.384 / 25
 p0 = 1.369 ± 0.2497
 p1 = 21.34 ± 3.526
 p2 = -0.0003161 ± 0.0004682
 p3 = 0.003236 ± 0.0003902

$\sigma_t \sim 32 \mu\text{m}/c$

tagging power: ϵD^2

	Method	Mode	D0	CDF	CDF @RunI	Comment
$b \rightarrow \ell^- X$	soft lepton (OS)	both	3.1	1.7	1.7	better e, μ coverage
$Q_j = \frac{\sum q_i \vec{p}_i \cdot \hat{a}}{\sum \vec{p}_i \cdot \hat{a}}$	Jet charge (OS)	both	4.7	3.0	3.0	forward tracking
	fragment. π (SS)	B_d	2.0	1.9	1.4	—
$b \rightarrow c \rightarrow K^- X$	fragment. K (SS)	B_s	—	4.2	1.0	no K-ID
	cascade K (OS)	both	—	2.4	2.4	no K-ID

tag quality calculated with $J/\psi \rightarrow \ell\ell$ trigger sample

- different tagging methods \rightarrow different systematic errors
- consistency checks between methods & experiments

Δm_s measurements

Mode	Trigger	Initial Tag	Final Tag	# of reco. events	Δm_s reach
$B_S^0 \rightarrow D_S^- \ell^+ \nu X$ $D_S^- \rightarrow \phi \pi^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^-$	$\ell\ell$	Soft lepton (OS)	lepton from B_S	$\sim 40k$	$< 20 \text{ ps}^{-1}$
<i>Large statistics, missed ν carries momentum: affects t_B^* resolution</i>					
$B_S^0 \rightarrow D_S^- \pi^+, D_S^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+$ $D_S^- \rightarrow \phi \pi^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^-$	ℓ	Soft lepton (OS)	Sign of D_S	500-1200	$< 22 \text{ ps}^{-1}$
<i>Small statistics, good vertex resolution</i>					
$B_S^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^*, K^* \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$ $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$	$\ell\ell$	All	Sign of K^+	400-1000	$< 22 \text{ ps}^{-1}$
<i>Small statistics, good vertex resolution, compare fitted mass of $K^+ \pi^-, K^0 \pi^+$</i>					

Notes:

- Additional modes $D_S \rightarrow K^{*0} K^-, J/\psi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ not explored yet

- Older MC studies, do not include forward detector

$$\eta > 1 \Leftrightarrow \vartheta < 40^\circ$$

- Studies with new tracking & vertexing underway

$$\eta < -1 \Leftrightarrow \vartheta > 140^\circ$$

Sources of uncertainty

- **Branching ratios for B_s decays: poorly measured**
- **Efficiency for reconstruction, trigger: based on MC studies**
- **New triggers, tagging: need to study bias**

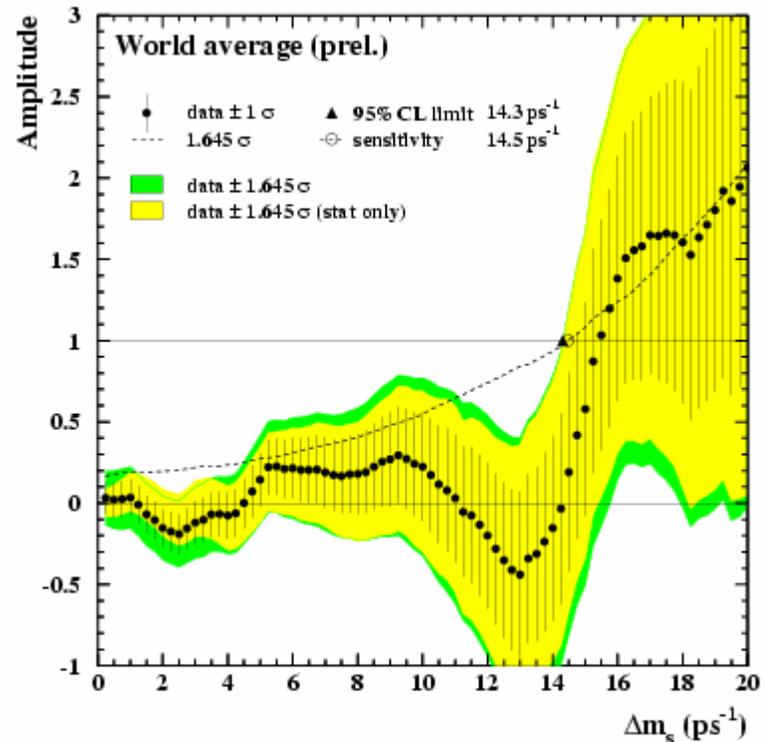
Δm_s fit: Amplitude Method

Fit to

$$\frac{\Gamma_S}{2} e^{(-\Gamma_S t)} \times [1 \pm A \cos(\Delta m_S t)]$$

Moser & Roussarie NIM A 384 (1997)

- “Bump” at 17 ps^{-1}
- SM gives: $20 < x_S < 31$
($13 \text{ ps}^{-1} < \Delta m_s < 21 \text{ ps}^{-1}$)



$\Delta\Gamma_s$ Phenomenology

- **SM : CP violation in B_s mixing small**

$$\Gamma(B_S^{\text{short}}) - \Gamma(B_S^{\text{long}}) \equiv \Delta\Gamma_S \approx \Delta\Gamma_{CP} \equiv \Gamma(B_S^{\text{CP even}}) - \Gamma(B_S^{\text{CP odd}})$$

$$\Delta\Gamma_S = \Delta\Gamma_{CP} \cos\phi$$

CPV phase in mixing

$(\phi_{\text{SM}} \sim 0)$

- **New physics: large CP violation; affects only $\Delta\Gamma_s$**

$$a_{CP}(B_S \rightarrow J/\psi \phi) \propto \sin\phi$$

determine

CPV phase

$\Delta\Gamma_s$ measurements

From lifetime of B_s candidates:

1. CP eigenstate sample: sensitivity \sim

$$\Delta\Gamma_s \cdot \cos\varphi = \Delta\Gamma_{CP} \cdot \cos^2\varphi$$

$B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$

CDF-RunI: $(77 \pm 19) \% CP$ -even

easy trigger: $\sim 20k$ reconstructed events

- admixture of CP -even and CP -odd states
- angular analysis is needed
- the $\Delta\Gamma_s$ error depends on the admixture

... $\Delta\Gamma_s$ measurements

...From lifetime of B_s candidates:

2. CP eigenstate + (50%-even, 50%-odd) sample:

$$\Delta\Gamma_s = 2 \cos \phi \times \left[\Gamma(B_s^{\text{CP even}}) - \Gamma(B_s^{\text{CP 50:50}}) \right]$$

" $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \Phi$ "

$B_s \rightarrow D_s \pi$

~ 1000 events

3. CP eigenstate sample:

$B_s \rightarrow D_s^+ D_s^-$ CP - even

But: not straightforward: overlaps with ~ 4x copious

$B_s \rightarrow D_s^{*+} D_s^{*-}$ (unknown) admixture of
 CP - even & CP - odd

$\Delta\Gamma_s$ - Expected sensitivity

$$\sigma(\Delta\Gamma_s / \Gamma_s) \sim 0.04 - 0.07$$

All modes combined

Phenomenology

$$\frac{|\Delta\Gamma_s|}{\Gamma_s} \sim 10 - 20\% \text{ (SM)}$$

keep in mind: we need $>5\sigma$ for discovery

What about Δm_d ?

- Many modes (semileptonic, hadronic, dileptons, ...);
~ same methodology
- More B_d 's than B_s 's: $\frac{f_d}{f_s} \approx 4$
- Easier than Δm_s in principle (slower oscillation)
- But: focus has been on Δm_s ; use Δm_d to
prove tagging & vertexing, come back to this later

Status of DØ

- **Data collection:**
 - global DAQ most of the time
 - 10% of time devoted to detector commissioning
- **Silicon Detector: operating with 80% of system (95% in 2 weeks)**
- **Fiber Tracker: all axial boards, 20% of stereo in place**
- **Calorimeter: running smoothly**
- **Muon Detectors: running smoothly**
- **Trigger:**
 - L1: running with electrons, jets, muons and dimuons
 - L2: commissioning muons, cal; filtering within month
 - L3: filtering with jet & EM; output: 30 Hz
- **Working on improving tracking efficiency**

Lots of data and hard work are ahead of us!