



# New Phenomena Results from DØ in Run II

- **Run II vs Run I**
- **A new capability for DØ:**  $Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
- **Reports from 7 new Run II analyses**
  - Chargino/Neutralino Search : Trilepton mode
  - GMSB SUSY Search :  $2\gamma + \cancel{E}_T$
  - SUGRA Search : Jets +  $\cancel{E}_T$
  - Limits on New Physics in an  $e\text{-}\mu$  Search
  - Search for 2nd Gen LQ :  $2\mu + 2$  jets
  - Search for Large Extra Dimensions : di-EM channel
  - Search for Large Extra Dimensions : di- $\mu$  channel
- **Conclusions**



## Run II vs Run I

- **We have higher production cross sections: 1.96 TeV**
  - Always nice for searches
- **Most analyses in this talk utilize around 30-50 pb<sup>-1</sup> (Run I total was ~120 pb<sup>-1</sup>)**
  - Variation in trigger availability
  - Variation in data quality cuts for particular physics object
- **We aren't using the full suite of Run II triggers yet**
  - Still commissioning central track and displaced vtx triggers



## $Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ - A Significant Analysis for Searches

- $\tau$ 's are often a significant part of the Beyond the Standard Model phenomenology
  - Trilepton SUSY searches, third generation leptoquarks, Higgs searches ...
- Need a SM channel to give confidence in modeling, detection efficiency, ...
- 2 searches at DØ are seeing evidence for the decay  $Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ , for the first time at Tevatron
- One analysis searches for e and hadronic  $\tau$  decays, the other for  $\mu$  and hadronic  $\tau$  decays



$$Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$$

**(electron + hadronic mode)**

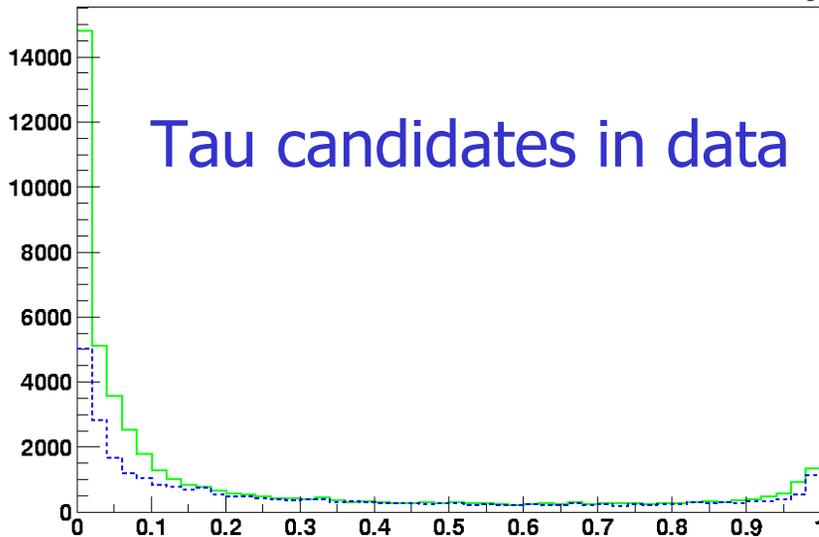
- **Method: Use collinear approximation to calculate  $M_{\tau\tau}$** 
  - preselect electron sample with  $E_T > 12$  GeV; require jet which is a  $\tau$  candidate
  - daughter particles from  $\tau$  are assumed to give  $\tau$  direction; measured  $\cancel{E}_T$  used to project neutrino momentum along  $\tau$  direction
  - requires cut in  $\Delta\phi$  in order to keep reasonable resolution (significant efficiency loss)
  - for bkg rejection,  $M_T(e\nu) < 60$  GeV;  $M_{e\tau} < 60$  GeV
  - neural net used to tighten  $\tau$  ID : don't consider 3-prong decays
  - use like sign distribution as background estimator



$$Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$$

(electron + hadronic mode)

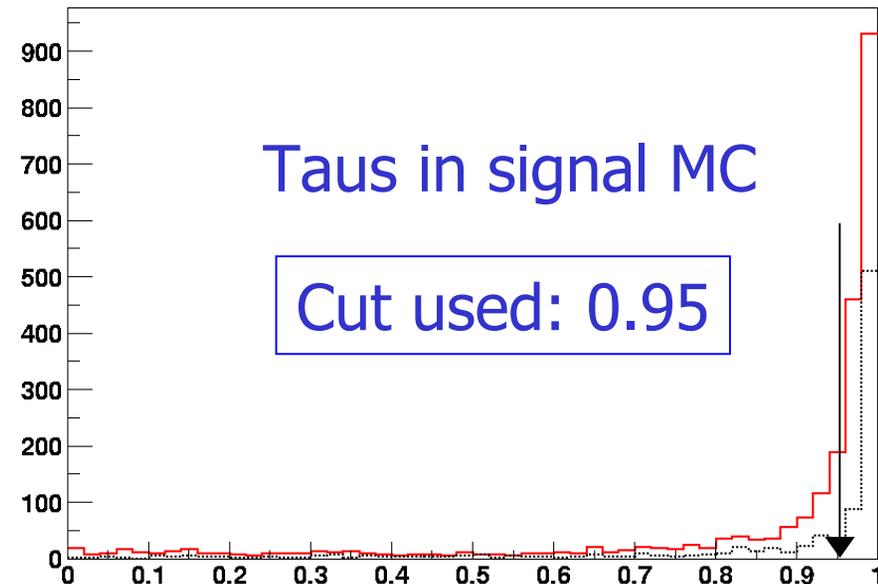
DØ Run II Preliminary



Neutral Net Outputs:  
Net 1 is for  $\tau \rightarrow \pi^\pm \nu$   
Net 2 is for  $\tau \rightarrow \pi^\pm \pi^0 \nu$

Neutral Net Variables:  
Net 1: EM12fr, ring iso, profile, trk iso, Et/pt  
Net 2: ring iso, profile, trk iso, Et/pt, e1e2, dalpha

DØ Run II Preliminary

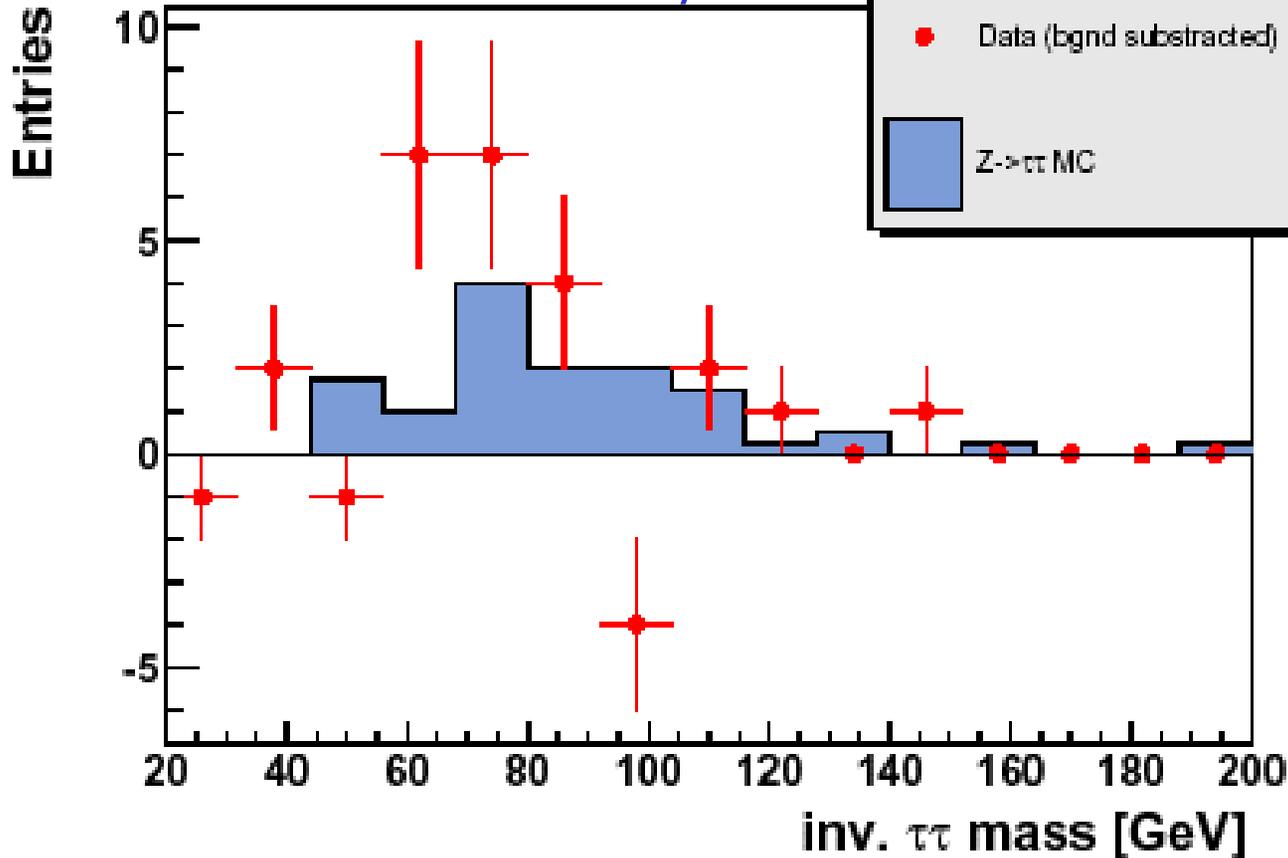




$$Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$$

(electron + hadronic mode)

DØ Run II Preliminary



Data:  
Opp sgn 49 evts  
Like sgn 35  
-----  
Diff  $14 \pm 9$   
Signal MC norm  
to 50 pb<sup>-1</sup>:  
 $13 \pm 4$

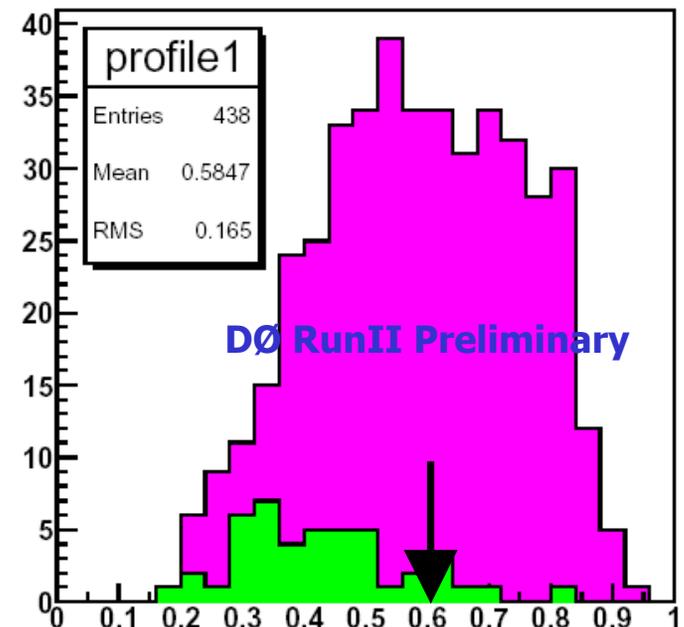
Distribution in invariant  $\tau\tau$  mass, calculated using collinear approximation, (opp sign - like sign)



$$Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$$

## (muon + hadronic mode)

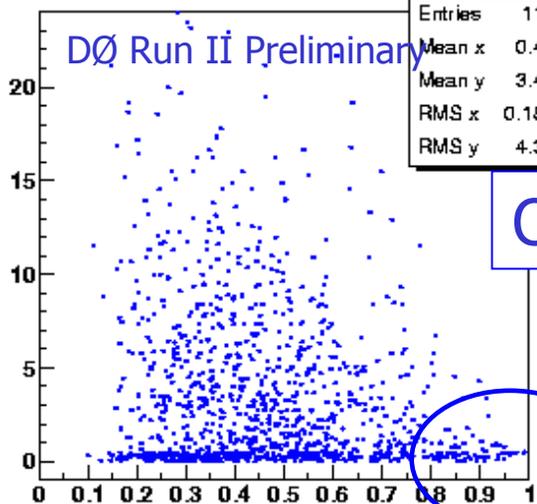
- Successive cuts to enhance tau signal, starting from single mu sample
  - central, isolated tight muon,  $p_T > 7\text{GeV}$ , and a jet flagged as a  $\tau$  candidate w/  $E_T > 7\text{GeV}$ , and the two objects with ( $\Delta\phi > 0.4$ )
  - increase  $\Delta\phi$  cut to 2.5, increase  $\tau E_T$  cut to 15 GeV, require isolated single trk matching  $\tau$
- $Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$  Monte Carlo
  - plot profile ( sum of two leading ET towers/total ET)
  - normalize low end of profile dist to obtain factor in QCD sample between opp and same sign: 1.04
- require profile  $> 0.6$





# $Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ (muon + hadronic mode)

profile vs iso e



prof_iso e1	
Entries	1141
Mean x	0.469
Mean y	3.409
RMS x	0.1864
RMS y	4.334

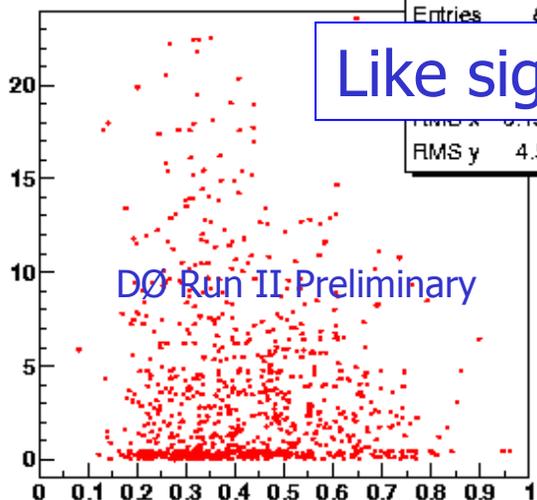
Opposite sign data

Plot isolation vs profile:

Isolation = Energy of trks, excl tau trk, in 0.7 cone  
Profile =  $E_{\text{trk}(1+2)}/E_{\text{tot}}$

*Enhancement at high profile*

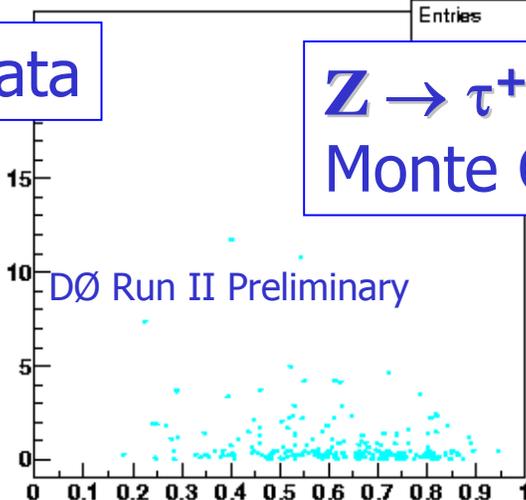
profile vs iso e



prof_iso e1	
Entries	860
Mean x	0.4812
RMS y	4.553

Like sign data

profile vs iso e



prof_iso e1	
Entries	210

$Z \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$   
Monte Carlo



# Analysis 1: Chargino/Neutralino Search

- **Model: mSUGRA,  $\tan \beta = 2, \mu < 0$ ; chargino/neutralino pair production with both decaying to leptons**
- **This analysis:  $2e + \text{lepton} + \cancel{E}_T$** 
  - **Triggers:  $2e$  - single and diEM triggers**
  - **Preselection: 2 EM objects with  $E_T > 7 \text{ GeV}$**
  - **Selection: EM ID;  $E_T(e_1) > 15 \text{ GeV}, E_T(e_2) > 10 \text{ GeV}$ , both w/ trk match;  
 $10 \text{ GeV} < M_{ee} < 70 \text{ GeV}; M_T(e) > 15 \text{ GeV};$   
3rd lepton requirement: add'l trk  $p_T > 5 \text{ GeV}$ , well isolated from other 2 leptons ( $0.4$  in  $\eta$  and  $\phi$ );  $\eta < 3$ ;  
 $\cancel{E}_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$**
  - **Background estimation: SM processes w/ real  $\cancel{E}_T$  from PYTHIA + full det sim; QCD bkg from data w/ inverted ID cuts**



## Chargino/Neutralino Search - cont'd

	Sum Bkg	Data
ID + kinem + trk	$3216 \pm 43$	3132
$10 < M_{ee} < 70$	$660 \pm 19$	721
$M_T > 15$	$96 \pm 8$	123
3rd trk	$3.2 \pm 2.3$	3
$ME_T > 15$	$0.0 \pm 1.4$	0

### Result for ee + lepton

- efficiency 3-6 % for 2 mSUGRA pts
- excludes  $(\sigma \times BR) = 3.5-2.2$  pb



## Analysis 2: GMSB SUSY Search

- **The model: Gauge-Mediated Symmetry Breaking SUSY with neutralino NLSP, characterized by  $\Lambda$ , the scale of SUSY breaking. Params used:  $M = 2 \Lambda$ ,  $N_5 = 1$ ,  $\tan \beta = 15$ ,  $\text{sign}(\mu)$  positive**
- **This analysis:  $2\gamma + \cancel{E}_T$** 
  - **3 Triggers: 1 or 2 EM objects ( $>97\%$  eff for  $2\gamma$  w/  $E_T > 20\text{GeV}$ )**
  - **Select 2 EM obj: central  $\eta$ , standard EM ID, no matched trks,  $E_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$**
  - **Topological and data quality cuts chosen to minimize QCD background and non-gaussian tails for  $\cancel{E}_T$** 
    - **no jets in InterCryostat region**
    - **leading jet and MET more than 2.5 radians apart**
  - **MET calculated using cells (cells in jets, for outer region)**

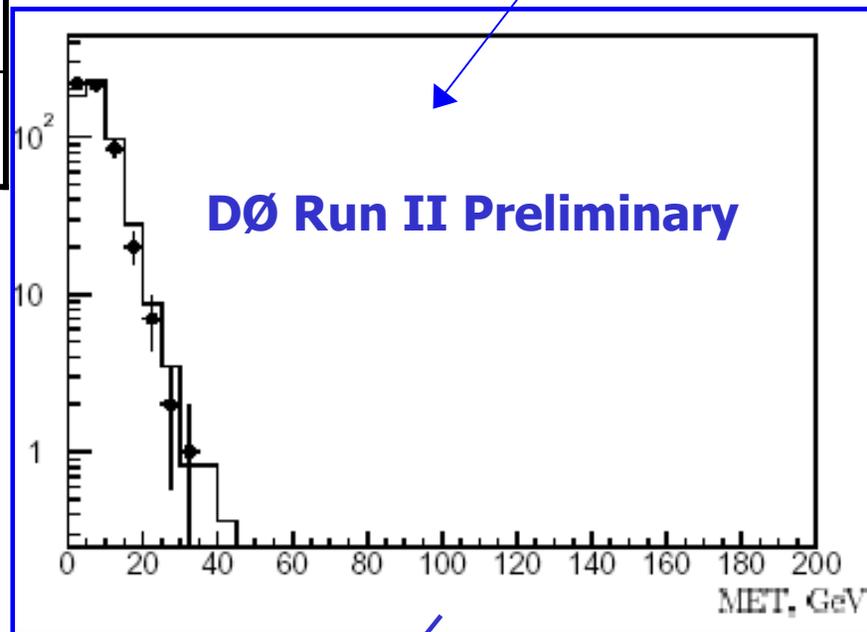


# GMSB SUSY Search - cont'd

Sample MET bin	QCD - dominated Data Sample	2 $\gamma$ data	QCD Data Sample Normalized
< 20	5841	535	Normalized to be equal
> 25	65	3	$6.0 \pm 0.8$
> 30	27	1	$2.5 \pm 0.5$
> 35	18	0	$1.6 \pm 0.4$

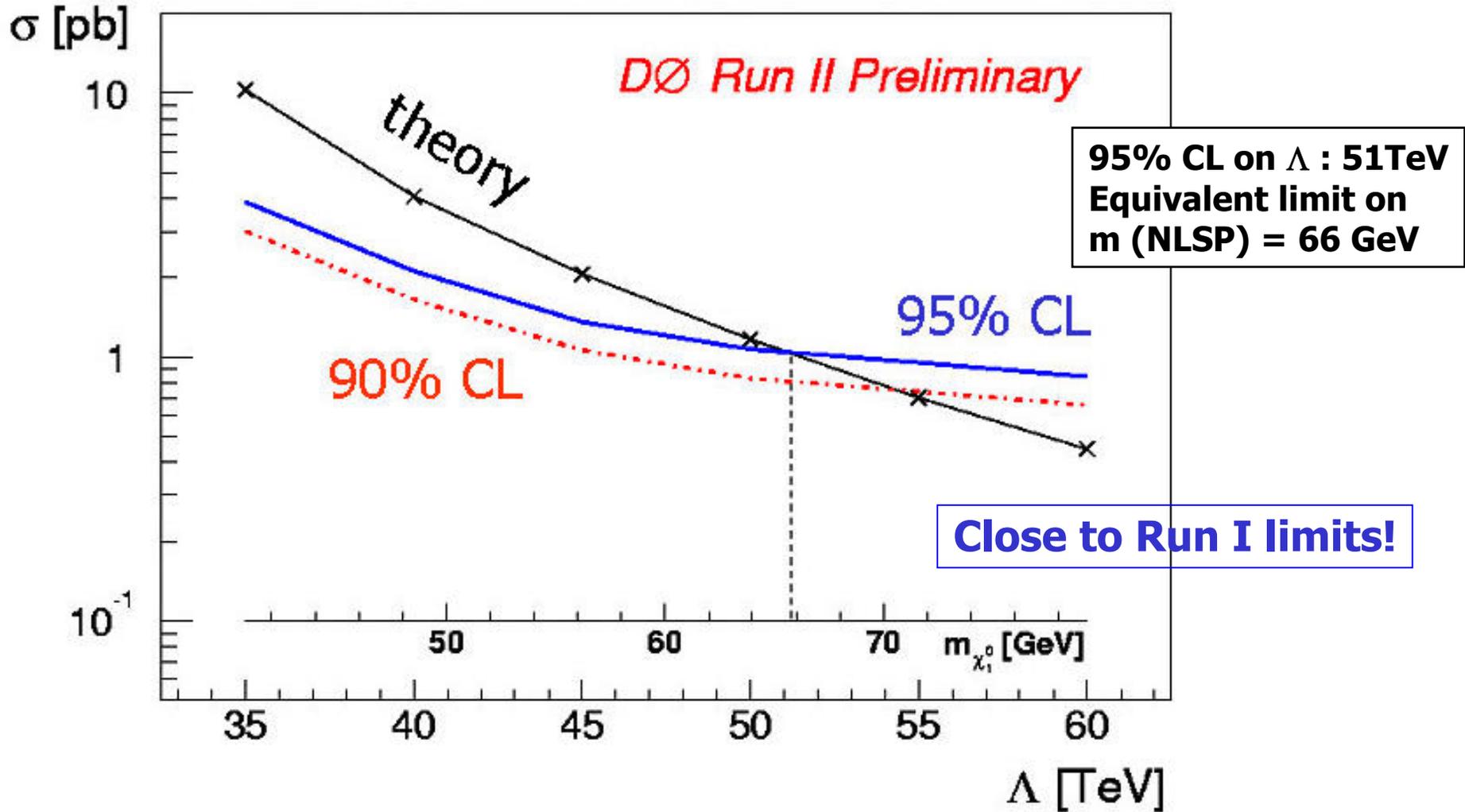
Missing  $E_T$  distribution of 2  $\gamma$  data (points) compared with normalized QCD background (hist)

QCD background sample obtained by inverting EM quality cuts





# GMSB SUSY Search - cont'd





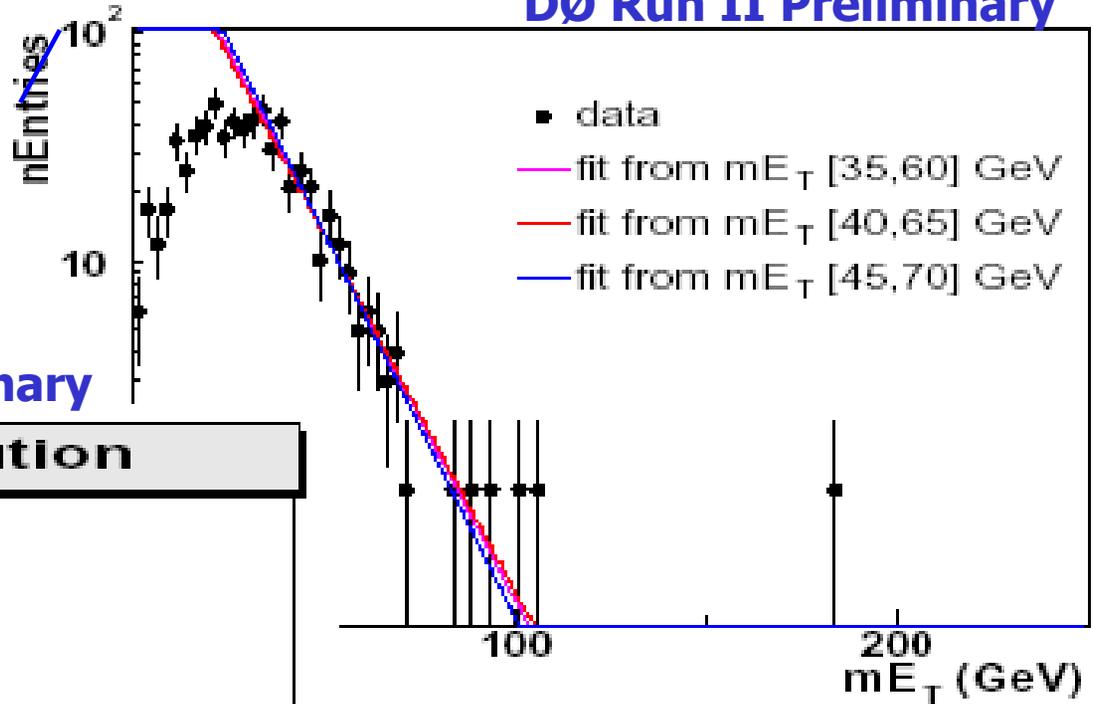
## Analysis 3: Jets + $\cancel{E}_T$ Search

- **Standard SUGRA, neutralino LSP**
- **Squark - gluino pair production; in particular, signal was estimated for sbottom pairs**
- **This analysis: 2 jets +  $\cancel{E}_T$** 
  - **Trigger: single, central high  $p_T$  jet  $> 65 \text{ GeV}$**
  - **ID: cone 0.7 jets,  $ME_T$  from cal towers, JES corrections**
  - **Selections: Jet quality cuts, electrons removed, angular separation cuts on 2 leading jets, and each of 3 leading jets with  $ME_T$ ; data quality cuts;  $p_T$  of leading jet  $> 100 \text{ GeV}$  (insures trigger eff)**
  - **Background estimations: PYTHIA-generated and fully simulated samples for physics backgrounds (real  $ME_T$ ), fit to low  $ME_T$  region for QCD background (mismeasured  $ME_T$ )**



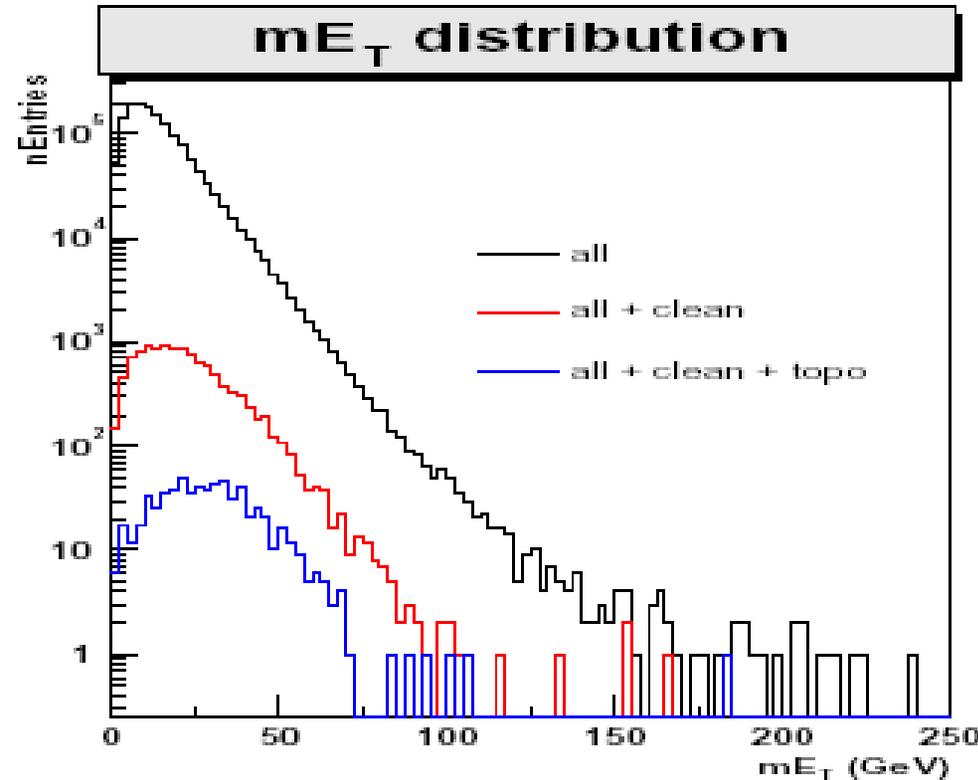
# Jets + $\cancel{E}_T$ Search - cont'd

DØ Run II Preliminary



DØ Run II Preliminary

$mE_T$  distribution



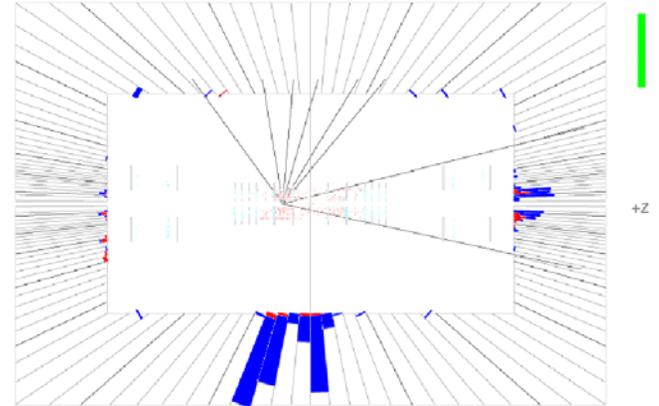


# Jets + $\cancel{E}_T$ Search

Run 149387 Event 443523 Tue Dec 17 00:13:29 2002

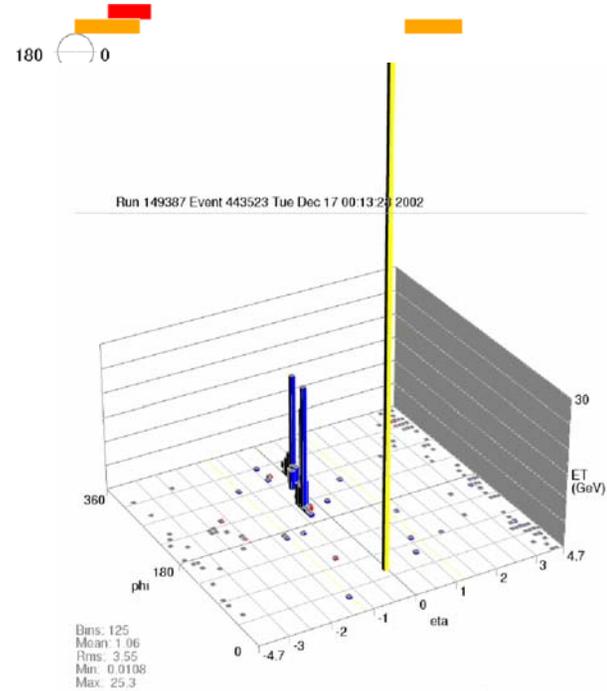
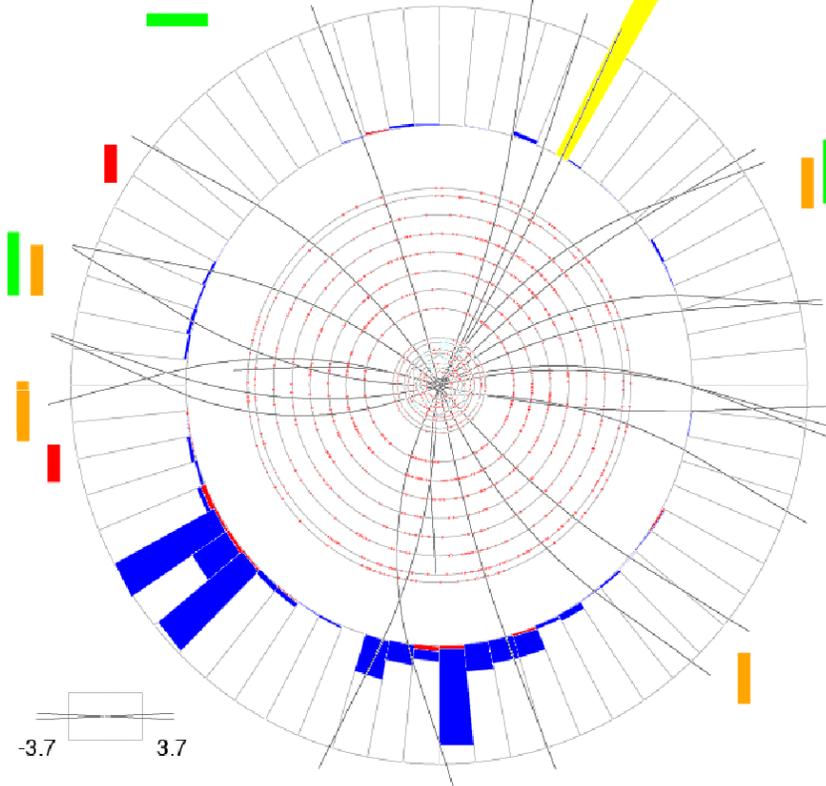
E scale: 37 GeV

## Views of the highest $\cancel{E}_T$ event



Run 149387 Event 443523 Tue Dec 17 00:13:31 2002

ET scale: 26 GeV



mE: 1.105  
phi\_T: 61.1 deg



# Jets + $\cancel{E}_T$ Search - cont'd

<b># evts</b> <b>ME<sub>T</sub></b> <b>bin</b>	<b>QCD fit</b>	<b>Total bkg</b>	<b>Data</b>	<b>95% CL <math>\epsilon \times \sigma</math> (pb)</b>
<b>&gt; 70 GeV</b>	<b><math>17.4 \pm 7.9 \pm 2.7</math></b>	<b><math>18.4 \pm 7.9 \pm 2.7</math></b>	<b>7</b>	<b>4.18</b>
<b>&gt; 80 GeV</b>	<b><math>8.5 \pm 5.0 \pm 1.7</math></b>	<b><math>9.5 \pm 5.0 \pm 1.7</math></b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3.76</b>
<b>&gt; 90 GeV</b>	<b><math>4.2 \pm 3.0 \pm 1.0</math></b>	<b><math>5.1 \pm 3.0 \pm 1.0</math></b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3.12</b>
<b>&gt; 100 GeV</b>	<b><math>2.0 \pm 1.7 \pm 0.6</math></b>	<b><math>2.7 \pm 1.7 \pm 0.6</math></b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2.69</b>

- Use result to set model-ind cross section limit for jets +  $\cancel{E}_T$



# Analysis 4: Limits on New Physics in $e \mu + X$ Channel

$\sim 30 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

- **Seek a channel with low background, high discovery potential and try to provide model-independent limit on NP cross section**
- **This analysis:  $e \mu + X$** 
  - **Trigger: 1 elec w/  $E_T > 10 \text{ GeV}$ , 1  $\mu$  w/  $\eta < 2$**
  - **Selection: muon ID'd with scint info, central trk match, isolation using both cal and trk info, cosmic veto. Electron ID'd w/ isolated EM cluster, trk match.  $p_T$  for  $e$  and  $\mu > 15 \text{ GeV}$**
  - **Background identification: misID probability measured from data; SM contributions from PYTHIA generation + full GEANT detector sim ( $WW, Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-, t\bar{t}$ )**

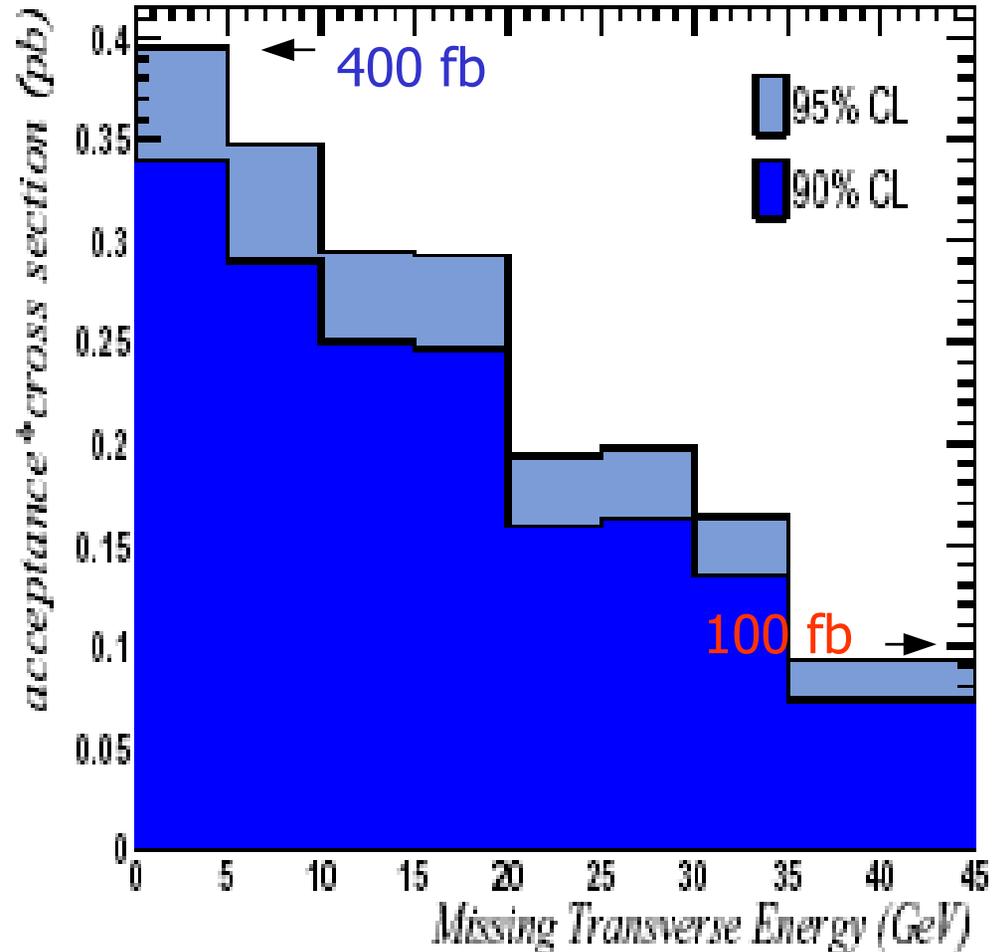


# Limits on New Physics in $e\mu + X$ Channel - cont'd

$\sim 50\% Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$

$E_T$ Cut	DATA	TOT BKG
$> 0$	13	$9.6 \pm 0.6$ $\pm 2.6$
$> 5$	10	$7.3 \pm 0.6$ $\pm 2.6$
$> 10$	7	$4.6 \pm 0.6$ $\pm 2.6$
$> 15$	6	$3.0 \pm 0.6$ $\pm 2.6$
$> 20$	3	$2.3 \pm 0.6$ $\pm 2.6$
$> 25$	3	$1.9 \pm 0.6$ $\pm 2.6$
$> 30$	2	$1.6 \pm 0.6$ $\pm 2.6$
$> 40$	0	$1.4 \pm 0.6$ $\pm 2.6$
$> 45$	0	$1.1 \pm 0.6$ $\pm 2.6$

Cross Section Limits vs  $E_T$  cut



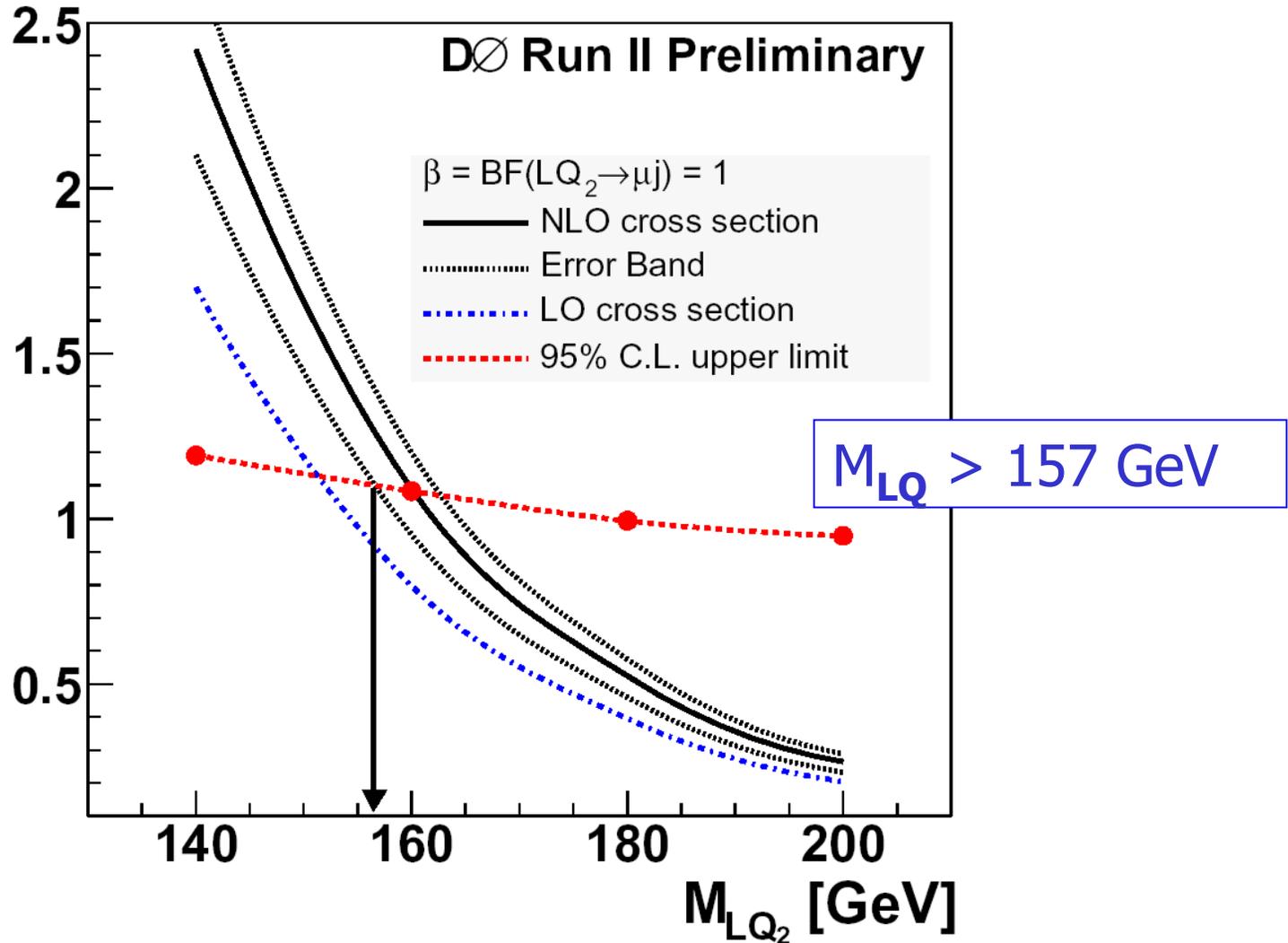


## Analysis 5: 2nd Generation Leptoquark Search

- **Model: Scalar LQ pair production, 100% BF to charged lepton**
- **This analysis:  $2\mu + 2\text{jets}$ , no  $E_T$** 
  - **Trigger: 2  $\mu$  at Level 1, 1  $\mu$  at Level 2, no further rejection at Level 3**
  - **Preselection: 2 isolated (use both cal & trk info)  $\mu$ 's (central trk match, minimal req on # hits in muon sys),  $p_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$ , opp charge,  $\mu\mu$  mass  $> 60 \text{ GeV}$**
  - **Compare w/ leading order simulation for D-Y; correct for observed jet multiplicity in  $\mu\mu$  mass window [60-110GeV]**
  - **LQ sample selection: require 2 cone 0.5 jets,  $E_T > 20\text{GeV}$ ,  $\eta < 2.4$ , standard jet ID,  $\mu\mu$  mass  $> 110 \text{ GeV}$**



# 2nd Generation Leptoquark Search - cont'd

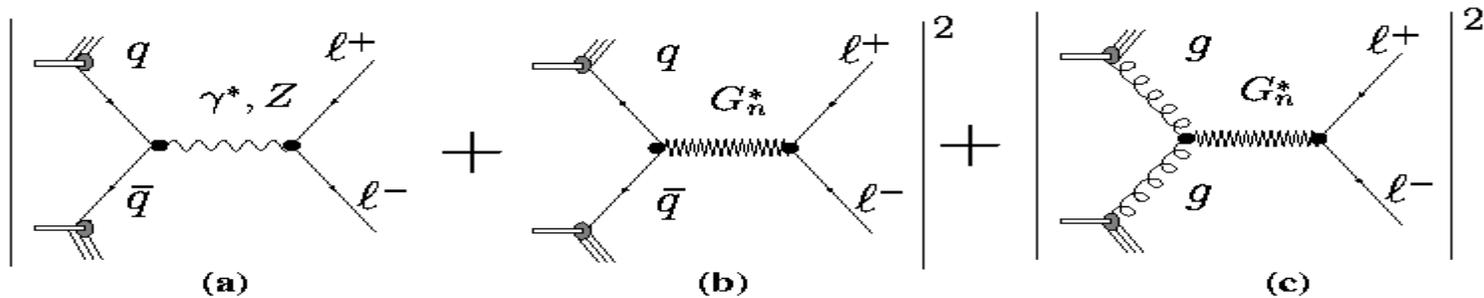




# Analysis 6: Large Extra Dimensions Search w/ Electrons and Photons

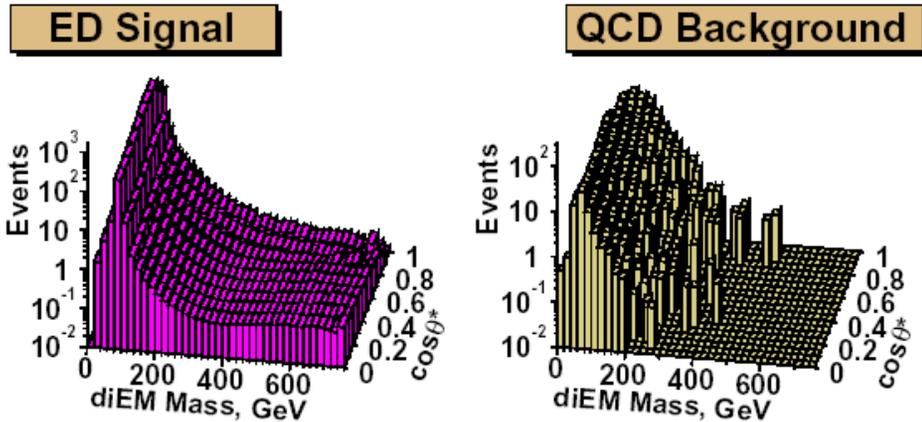
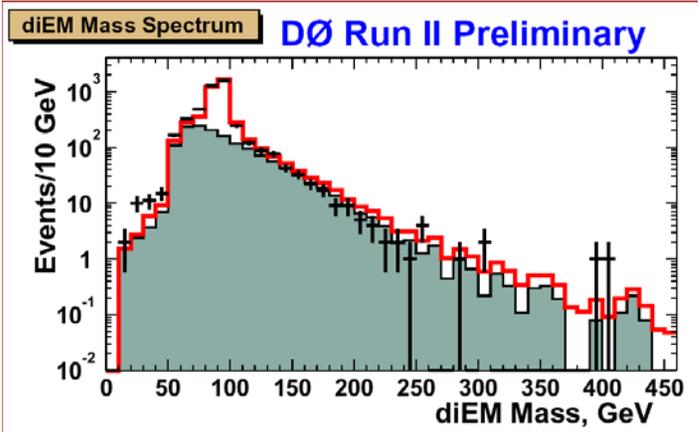
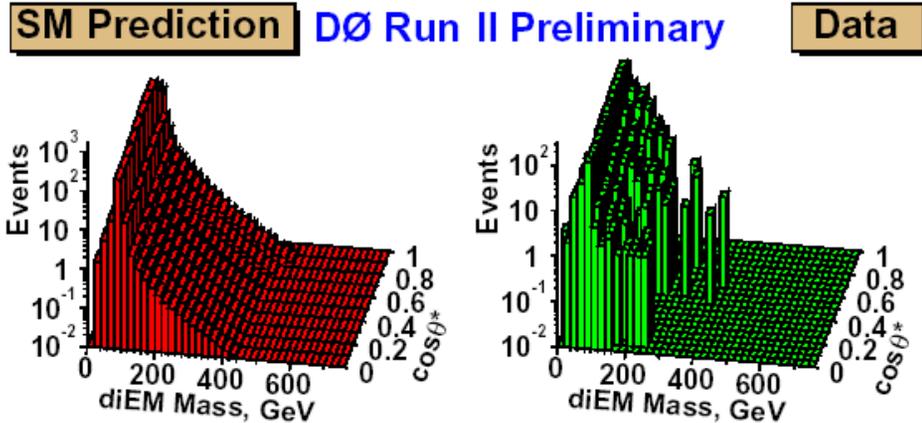
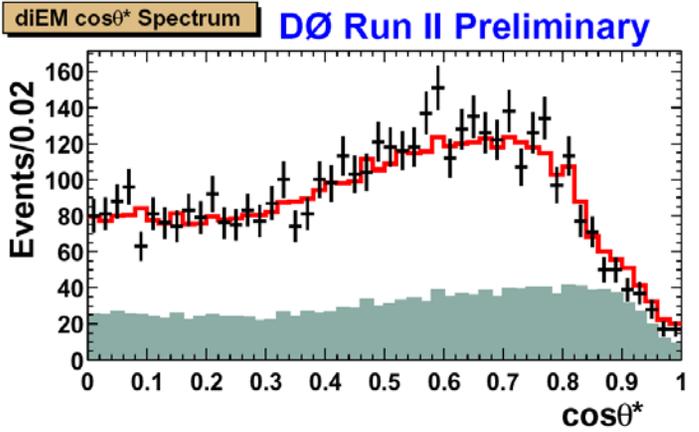
$\sim 50 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

- Model framework: string theory w/ SM restricted to D3-brane, gravity propagating in extra dim's. Signature arises from virtual graviton diagrams contributing to dilepton and diboson production. (Figure below)
- This analysis: ee and  $\gamma\gamma$  channels combined
  - Triggers: single or di-EM triggers
  - Selection:  $E_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$  for both EM objs,  $\cancel{E}_T < 25 \text{ GeV}$ , EM quality and data quality cuts.
  - Background estimation: fast MC for D-Y and diphoton production, estimate from data for misID background





# Large Extra Dimensions Search w/ Electrons and Photons - cont'd



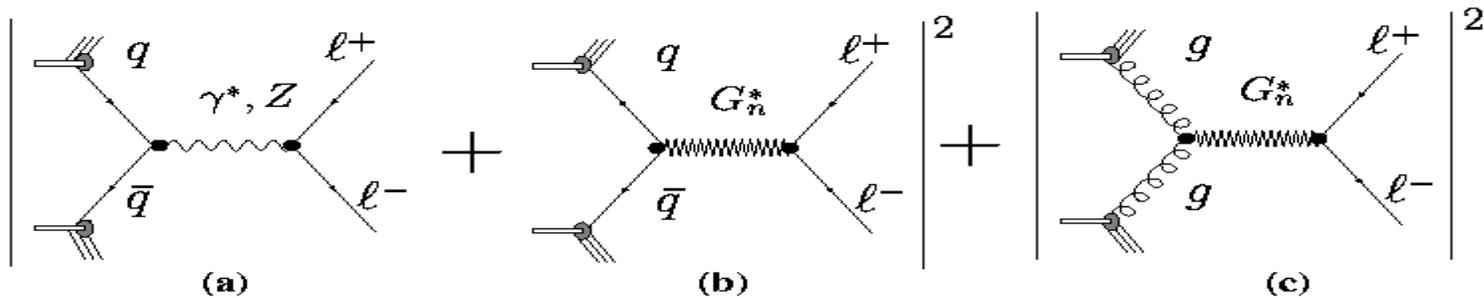
Fit to 2-D distributions to extract SM, interference, and direct gravity terms; use topologies w/ at least 1 EM obj in central calorimeter



# Analysis 7: Large Extra Dimensions Search w/ Muons

New Channel!

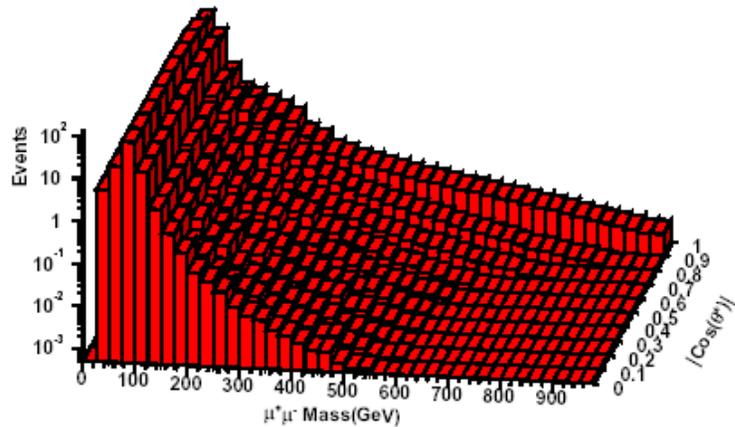
- Model framework: same as LED/EM search
- This analysis:  $\mu\mu$  channel
  - Trigger: 2  $\mu$  at Level 1, 1  $\mu$  at Level 2, no further rejection at Level 3 (fully eff for kinematic cuts used)
  - Selection: 2  $\mu$  w/ cent trk match,  $p_T > 15$  GeV, cosmics removed, iso using cal and trk info,  $M_{\mu\mu} > 40$  GeV (~1200 events)
  - Background estimation: fast MC for D-Y production, estimate from data for misID background



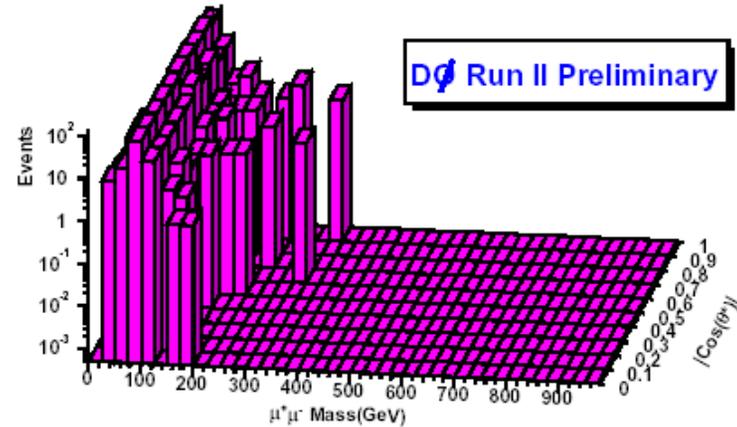


# Large Extra Dimensions Search w/ Muons - cont'd

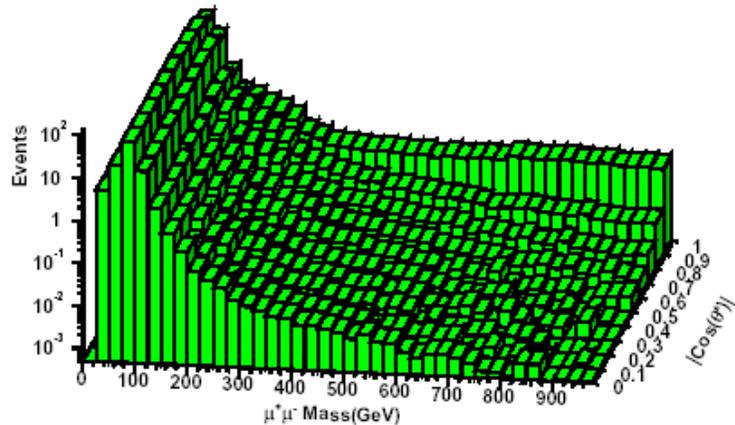
Standard Model Monte Carlo



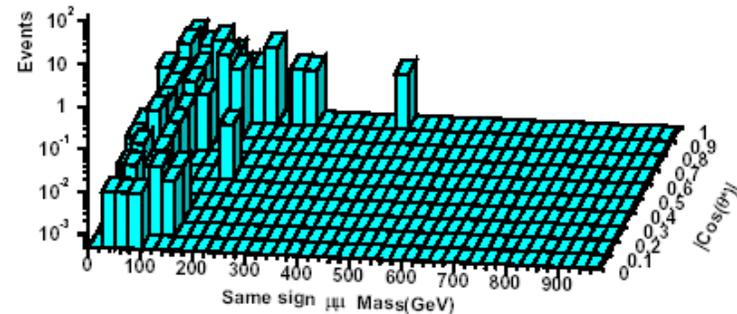
Data



SM + ED terms ( $\eta_G = 3.0 \text{ TeV}^{-4}$ )



Data: Same Sign Background





# Large Extra Dimensions Searches - Results

- **Fit value of  $\eta_G$  : expected to be zero in SM**

$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dMdcos\vartheta} = f_{SM} + f_{int}\eta_G + f_{KK}\eta_G^2 \quad \text{where} \quad \eta_G = F/M_s^{-4}$$

**di-EM analysis:  $\eta_G = 0.0 \pm 0.27 \text{ TeV}^{-4}$**

**di- $\mu$  analysis:  $\eta_G = 0.02 \pm 1.35 \text{ TeV}^{-4}$**

- **Extract 95% CL upper limits on  $\eta_G$**
- **Translate to 95% CL *lower* limits on Planck scale  $M_s$ , in TeV, using different assumptions about F**

	GRW	HLZ for n=:		Hewett
		2	7	$\lambda = +1$
<b>diEM</b>	<b>1.12</b>	<b>1.16</b>	<b>0.89</b>	<b>1.00</b>
<b>diMU</b>	<b>0.79</b>	<b>0.68</b>	<b>0.63</b>	<b>0.71</b>

diEM limit close to Run I  
 di $\mu$  limit new channel



# Conclusions

- **DØ continues to pursue searches for New Phenomena vigorously, including new search channels (LED w/  $2\mu$ ).**
- **DØ's search reach and capabilities are expanding, as we add, for example,  $\tau$  ID. More luminosity will very soon take us beyond Run I.**
- **We anticipate with excitement the rise of the discovery potential as Run II 's dataset accumulates**