

SM Higgs Searches at DØ

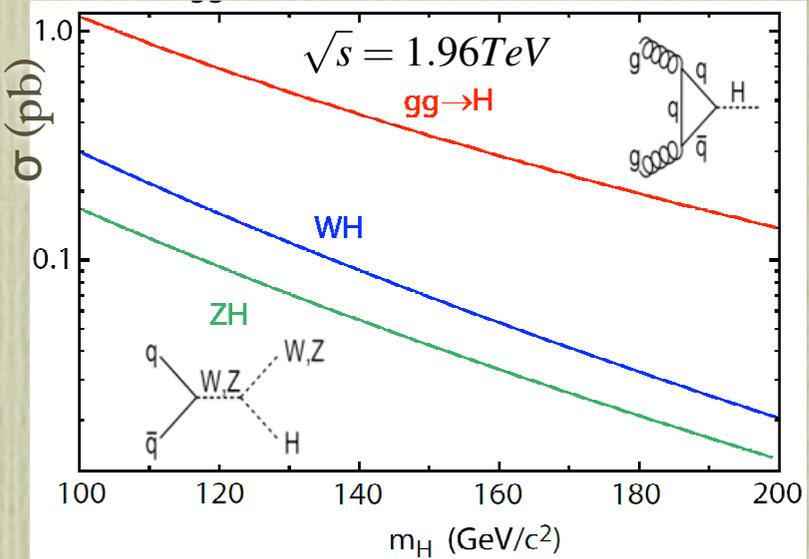
Sabine W Lammers

Columbia University

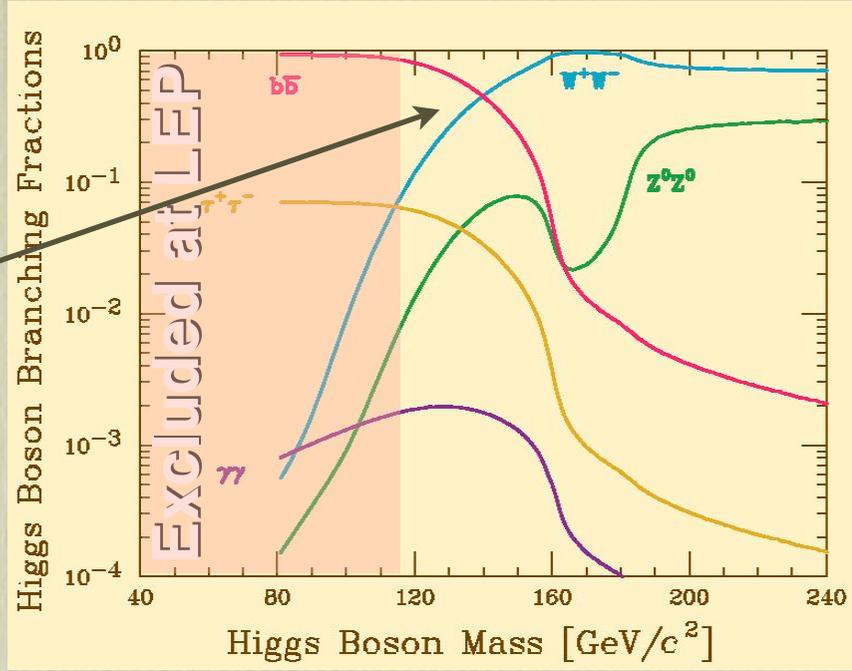
on behalf of the DZero Collaboration

20 February, 2006

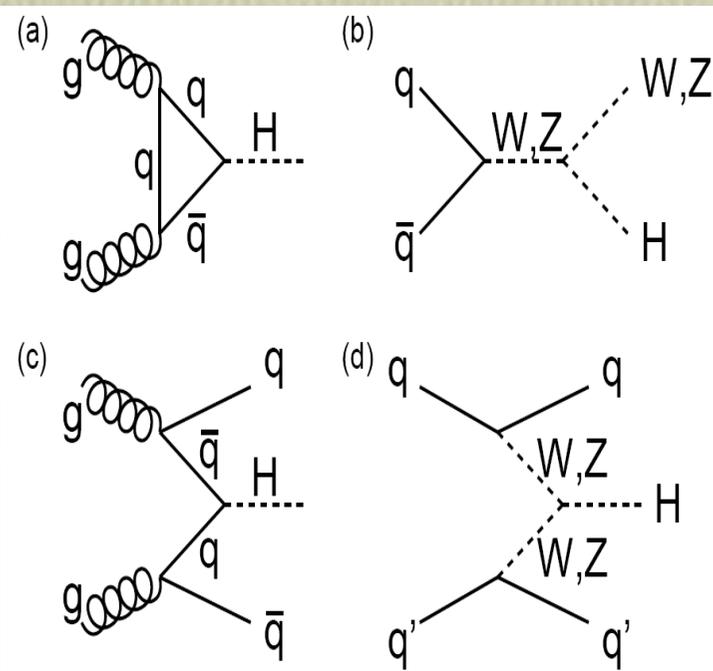
Production Mechanisms, Decays and Search Channels



$b\bar{b} (W^+W^-)$
 final states
 dominate
 at low (high)
 Higgs masses

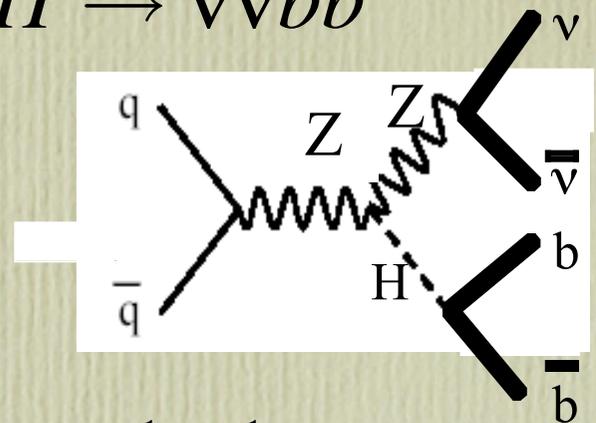


Dominant production by gluon fusion,
 also Higgsstrahlung, Vector-Boson Fusion(VBF)

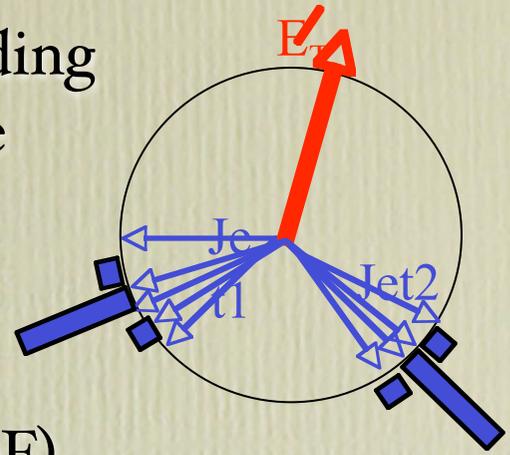


DZero Search Channels (recent results)	Data
$ZH \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}b\bar{b}$	261 pb^{-1}
$WH \rightarrow e\nu b\bar{b}$	382 pb^{-1}
$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu \ell'^- \bar{\nu}$	$299\text{-}325 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
$WH \rightarrow WWW^* \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \ell'^\pm \nu q\bar{q}$	$363\text{-}384 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

$$ZH \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}b\bar{b}$$



Needs good understanding of calorimeter response and b-tagging!

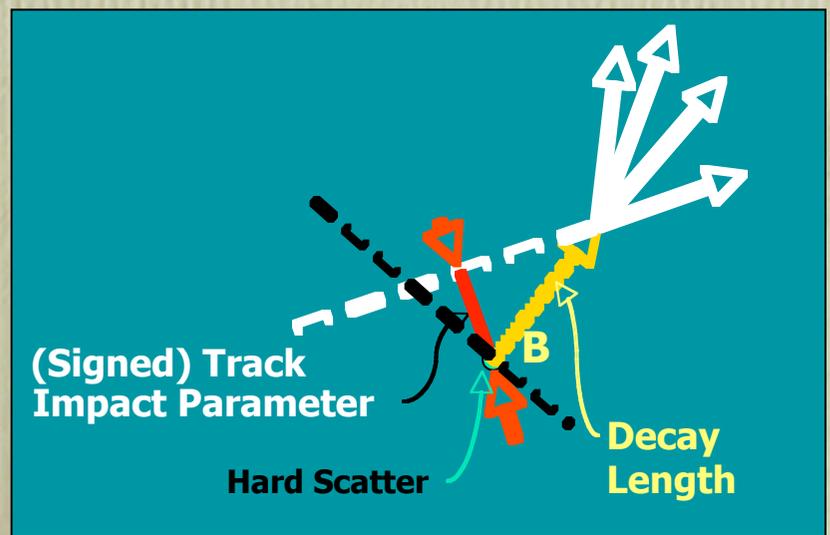


- proved to be very sensitive channel in Run I (at CDF)
- distinctive signature: two acoplanar jets and missing E_T
- physics backgrounds: Z +jets, W +jets, WZ , ZZ , top production
- instrumental backgrounds: multijet events with jet energy mismeasurement

B-tagging: lifetime probability algorithm searches for jets having tracks with large impact parameters (JLIP)

Event Selection:

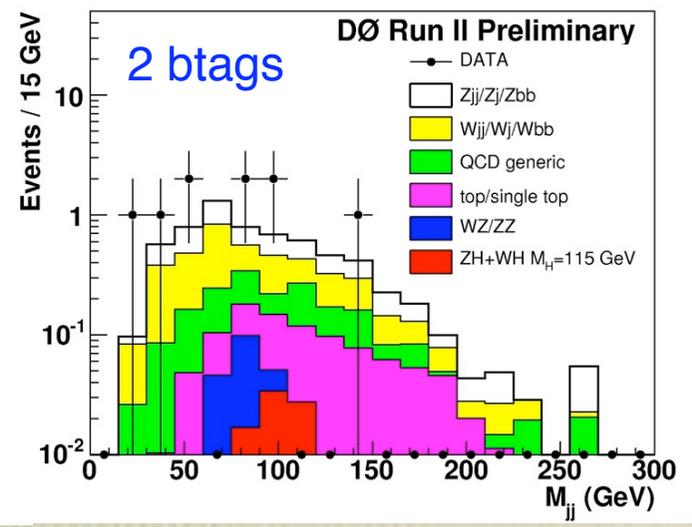
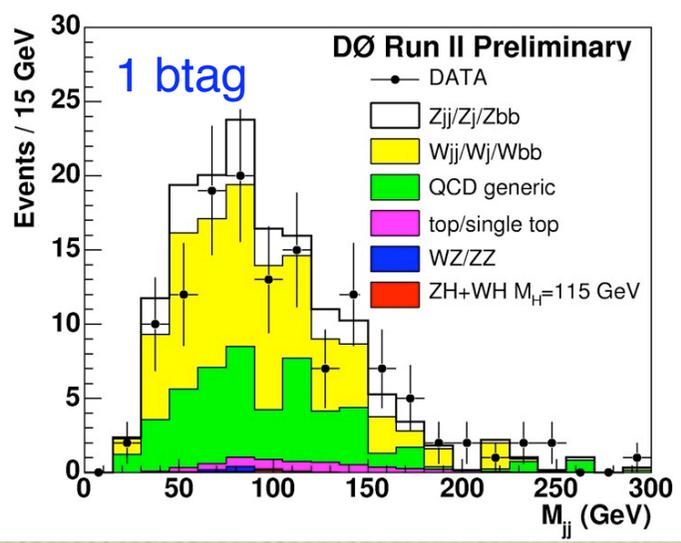
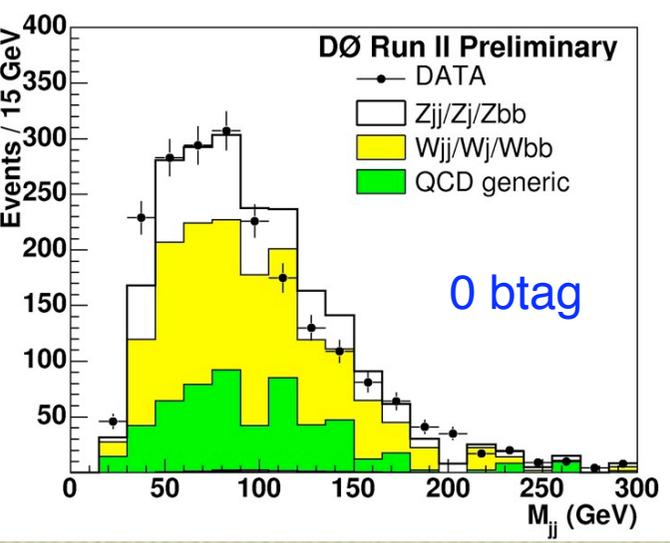
- 2 jets with $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$ and $|\eta| < 2.5$
- missing $E_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- no back-to-back event topology, no isolated tracks
- H_T (scalar sum of jet p_T) $< 200 \text{ GeV}$
- various track and asymmetry cuts for reducing instrumental background



B-tagging efficiency $\sim 43\%$ with 0.5% mistag rate after “taggability” (jet-track quality cuts) and lifetime probability requirements are imposed.

$ZH \rightarrow v\bar{v}b\bar{b}$

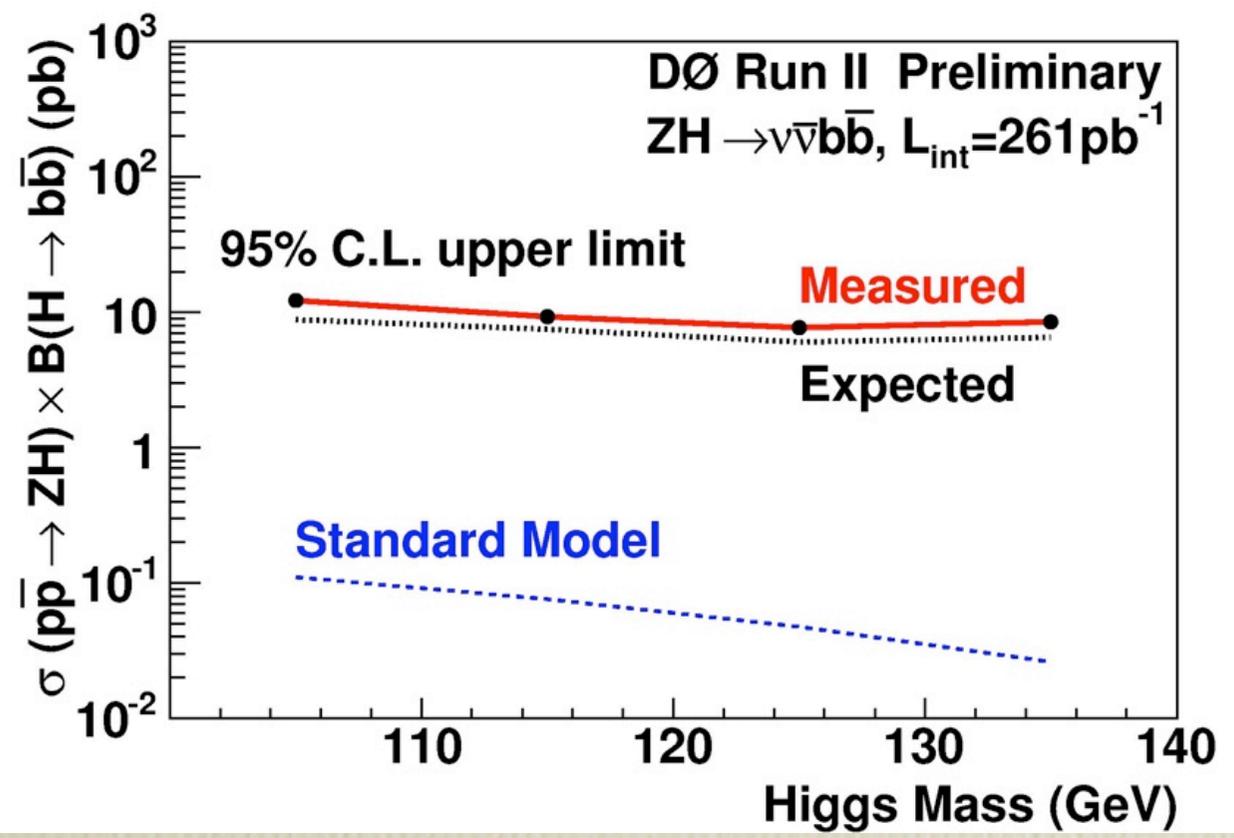
Dijet masses with 0, 1, 2 btags



For $m_H=115$ GeV, expect 2.19 events in dijet mass window $80\text{GeV} < M_{jj} < 130\text{GeV}$, observe 3
 \Rightarrow cross section limit of 9.3 pb at 95% confidence level

Systematic errors:
 • 26% on signal acceptance
 • 33% on background

New results in this channel with more data and increased sensitivity will be released soon!



$$WH \rightarrow evb\bar{b}$$

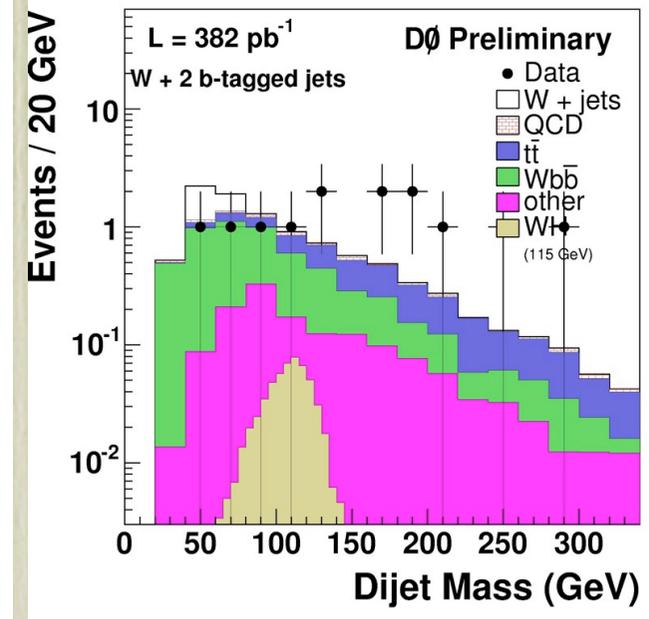
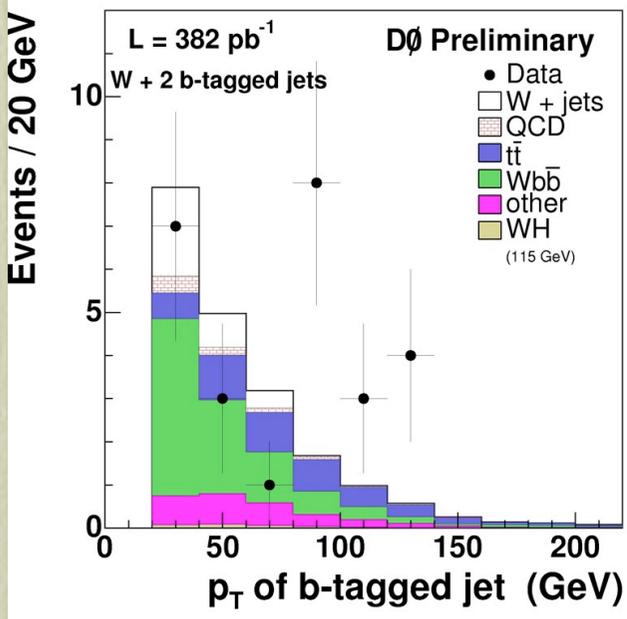
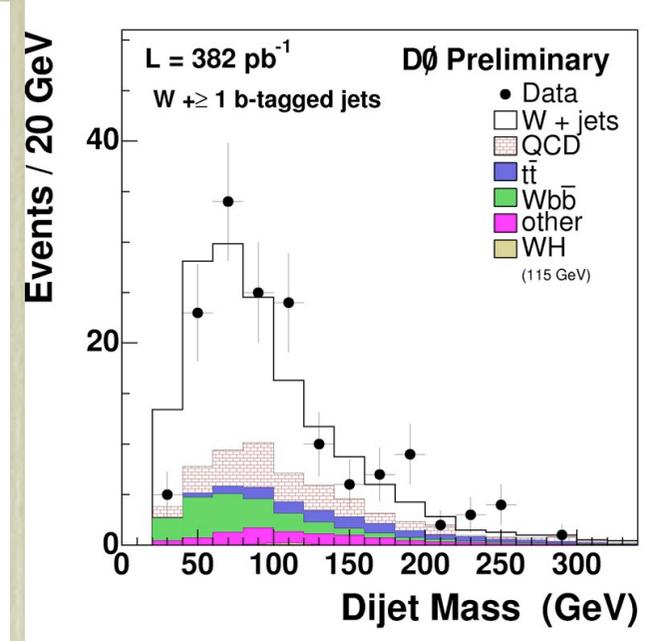
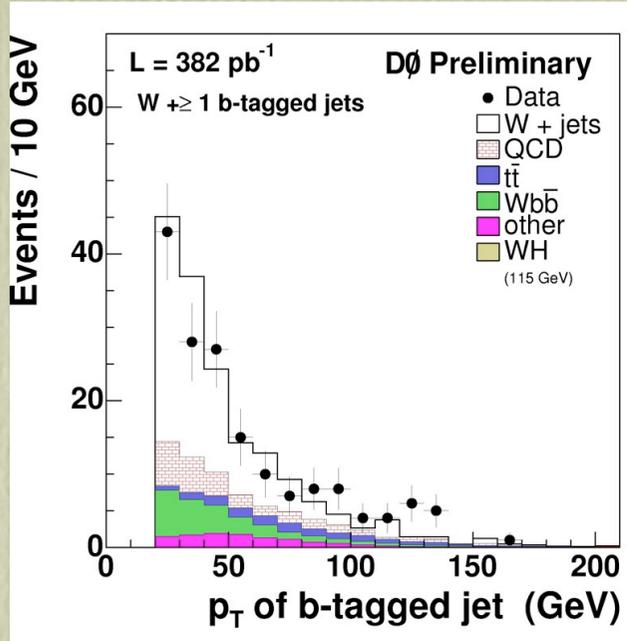
Single and double b-tagged jet distributions

Event Selection:

- electron $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$ and $|\eta| < 1.1$
- electron quality and shaping cuts, veto second lepton
- missing $E_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- 2 jets with $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$ and $|\eta| < 2.5$ (at least 1 b-tagged)

JLIP b-tagging employed

Single b-tagged sample used as control; double b-tagged sample used to extract limit (from dijet mass distribution)



Backgrounds: W +jets, multijet, $t\bar{t}$, single top, WZ

$$WH \rightarrow e\nu b\bar{b}$$

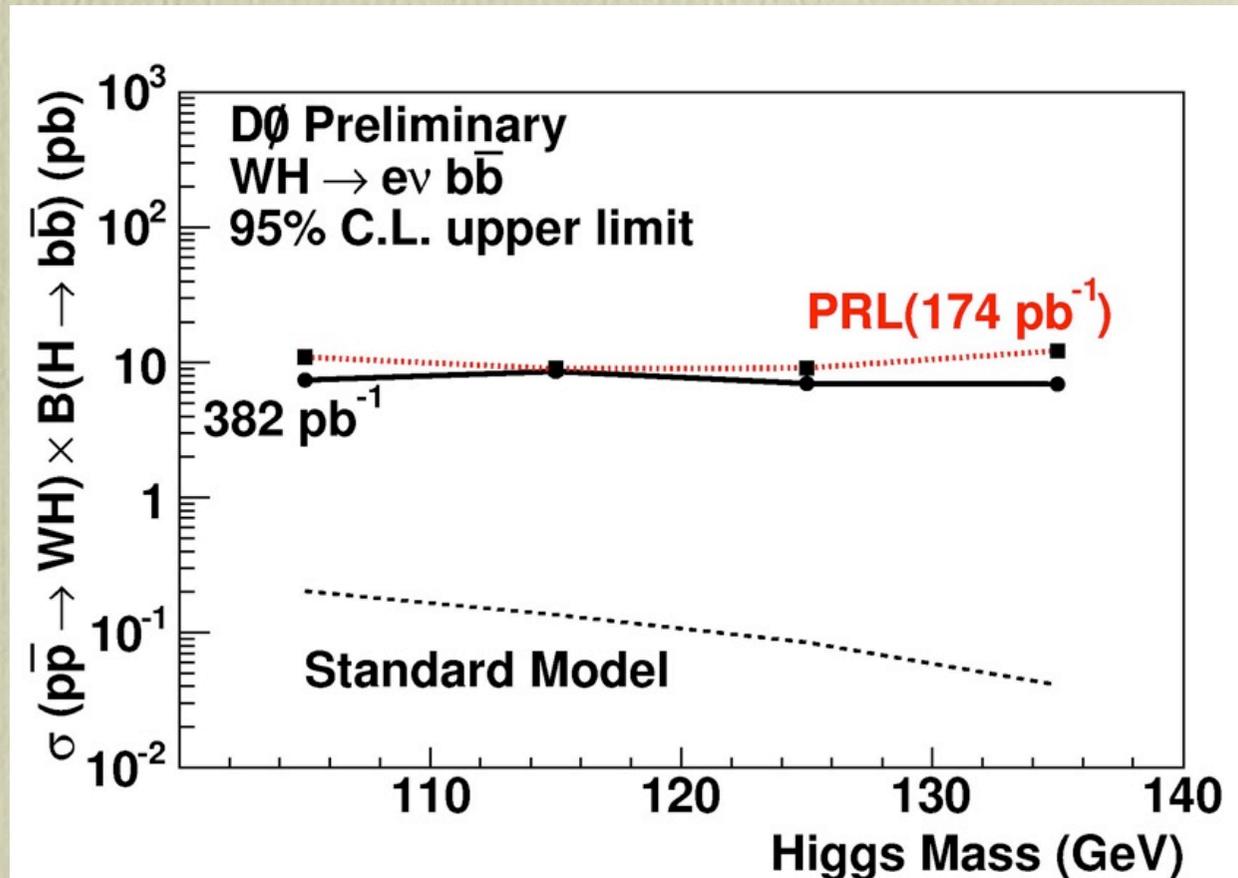
Expected signal and background events at various stages of the analysis:

	W+2jets	W+2b	W+2b $85 < m_{b\bar{b}} < 135 \text{ GeV}$
Wb \bar{b}	44.8 ± 10.7	4.29 ± 1.03	1.10 ± 0.26
WH	0.94 ± 0.2	0.14 ± 0.03	0.12 ± 0.03
Total Background	3771 ± 911	5.73 ± 1.45	2.37 ± 0.59
Total Expectation	3816 ± 921	10.2 ± 2.4	2.49 ± 0.62
Data	3844	13	4

4 events observed in mass window $85 \text{ GeV} < m_{b\bar{b}} < 135 \text{ GeV}$, with $2.37 \pm .59$ expected from background => upper limit on WH cross section = 8.6pb.

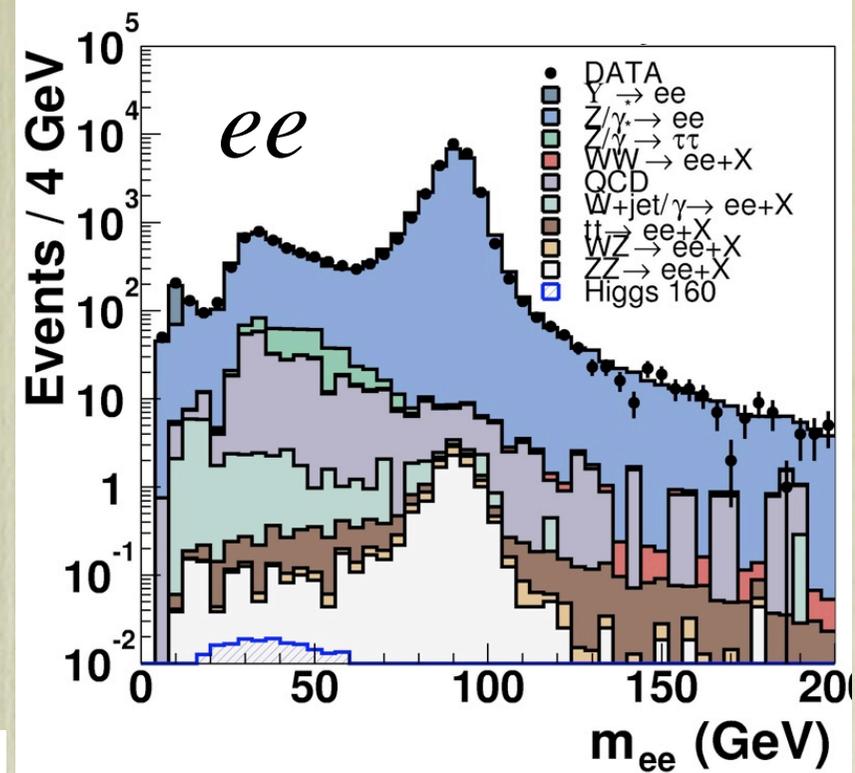
Look for improved limits using the same data in the next months. Analysis improvements include:

- increased electron acceptance
- optimized b-tagging likelihood
- separation of single and double b-tagged analyses

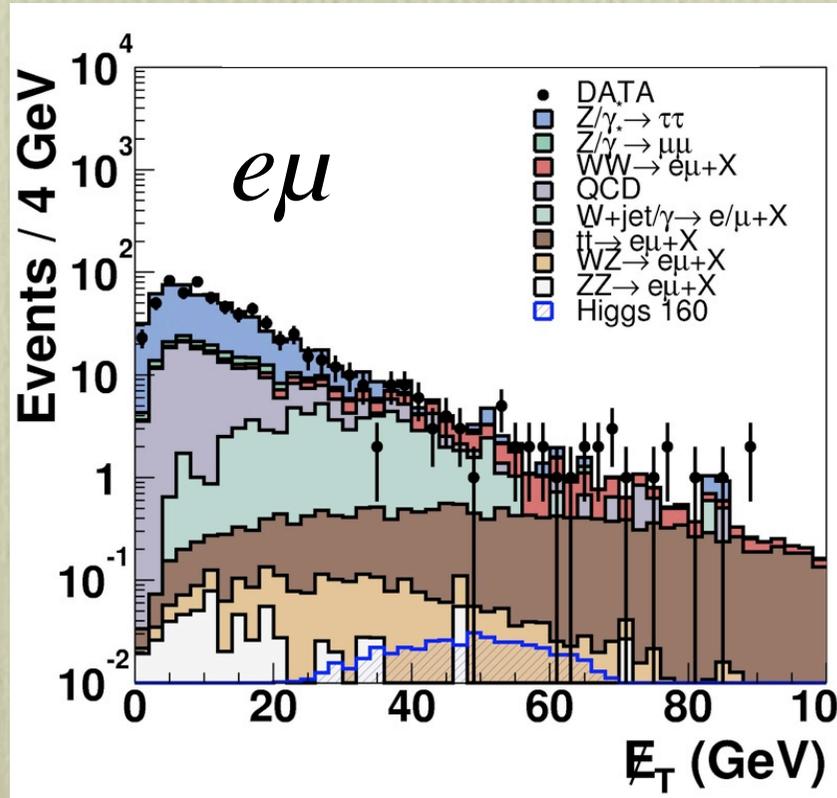


$$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu \ell'^- \bar{\nu}$$

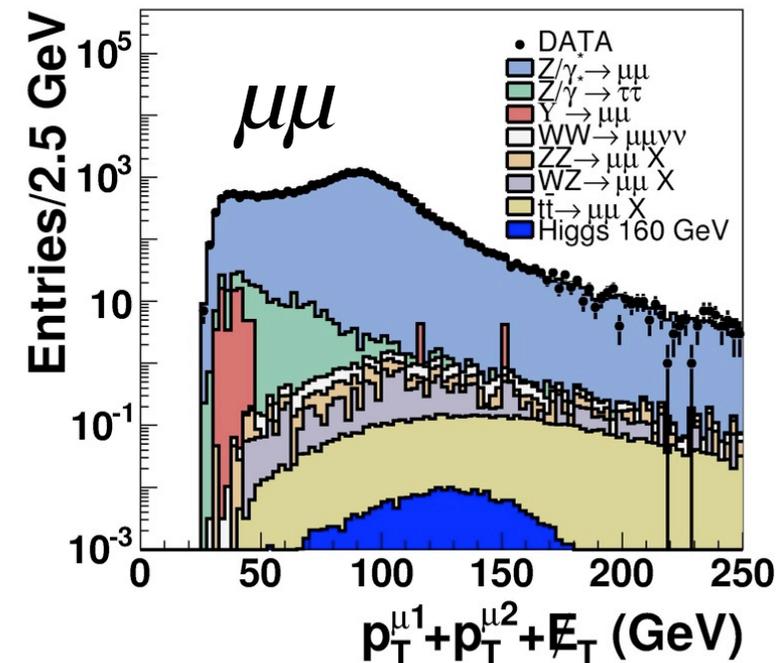
- Dominant production mechanism for higher mass Higgs
- 3 decay channels: $ee, e\mu, \mu\mu$
- Triggered by oppositely charged single/di-leptons
- Backgrounds: $WW, WZ, ZZ, \text{Drell-Yan}, W+\text{jets}, W+\gamma, tt, \text{multijets}$



Leptonic final state => excellent modeling of the data



Exhaustive list of backgrounds!

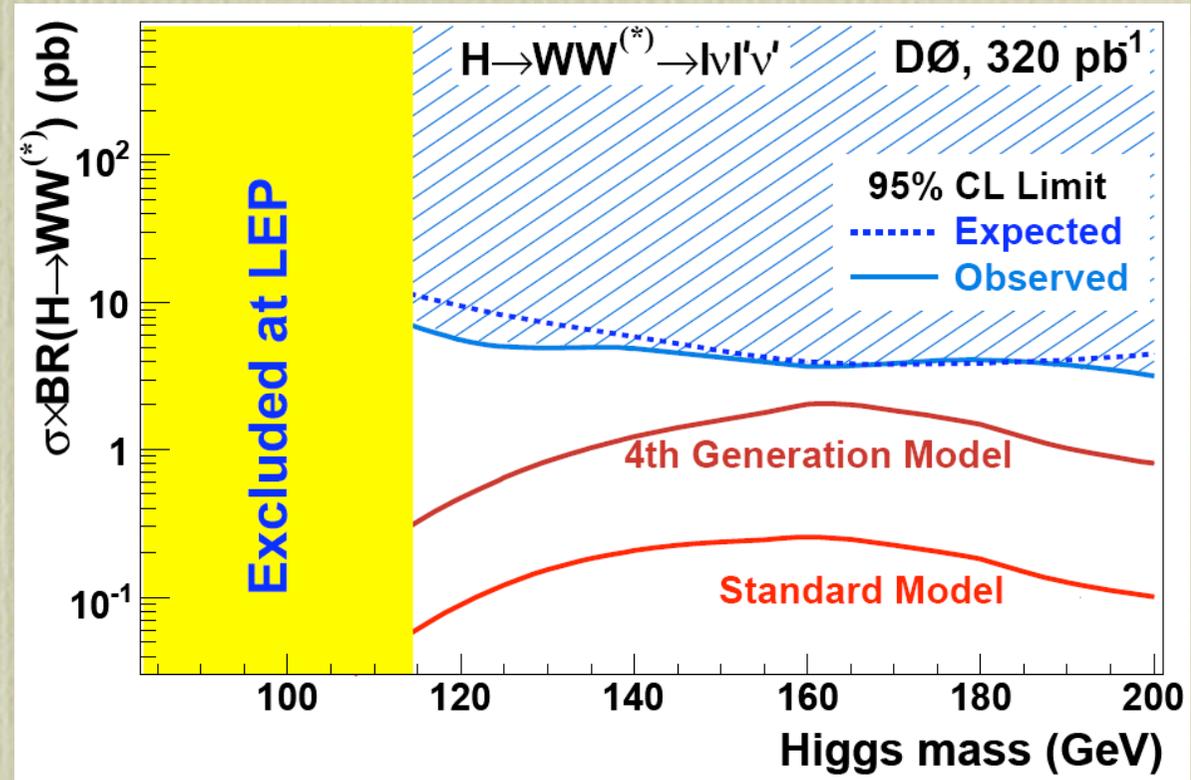
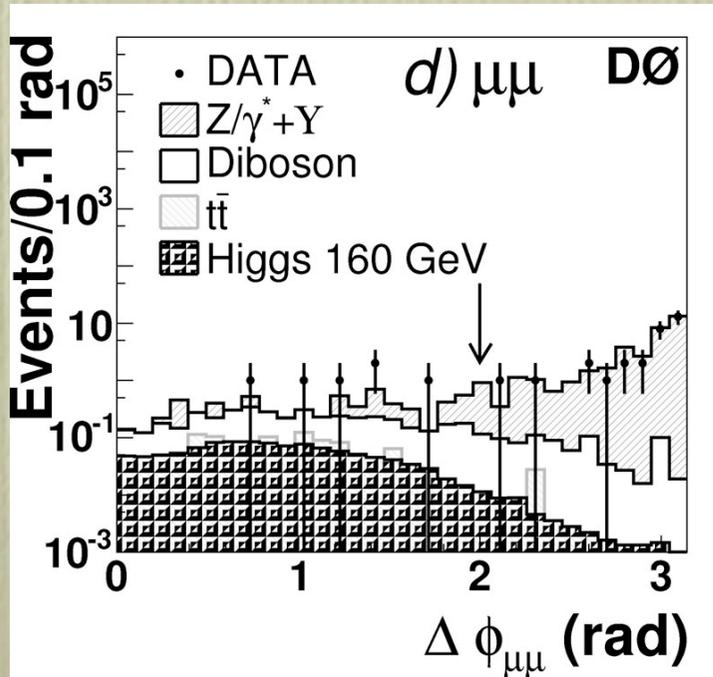


$$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu \ell'^- \bar{\nu}$$

Higgs production limits extracted from combination of three decay modes for 6 different Higgs boson masses. Modified frequentist method used.

Event Selection:

- $p_T > 15(10)$ GeV for leading(trailing) lepton
- missing $E_T > 20$ GeV
- scaled missing $E_T > 15$ GeV
- invariant mass cut on dileptons
- sum of p_T of leptons and missing E_T
- H_T (scalar sum of jet p_T) < 100 GeV
- azimuthal angle between two leptons $\Delta\phi_{ll} < 2.0$ - distinctive angular correlation of leptons due to scalar nature of Higgs boson.



M_H (GeV)	100	120	140	160	180	200
Expected limits (pb)	20.3	9.5	5.9	4.0	3.9	4.5
Observed limits (pb)	18.5	5.6	4.9	3.7	4.1	3.2

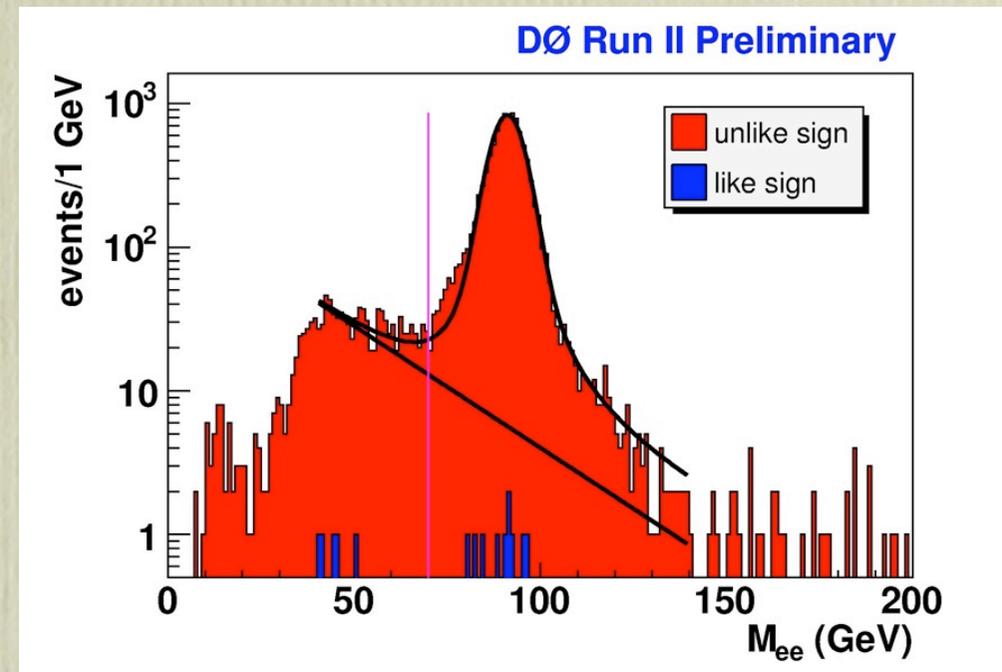
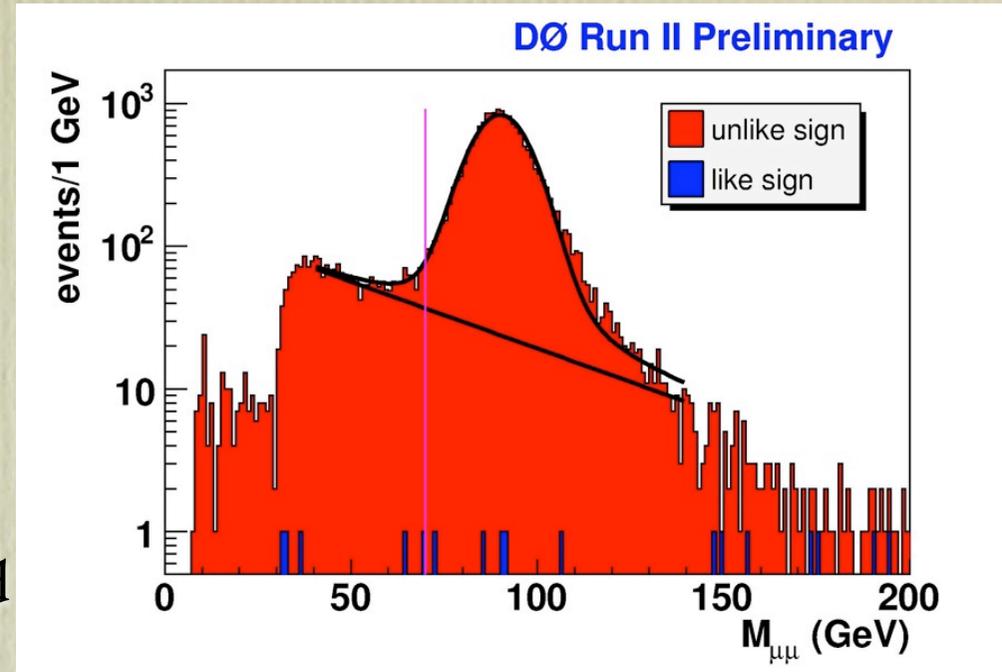
$$WH \rightarrow WWW^* \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \ell^\pm \nu q \bar{q}$$

This associated Higgs production mode makes use of **like-sign isolated lepton** (electrons or muons) signature

- one of W's from Higgs decay has same-sign lepton as associated W
- avoids large SM backgrounds (Z/ γ^* , WW, tt production) present in direct $H \rightarrow WW^*$ searches
- background from “charge flips” accounted for by estimating flip probability from data (ratio of like to unlike sign events at high invariant mass ($M_{ll} > 70$ GeV))

Event Selection:

- dilepton ($ee, e\mu, \mu\mu$) trigger
 - EM cluster with $p_T > 15$ GeV, $|\eta| < 1.1$, matched to central track
 - isolated muon with $p_T > 15$ GeV
- third lepton veto
- missing $E_T > 20$ GeV

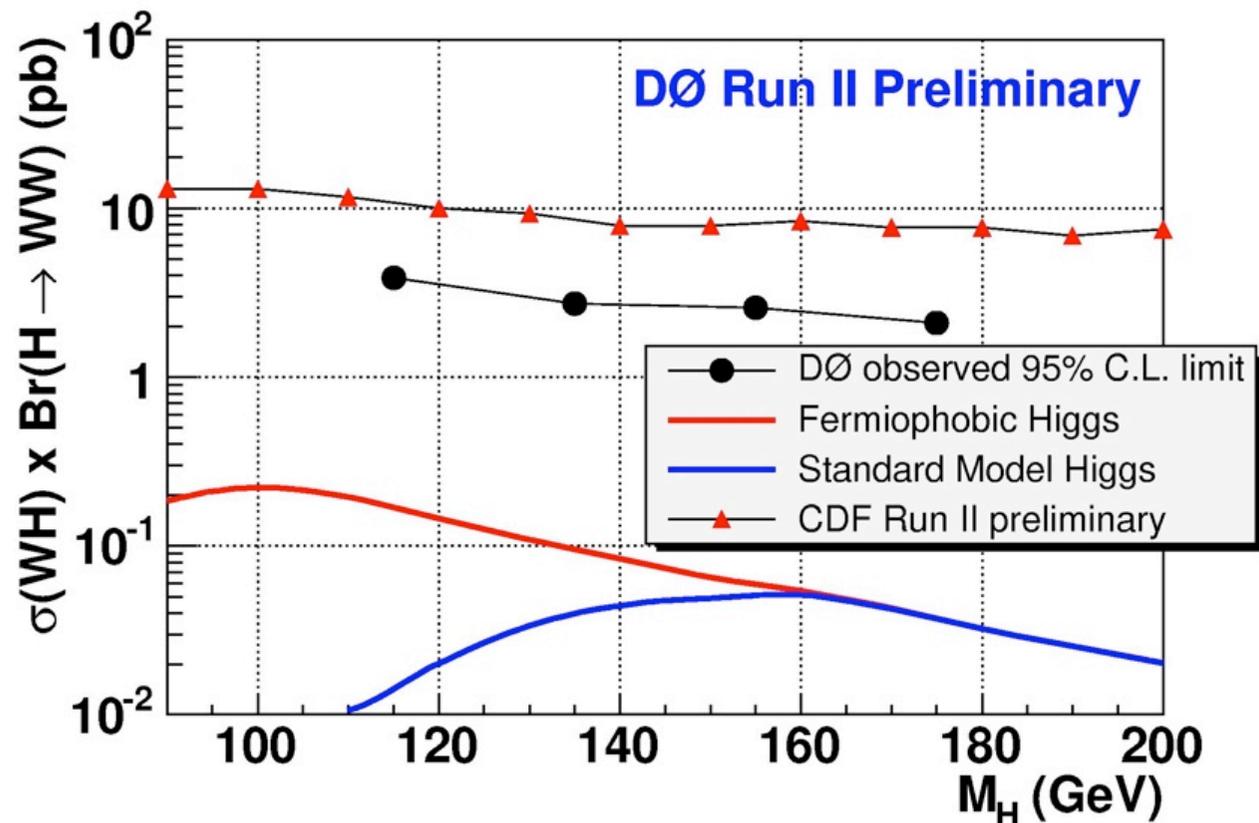


$$WH \rightarrow WWW^* \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \ell^\pm \nu q \bar{q}$$

TABLE II: The number of observed and predicted events after all selection cuts.

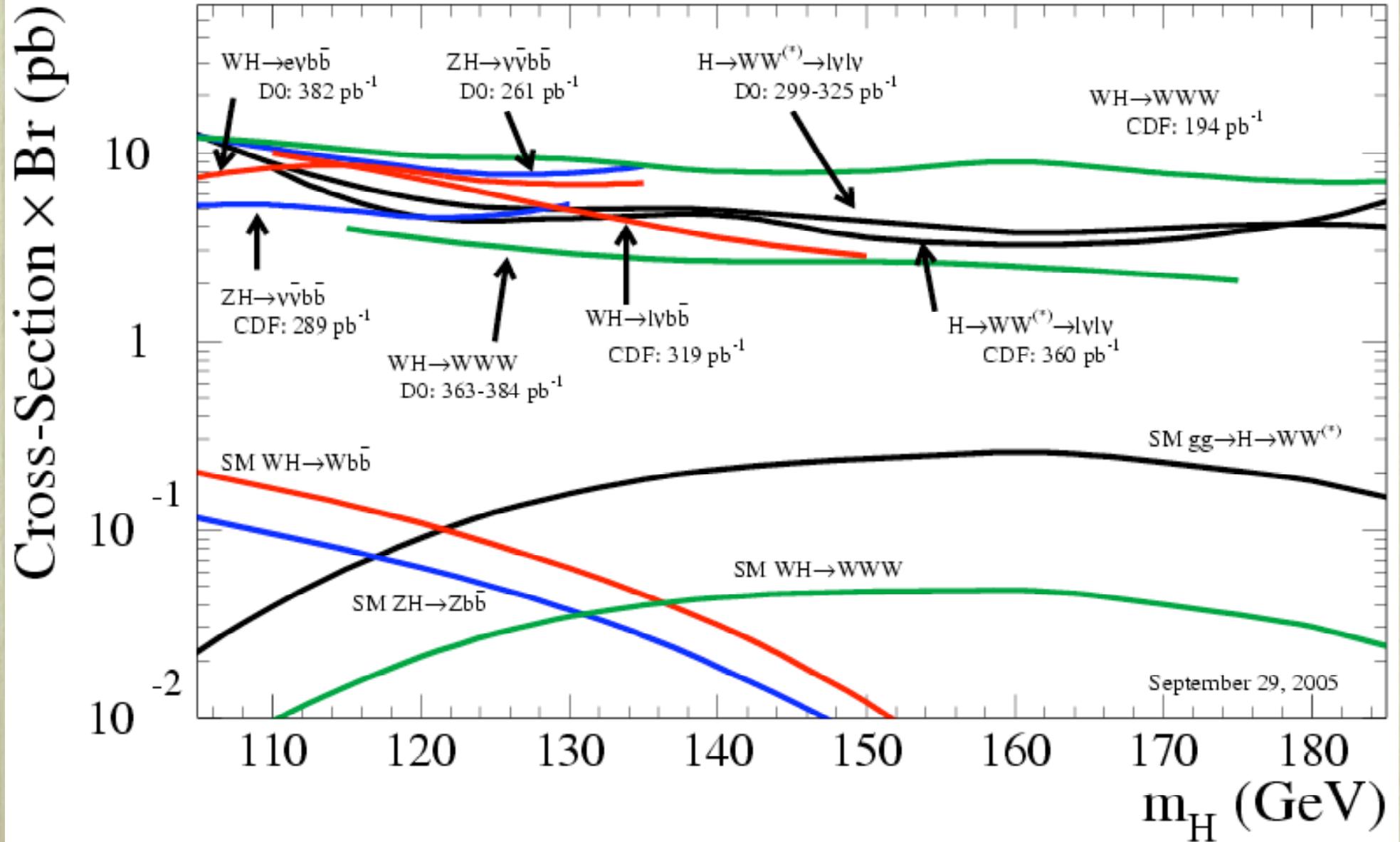
	ee	$e\mu$	$\mu\mu$
observed data	1	3	2
WZ	0.43 ± 0.03	0.33 ± 0.03	0.16 ± 0.03
charge flips	0.20 ± 0.06	0.05 ± 0.01	3.40 ± 0.73
W/QCD	0.07 ± 0.04	3.94 ± 0.23	0.16 ± 0.18
total background	0.70 ± 0.08	4.32 ± 0.23	3.72 ± 0.75

- Number of events found in data is compatible with SM background.
- Cross section upper limits calculated using the modified frequentist approach.



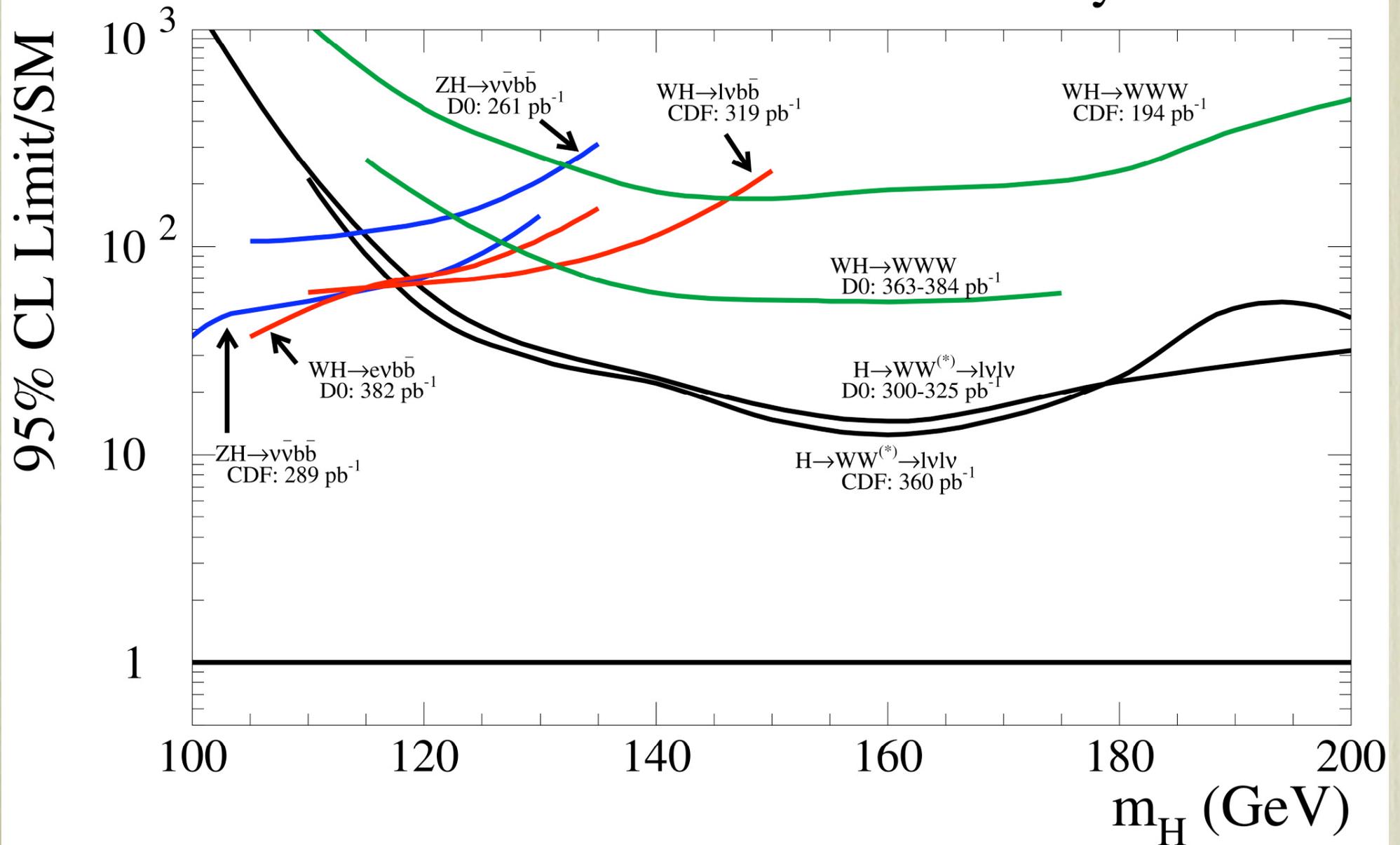
Where We Stand Now

Tevatron Run II Preliminary



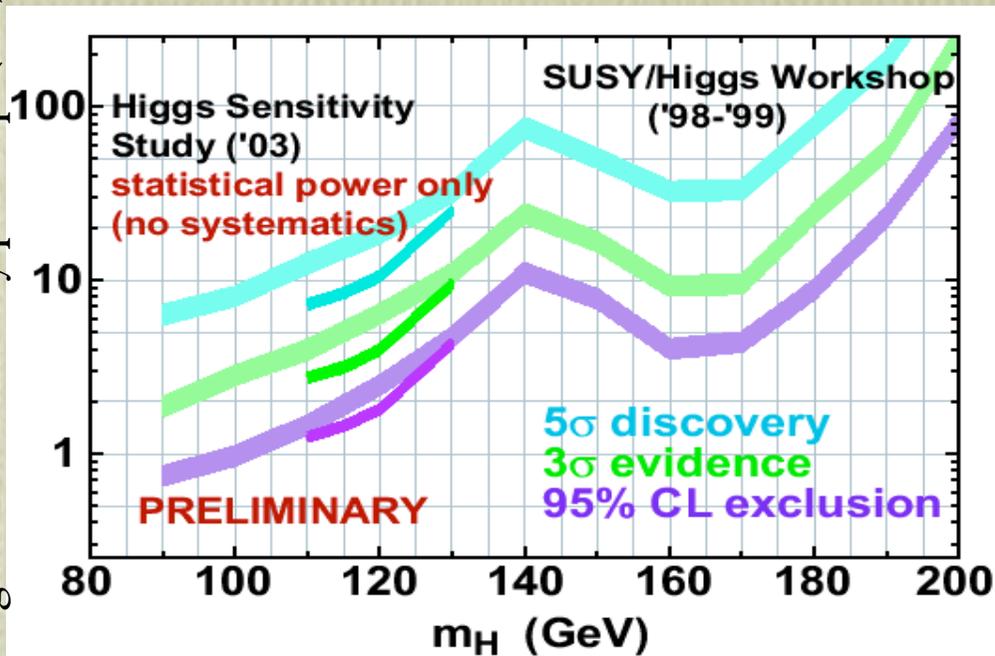
Or put a different way.. Limit/SM

Tevatron Run II Preliminary



Sensitivity Studies

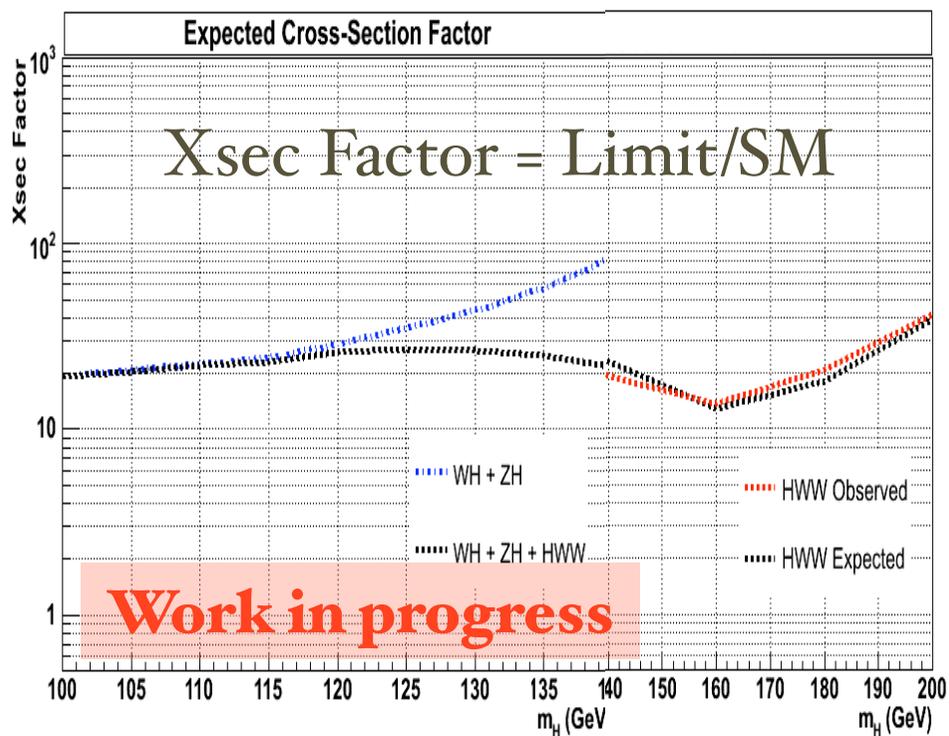
Integrated Luminosity per Exp. (fb^{-1})



Current results from CDF and DZero show that optimal sensitivity (as predicted by past Higgs working group meetings) has not yet been reached (typically by factor 2-3).

Due to a variety of factors:

- selection efficiency
- b-tagging efficiency
- trigger efficiency
- larger backgrounds
- mass resolution



To bridge gap between current limits and SM prediction, we can advance in a number of ways:

- add/combine channels
- combine experiments
- optimize analysis techniques
- use more data

Look for analyses with 1 fb^{-1} of data in the summer!

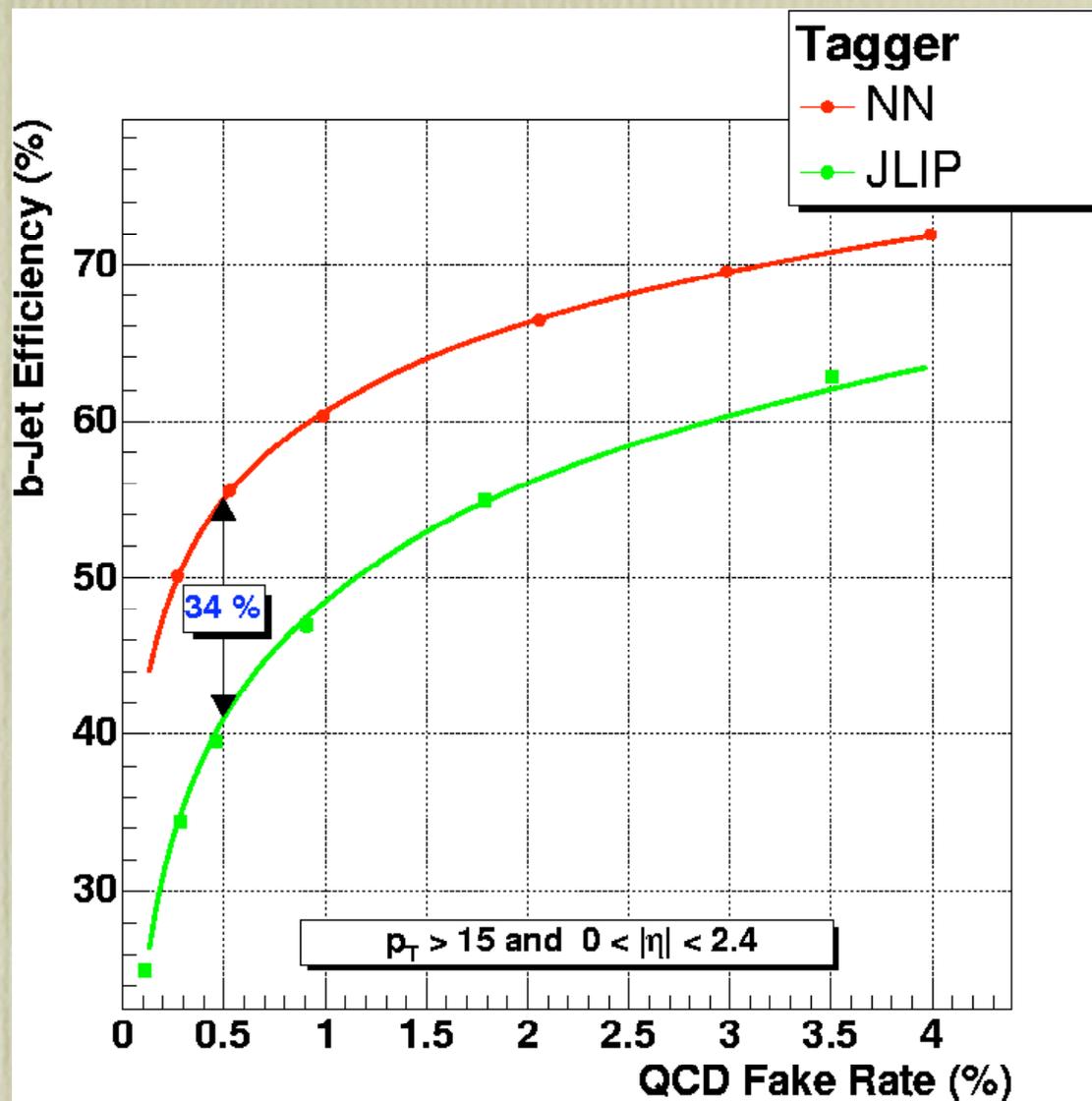
Neural Network (NN) Algorithms

Neural-network b-tagging algorithm yields 34% increase in b-jet ID efficiency for the same fake rate.

Most Higgs searches with b-jets in the final state will move to NN b-tagging.

Neural network event selections are being investigated.

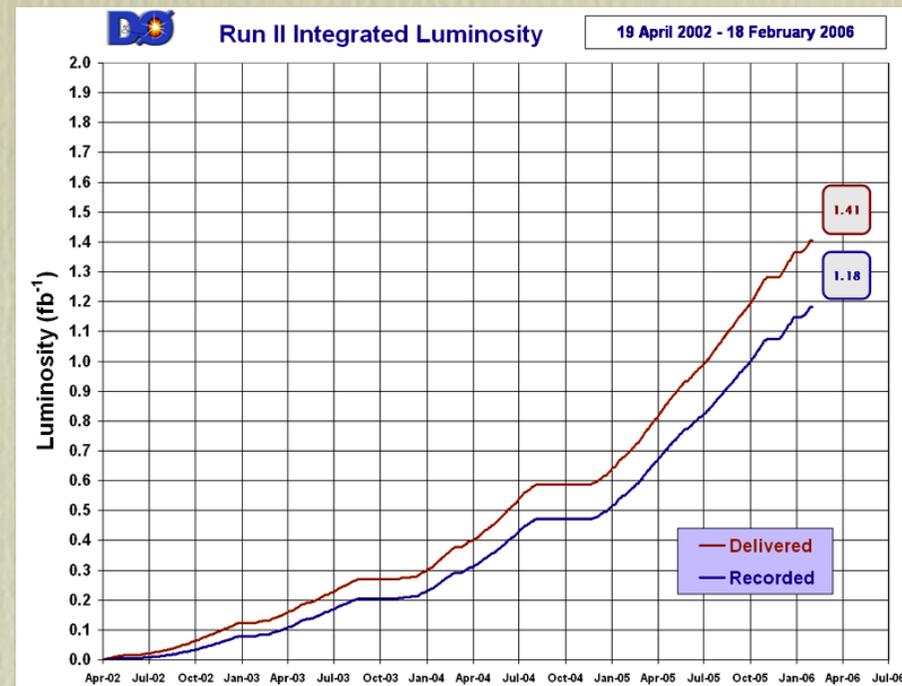
- CDF has tried this in $ZH \rightarrow llbb$ and found factor 1.5 improvement in sensitivity.
- DZero has improved single top sensitivity by factor ~ 2



Can gain by loosening b-tag requirements, also by combining separate single-tagged and double-tagged analyses.

Summary and Outlook

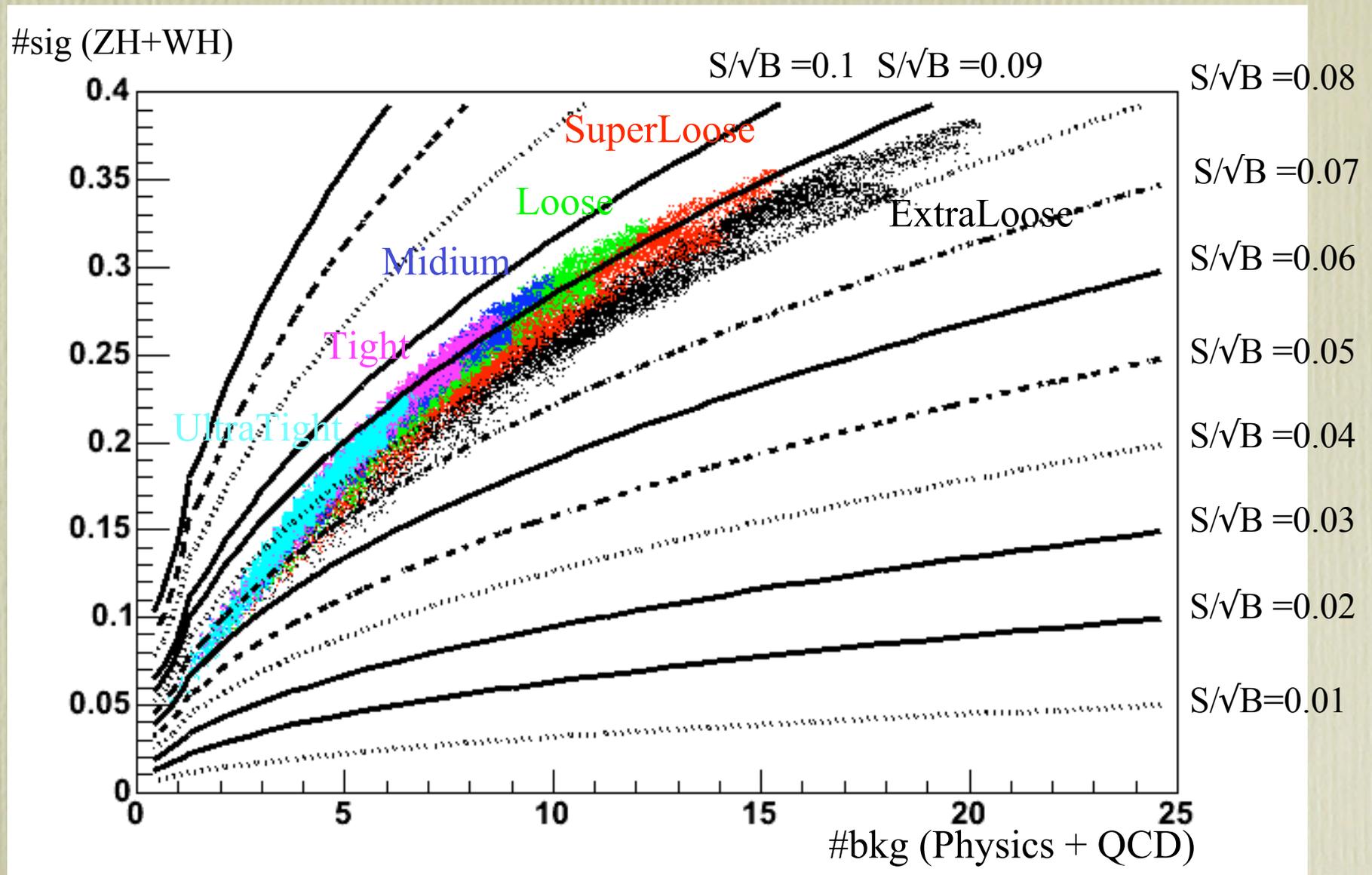
- Presented 4 recent searches for SM Higgs boson production
- No indication of a Higgs signal was observed, 95% confidence level limits on production cross section has been calculated
 - with current data/analyses, we are factor of 2-3 away from potential sensitivity, but are closing the gap
- A number of analysis techniques have been investigated which indicate very promising improvement in sensitivity to SM Higgs, including b-tagging optimization, neural network techniques, trigger and event selection optimization, combining search channels
- We are working toward results with 1 fb^{-1} of data and improved analysis techniques for this summer.



Excellent Tevatron performance!
Recent pbar stacking record of ~20mA/hr
Have 1 fb^{-1} in the bag, hope for 7-8 in run2b
Trigger, silicon (Layer 0) detector upgrades
(→ installation next week!)

B-tagging

Signal vs. Background ($M_H=115$ GeV)



Can gain by loosening b-tag requirements, also by combining separate single-tagged and double-tagged analyses.

Improvements by Search Channel

For summer 2006, with 1 fb^{-1} data, we expect:

WH/ZH include WHWW and $Z l^+ l^-$ channel! (*1.3)

WH/ZH: use Neural Net Tagger (*1.34*1.34)

WH/ZH: use Neural Net Selection (*1.8)

WH/ZH: use TrackCalJets mass resolution (*1.3)

WH(e): include End-Cap calorimeter

WH(\emptyset): improve QCD rejection loosen b-tag

WH: include W (*1.4)

Total for WH/ZH: $1.34^2 * 1.3 * 1.2 = 2.8$ another gain of $\sqrt{2.8} = 1.7$ in sensitivity
(compare to the missing 1.5)